

CAPITAL INDIA CORP PRIVATE LIMITED

3RD ANNUAL REPORT

2023 - 24

BOARD'S REPORT

To, The Members, Capital India Corp Private Limited ("Company")

Your Directors are pleased to present the 3rd (Third) Annual Report of the Company together with the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended on March 31, 2024 ("**FY 2023-24**" or "**period under review**").

1. FINANCIAL RESULTS

The Company's financial performance for the period under review is given hereunder:

		(Amount in INR Lakhs)
Particulars	for the Financial Year	for the Financial Year
	2023-24	2022-23
Total Income	913.85	7,589.40
Total Expenditure	356.91	422.19
Profit/(Loss) before tax	557.60	7,167.21
Tax Expense (including Deferred Tax)	365.65	750.15
Profit/(Loss) after tax	191.95	6,417.05

2. STATE OF COMPANY'S AFFAIRS AND FUTURE OUTLOOK

The Company is primarily a holding company, holding investments in its subsidiaries and other group companies and carries out only such activities, including advising and/or management of funds in its group Companies, as are permitted under the Master Direction – Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 ("**Directions**") issued by the RBI for CIC, from time to time.

The Company is registered as a Non-Banking Financial Core-Investment-Company, with the Reserve Bank of India ("**RBI**") vide the Certificate of Registration ("**CoR**") dated November 13, 2023, issued by the RBI.

Further, during the period under review, the Company's total income stood at INR 913.85 Lakhs and the Company has earned a Profit after tax of INR 191.95 Lakhs.

3. AMOUNT TRANSFERRED TO RESERVES

For the financial year ended on March 31, 2024, an amount of INR 38.39 Lakhs was transferred to Special Reserve Account in terms of Section 45-IC of the RBI Act.

Except as mentioned above, no amount was transferred to any reserve by the Company during the period under review.

4. <u>DIVIDEND</u>

With a view to reduce the Company's borrowings, the Board of Directors has decided not to recommend any dividend for the period under review.

5. SHARE CAPITAL

During the period under review, there was no change in the capital structure of the Company. As on March 31, 2024, the Capital structure of the Company stands as follows:

Particulars	Details
Authorised Share Capital	INR 5,06,06,060 (Indian Rupees Five Crores Six Lakhs Six Thousand Sixty only) divided into 50,60,606 (Fifty Lakhs Sixty Thousand Six Hundred Six) Equity Shares having face value of INR 10 (Indian Rupees Ten only) each.
Paid-up Share Capital	INR 5,06,06,060 (Indian Rupees Five Crores Six Lakhs Six Thousand Sixty only) divided into 50,60,606 (Fifty Lakhs Sixty Thousand Six Hundred Six) Equity Shares having face value of INR 10 (Indian Rupees Ten only) each.

6. **DEBENTURES**

During the period under review, the Company has not issued/allotted/redeemed any new debentures. As on March 31, 2024, the following OCDs are outstanding:

S. No.	Name of Debenture Holder	No. of OCDs	Face Value (INR)	Amount (INR)	
1	Trident Buildtech Private Limited	36,511	1,00,000	3,65,11,00,000	

7. DETAILS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY, JOINT VENTURE OR ASSOCIATE COMPANY(IES)

As on March 31, 2024, below are the subsidiaries/step-down subsidiaries of the Company:

S. No.	Name of the Company	Nature of Relation
1.	Capital India Finance Limited ("CIFL")	
2.	Credenc Web Technologies Private Limited	Subsidiary
3.	Yellow Whale Technologies Private Limited	
4.	Capital India Wealth Management Private Limited	Wholly Owned Subsidiery
5.	CIFL Holdings Private Limited	Wholly-Owned Subsidiary
6.	Capital India Home Loans Limited	
7.	Capital India Asset Management Private Limited	Step-Down Subsidiary through CIFL
8.	Rapipay Fintech Private Limited ("RFPL") *	
9.	Kuants Wealth Private Limited	Stop Down subsidiary though RED
10.	NYE Insurance Broking Private Limited	Step-Down subsidiary though RFPL

* RFPL is also an Associate of the Company.

The Company does not have any Joint Venture or other Associate (except as mentioned above) pursuant to the provisions of Section 2(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

As required under Rule 8 (1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the Board's Report has been prepared on Standalone Financial Statements basis. A report on the performance and financial position of each of the Company's Subsidiary as per Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act"), read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, in the prescribed form AOC-1 is attached as 'Annexure I' to the Board's Report.

8. DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

The composition of the Board is governed by the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the rules made thereunder. As on March 31, 2024, below is the composition of Board of Directors of the Company:

S. No.	Name of Director	Designation
1.	Mr. Sumit Kumar Narvar	Chairman and Managing Director
2.	Mr. Keshav Porwal	Non-Executive Director

3.	Mr. Deepak Vaswan	Non-Executive Director

On the basis of declaration received from the Directors and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the Directors are disqualified from being appointed as or holding office of Director as stipulated in Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Company was not required to appoint any Key Managerial Personnel under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 during the period under review.

Particulars of employees receiving remuneration more than the limit prescribed

The provisions and disclosures required under Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(2) & (3) of the Companies (Appointment & Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 are not applicable to the Company.

9. MEETINGS

i) BOARD MEETING

During the period under review, 9 (nine) Board Meetings were held and the intervening gap between the meetings were within the period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013. The details regarding the Board Meetings and the attendance of the Directors in the Board Meetings, during the period under review, are given in the Corporate Governance section of the Board Report.

ii) GENERAL MEETING

During the period under review, the Annual General Meeting of the shareholders of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2023, was held on September 29, 2023.

10. STATUTORY AUDITORS

M/s. AVK & Associates, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 02638N) was appointed as the Statutory Auditors of the Company for a period of 5 (Five) consecutive years, to hold the office from the conclusion of 01st Annual General Meeting of the Company up to the conclusion of 06th Annual General Meeting.

The Auditor's Report submitted by the Statutory Auditors of the Company, for the period under review, does not contain any qualification, reservation, adverse remark or disclaimer.

11. CHANGE IN NATURE OF BUSINESS

During the period under review, there has been no change in the nature of business of the Company.

12. PUBLIC DEPOSITS

The Company did not accept any public deposits during the period under review. Therefore, the disclosures required under the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed thereunder are not applicable.

13. <u>PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS UNDER SECTION 186 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013</u>

The particulars of loans, guarantees and investments as per Section 186 of the Act, made by the Company, have been disclosed in the financial statements.

14. COST RECORDS

The provisions of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, are not applicable to the Company for the period under review.

15. ANNUAL RETURN

Pursuant to Section 92(3) and Section 134 of the Act read with Rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, the Annual Return of the Company as on March 31, 2024 will be available on the website of the Company at <u>www.capitalindiacorp.com</u>.

16. SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

The provisions of the Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, are not applicable to the Company for the period under review.

17. INTERNAL AUDIT & INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

The provisions of Section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, are not applicable to the Company for the period under review.

Further, your Company has an adequate internal controls system, which is commensurate with the size and nature of its business. The primary objective of the internal control system is to ensure that the operations are being run effectively and efficiently to prevent any revenue leakage, that all its assets are safeguarded and protected.

18. <u>MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENT IF ANY AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY OCCURRED BETWEEN THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR TO WHICH THESE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS RELATE AND THE DATE OF THE REPORT</u>

There were no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company which occurred between the end of financial year to which these financial statements related and the date of this report.

19. PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH THE RELATED PARTIES

None of the transactions with related party(ies) comes within the ambit of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, the particulars of the transactions in Form AOC - 2 of the rules prescribed under the Companies (Account) Rules, 2014 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable.

20. <u>CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS</u> <u>AND OUTGO</u>

- a. The activities of the Company are not energy intensive as the Company is not engaged in any manufacturing activity.
- b. No technology has been developed and / or imported by way of foreign collaboration.
- c. During the year, the Company had "NIL" foreign exchange earnings and outgo.

21. RISK MANAGEMENT

In today's economic environment, Risk Management is a very important part of business. The main aim of risk management is to identify, monitor and take precautionary measures in respect of the events that may pose

risks for the business. The Company has in place a mechanism to identify, assess, monitor and mitigate various risks to key business objectives. Major risks i.e., competition, legal changes, change in Government policies, availability of finance, manpower as identified by the Company are systematically addressed through mitigating actions on a continuing basis.

22. DECLARATION BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

The provisions of Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder, relating to appointment of Independent Directors are not applicable to the Company.

23. AUDIT COMMITTEE

The provisions of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rules made thereunder, relating to constitution of Audit Committee, are not applicable to the Company.

24. NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rules made thereunder, relating to constitution of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee, are not applicable to the Company.

25. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY COMMITTEE

In compliance with the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, your Company constituted a Corporate Social Responsibility ("**CSR**") Committee. The Board of Directors laid down the CSR Policy, covering the objectives, focus areas, governance structure and monitoring & reporting framework among others.

Details of the composition of CSR Committee and other relevant details have been provided in the Corporate Governance Report. The CSR Policy is placed on the website of the Company at <u>https://capitalindiacorp.com</u> and a brief outline of the policy and the Annual Report on CSR activities is attached herewith as '**Annexure I**' of this report in the format prescribed in the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014.

26. VIGIL MECHANISM / WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY

The provisions of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 regarding vigil mechanism, are not applicable to the Company.

27. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

A detailed Report on Corporate Governance for the financial year 2023-24, pursuant to the Master Direction - Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 read with Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company – Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023, and other applicable laws on compliance with the conditions of good Corporate Governance is annexed to this report.

28. MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

As required under the Master Direction - Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 read with Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company – Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023, the Management Discussion and Analysis Report is forming a part of this Annual Report.

29. <u>DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT & MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS OR</u> <u>TRIBUNAL</u>

There has been no order passed by any authority which impacts the going concern status and Company's operations in future.

30. SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE

During the period under review, there were no women employees in the Company. Hence, no such information on the sexual harassment is being reported.

31. <u>DETAILS IN RESPECT OF FRAUDS, IF ANY, REPORTED BY AUDITORS' UNDER SECTION 143 (12) OF</u> <u>THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013</u>

There was no fraud reported by the Auditors' of the Company under Section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the Board of Directors during the period under review.

32. DIRECTORS RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

The Board of Directors acknowledges the responsibility for ensuring compliance with the provisions of Section 134(3)(c) read with Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, in preparation of the Financial Statements for the financial year ended on March 31, 2024, and state that:

- a. in the preparation of annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- the Directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit and loss of the Company for that period;
- c. the Directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d. the Directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- e. the Directors, had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively; and
- f. the Directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

Your Company has in place adequate internal financial controls with reference to the Financial Statements. During the year, such controls were tested and no reportable material weakness(es) in the designs or operations were observed.

33. GENERAL DISCLOSURE

Your Directors states that no disclosure or reporting is required in respect of the following items, during the period under review:

- a) The Company has not bought back any of its securities;
- b) The Company has not issued any bonus shares;
- c) The Company has not issued any sweat equity shares;
- d) The Company has not issued equity shares with differential rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise;
- e) The provisions of Section 125 of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to the Company;
- f) There was no revision in the financial statements of the Company;

- g) There was no application made or any proceeding pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016, and
- h) During the financial year 2023-24, there was no instance of one-time settlement with Banks or Financial Institutions. Therefore, as per rule 8(5)(xii) of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, reasons of difference in the valuation at the time of one-time settlement and valuation done while taking loan from the Banks or Financial Institutions are not reported.

34. STATEMENT ON COMPLIANCES OF APPLICABLE SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

Your Company has devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable Secretarial Standards and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

35. COMPLIANCE WITH THE REGULATIONS ISSUED BY THE RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

The Company continues to fulfill the norms and standards laid down under the Master Directions and the other applicable regulations issued by the Reserve Bank of India, from time to time.

36. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Your Directors place on record their sincere thanks to bankers, business associates and consultants for their continued support extended to your Companies during the year under review.

By order and on behalf of the Board Capital India Corp Private Limited

Date : June 29, 2024 Place : New Delhi Sumit Kumar Narvar Chairman & Managing Director DIN: 02045194 Deepak Vaswan Non-Executive Director DIN: 07814811

Form AOC-1 (Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of Section 129 of the Act read with Rule 5 of Companies(Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries/ associate companies/ joint ventures for the year ended March 31, 2024

Part-A: Subsidiaries

(INR in Lakhs)

					Name	of Subsidiary co	mpanies@				
S. No.	Particulars	Capital India Finance Limited	Capital India Wealth Management Private Limited	CIFL Holdings Private Limited	Yellow Whale Technologies Private Limited	Credenc Web Technologies Private Limited	Capital India Home Loans Limited ^s	Capital India Asset Management Private Limited ^s	Rapipay Fintech Private Limited ^s	NYE Investech Private Limited*	NYE Insurance Broking Private Limited*
1	The date since when the subsidiary was acquired	December 11, 2017	December 23, 2021	December 23, 2021	January 17, 2023	August 19, 2021	August 11, 2017	September 12, 2017	September 21, 2019	April 14, 2022	June 01, 2022
2	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	Not Applicable									
3	Reporting currency and exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries.						6				
4	Share Capital (Paid – up)	7,773.43	5.00	5.00	2.00	1,211.08	15,516.00	7.00	3,970.72	486.11	75.00
5	Reserves & surplus	52,880.75	(4.23)	(4.26)	(2,88.78)	(3,799.40)	(989.63)	(4.86)	4,029.33	377.16	0.12
6	Total Assets	1,24,345.76	0.95	0.92	98.13	588.77	47,163.16	2.31	26,013.24	907.45	76.67
7	Total Liabilities	63,691.58	0.18	0.18	3,84.91	3,177.09	32,636.79	0.17	18,013.19	44.18	1.55
8	Investments	17,643.51	-	-	-	-	954.15	-	2,365.60	-	-
9	Turnover	19,466.34	0.15	-	29.16	108.26	6,712.05	-	42,723.75	6.66	4.60
10	Profit before tax	2,744.56	(0.41)	(0.44)	(43.37)	(2,120.00)	150.33	(0.65)	(3,739.72)	(58.36)	3.14
11	Provision for tax	7,34.29	-	-	-	-	26.60	-	11.06	-	0.79
12	Profit after tax	2,010.27	(0.41)	(0.44)	(43.37)	(2,120.00)	123.73	(0.65)	(3,750.79)	(58.36)	2.35
13	Proposed dividend	77.73	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	% of shareholding	73.04	99.99	99.99	78.00	77.11	99.89	100.00	52.50	52.50*	52.50*

Annexure I

[®]Capital India Corp Private Limited ("**Company**") was converted to Private Limited Company from Limited Liability Partnership ("**LLP**") w.e.f. March 14, 2022, though the LLP held shares directly / in-directly in the aforementioned Companies, but, there is no concept of holding/subsidiary in LLP Act, 2008, hence the date of acquisition mentioned hereinabove is the date, since when the LLP held shares in the aforesaid Companies.
§Held through Capital India Finance Limited
*Held through Rapipay Fintech Private Limited

Note:

- 1. Names of subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations: NYE Insurance Broking Private Limited
- 2. Names of subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year: Nil

Part B: Associates & Joint Ventures: Rapipay Fintech Private Limited is also an Associate of the Company

By order and on behalf of the Board Capital India Corp Private Limited

Date : June 29, 2024 Place : New Delhi Sumit Kumar Narvar Chairman & Managing Director DIN: 02045194 Deepak Vaswan Non-Executive Director DIN: 06706341

Annexure II

Annual Report on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Activities of the Company for the financial year 2023-24

1. Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company:

Capital India Corp Private Limited has a Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Policy in accordance with the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 (CSR Rules), as amended from time to time, which outlines the Company's CSR objectives and its implementation.

The Company is a socially responsible organization which aims to create an empowered, equitable, and sustainable ecosystem. We truly believe that a nation only progresses when all the strata of its society, and all the forces in its environment live together in harmony.

Through our philanthropic arm **ATULYA FOUNDATION**, we reach out to the last mile communities and act as a catalyst in providing access to services & opportunities that help these communities live a prosperous life in a sustainable manner. Our focus areas are- Education, Livelihood, Rural development, Health & Hygiene, Sustainable Environment and Disaster Response.

2. Composition of CSR Committee:

S. No.	Name of Director	Designation / Nature of Directorship	0	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1.	Mr. Sumit Kumar Narvar	Chairman	1	1
2.	Mr. Keshav Porwal	Member	1	1
3.	Mr. Deepak Vaswan	Member	1	1

- 3. Provide the web-link(s) where Composition of CSR Committee, CSR Policy and CSR Projects approved by the board are disclosed on the website of the company.
 - a. CSR Policy: <u>https://capitalindiacorp.com</u>
 - b. CSR Projects approved: https://capitalindiacorp.com
 - c. Current Composition of CSR Committee: https://www.capitalindiacorp.com
- 4. Provide the executive summary along with web-link(s) of Impact Assessment of CSR Projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8, if applicable: Not Applicable

5.

- a) Average net profit of the company as per sub-section (5) of section 135: INR 3,308.98 Lakhs
- b) Two percent of average net profit of the company as per sub-section (5) of section 135: INR 66.18 Lakhs
- c) Surplus arising out of the CSR Projects or programs or activities of the previous financial years: Nil
- d) Amount required to be set-off for the financial year, if any: Nil
- e) Total CSR obligation for the financial year [(b)+(c)-(d)]: INR 66.18 Lakhs

6.

a) Amount spent on CSR Projects (both Ongoing Project and other than Ongoing Project): INR 66.20 Lakhs

- b) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads: NIL
- c) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable: NA
- d) Total amount spent for the Financial Year [(a)+(b)+(c)]: INR 66.20 Lakhs
- e) CSR amount spent or unspent for the Financial Year:

	Amount Unspent (in INR)					
Total Amount Spent for the Financial Year	Unspent CSR	transferred to Account as per) of section 135	Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso to sub-section (5) of section 135			
(in INR)	Amount	Date of	Name of the	Amount	Date of	
		transfer	Fund		transfer	
66.20 Lakhs	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	

f) Excess amount for set-off, if any:

S. No.	Particular	Amount (in INR Lakhs)
(1)	(2)	(3)
(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per sub- section (5) of section 135	66.18
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	66.20
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the Financial Year [(ii)-(i)]	0.02
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous Financial Years, if any	Nil
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding Financial Years [(iii)- (iv)]	0.02

7. Details of Unspent Corporate Social Responsibility amount for the preceding three Financial Years:

SI. No.	Preceding Financial Year(s)	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account under sub-section (6) of section 135 (in INR)	Balance Amount in Unspent CSR Account under sub- section (6) of section 135 (in INR)	Amount Spent in the Financial Year (in INR)	to a F specific Schedule second sub-sec	ransferred und as ed under oroviso to tion (5) of 135, if any Date of Transfer	Amount remainin g to be spent in succeedi ng Financial Years (in INR)	Deficien cy, if any
1	FY-1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2	FY-2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
3	FY-3	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

- 8. Whether any capital assets have been created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount spent in the Financial Year:
 - 🗌 Yes 🗹 No

If Yes, enter the number of Capital assets created/ acquired

Details relating to such asset(s) so created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount spent in the Financial Year:

S. No.	Short particulars of the property or asset(s) [including complete address and location of the property]	Pincode of the property or asset(s)	creation	Amount of CSR amount spent	Details of entity/ Authority/ beneficiary of the registered owner		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	CSR Registration Number, if applicable	Registration a	
			N.A.				

Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per subsection (5) of Section 135: N.A.

By order and on behalf of the Board Capital India Corp Private Limited

Sumit Kumar Narvar Chairman & Managing Director and Chairman of CSR Committee DIN: 02045194

Date : June 29, 2024 Place : New Delhi

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

for the financial year 2023-24

A. <u>Corporate Governance Philosophy</u>

Capital India Corp Private Limited ("**Company**") believes in and adhere to good and effective corporate governance practices which constitutes the strong foundation, on which successful commercial enterprises are built to last. The Company's philosophy on corporate governance superintends business strategies and ensures accountability, ethical corporate behavior and fairness to all stakeholders comprising regulators, employees, customers, vendors, investors and the society at large.

The Company believes that governance practices enable the Management to direct and control the affairs of the Company in an efficient manner and to achieve the Company's goal of maximizing value for all its stakeholders. The Company will continue to focus its resources, strengths and strategies to achieve its vision of becoming a leading Company in its sector in India.

The Guidelines shall ensure that the Company acts in accordance with the highest standards of Corporate Governance in all its activities and that the affairs of the Company are conducted with integrity, fairness, accountability and transparency.

The Company is in compliance with the provisions of Corporate Governance as specified under the Master Direction – Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 of the Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company – Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023 (hereinafter referred to as the "**Regulations**") and other applicable laws.

B. Board of Directors

The Company is managed and controlled through a professional and qualified Board of Directors ("**Board**"). The Board plays a pivotal role in overseeing and protecting the long-term interest of the stakeholders of the Company. The Board provides leadership, strategic guidance, objective and independent views to the Company's management while discharging its fiduciary responsibilities and ensures high standards of ethics, transparency and disclosures.

The composition of the Board is in conformity with the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder (hereinafter referred to as the "**Act**"). As on March 31, 2024, the Board of the Company has 3 (Three) Directors, comprising of 1 (One) Executive Director and 2 (Two) Non-Executive Directors.

During the period under review, 9 (nine) meetings of the Board were held on April 22, 2023, August 01, 2023, August 24, 2023, October 18, 2023, October 26, 2023, November 30, 2023, January 02, 2024, March 20, 2024, and March 30, 2024.

The Composition of the Board, attendance at the meetings of the Board along-with remuneration of the Directors as on March 31, 2024, stands as follows:

S. No.	Name/ DIN of Director and date of appointment	Capacity (i.e. Executive/ Non- Executive/	m du finai	of Board eetings ring the ncial year 023-24	No. of other Directorships	Remuneration INR (Lakhs)		other INR (Lakhs) share Directorships held and	No. of shares held in and convertible
		Chairman/ Promoter nominee/ Independent)	held	attended		Salary and other compensation	Sitting Fee	Comm- ission	instruments held in the NBFC
1.	Mr. Sumit Kumar Narvar DIN: 02045194 March 14, 2022	Chairman and Managing Director	9	9	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	24,04,800

2.	Mr. Keshav Porwal DIN: 06706341 March 14, 2022	Non- Executive Director	9	9	9	Nil	Nil	Nil	1,00,200
3.	Mr. Deepak Vaswan DIN: 07814811 March 14, 2022	Non- Executive Director	9	9	7	Nil	Nil	Nil	50,606

- There were no change in the composition of the Board during the financial year ended March 31, 2024.
- None of the Director of the Company is related to each other as per the provisions of the Act, however, Mr. Deepak Vaswan is brother-in-law of Mr. Sumit Kumar Narvar.

C. Committees of the Board and their composition

The Board Committees play a vital role in strengthening Corporate Governance practices and focus effectively on the issues and ensure expedient resolution on the diverse matters. The composition and terms of reference of the Committees are in compliance with the provisions of the Act, the Reserve Bank of India's Master Directions and other applicable rules/ circulars/ guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India. The Board supervises the execution of its responsibilities by the Committees. Minutes of the proceedings of Committee meetings are circulated to the respective Committee members and placed before the Board for its noting.

a) Group Risk Management Committee

The Company has constituted a Group Risk Management Committee ("**GRMC**") comprising of Directors of the Company. The GRMC has a Policy in place that is intended to ensure that an effective Risk Management framework for the group is established and implemented within the group. The GRMC looks into various risks which may impact the Company's ability to achieve its strategy, objectives and results.

During the period under review, 1 (one) meeting of the GRMC was held on February 01, 2024. The composition of the GRMC and the attendance of the members of the Committee at the meetings held during the period under review, is as follows:

S. No.	Name of Director / Member	Member of Committee	Capacity		ⁱ meetings ommittee	No. of shares held in the
		since		held	attended	NBFC
1	Mr. Keshav Porwal	November 30, 2023	Chairman	1	1	1,00,200
2	Mr. Sumit Kumar Narvar	November 30, 2023	Member	1	1	24,04,800
3	Mr. Deepak Vaswan	November 30, 2023	Member	1	1	50,606

The requisite quorum was present in the meeting held during the year.

Terms of Reference

The terms of reference of the RMC of the Board includes the following:

- a. create a suitable framework to enable all the future activities to take place in a consistent & controlled manner, and protecting/enhancing assets;
- b. formulate/amend policy(ies)/rules for identification of various risks, procedure to be followed for saving the Company from such risk and for mitigation of identified risks;
- c. approve all credit risk & operations related policies and credit strategy;
- d. review the portfolio composition, quality, delinquencies and Non-Performing Assets (NPAs);

- e. review the credit risk profile and any major development, internal and external, and their impact on portfolio and as a whole on the Company and its subsidiary(ies);
- f. review the non-compliance, limit breaches, audit / regulatory findings, and policy exceptions;
- g. review the recommendations made by the credit committee of the Board in respect of the amendments to be made in the Credit Policy Framework of the Company and recommend further the same to the Board, if deemed necessary
- h. to accept the terms and conditions, including any subsequent modifications, if any, from time to time, in relation to the matters stated herein;
- i. any other matter in relation to above which the committee deems fit and which is not reserved to be approved by the Board under the Companies Act, 2013 or any other applicable law.

b) Asset-Liability Committee

The Company has constituted an Asset-Liability Committee ("ALCO") comprising of Directors of the Company. During the period under review, 1 (one) meeting of the ALCO was held on February 01, 2024. The composition of the ALCO and the attendance of the members of the Committee at the meetings held during the period under review, is as follows:

S. No.	Name of Director / Member	Member of Committee since	Capacity		meetings ommittee attended	No. of shares held in the NBFC
1	Mr. Sumit Kumar Narvar	November 30, 2023	Chairman	1	1	24,04,800
2	Mr. Keshav Porwal	November 30, 2023	Member	1	1	1,00,200
3	Mr. Deepak Vaswan	November 30, 2023	Member	1	1	50,606

The requisite quorum was present in the meeting held during the year.

Terms of Reference

The terms of reference of the ALCO of the Board includes the following:

- a. review and monitor interest rates offered by the Company to its customers in accordance with the prevailing market norms and Regulations/directions issued by the Reserve Bank of India;
- b. formulate/amend policy(ies)/rules broadly outlining the Interest Rate Model and the Company's approach of risk gradation in this regard for its lending business;
- c. to review monitor and amend the policy(ies) / framework set up for the management of Assets and Liabilities of the Company on periodical basis;
- d. to review balance sheet growth, mismatches and forecasts;
- e. to evaluate and arrive at desirable maturity profiles for assets and liabilities based on anticipated funding needs, loan demands and liquidity position
- f. to accept the terms and conditions, including any subsequent modifications, if any, from time to time, in relation to the matters stated herein;
- g. any other matter in relation to above which the committee deems fit and which is not reserved to be approved by the Board under the Companies Act, 2013 or any other applicable law.

c) Corporate Social Responsibility Committee

The Company has constituted a Corporate Social Responsibility Committee ("**CSR**") comprising of Directors of the Company. During the period under review, 1 (one) meeting of the CSR committee was held on September 04, 2023. The composition of the CSR Committee and the attendance of the members of the Committee at the meetings held during the period under review, is as follows:

S. No.	Name of Director / Member	Member of Committee	Capacity		ⁱ meetings ommittee	No. of shares held in the
		since		held	attended	NBFC
1	Mr. Sumit Kumar	August 24, 2023	Chairman	1	1	24,04,800
	Narvar					
2	Mr. Keshav Porwal	August 24, 2023	Member	1	1	1,00,200
3	Mr. Deepak Vaswan	August 24, 2023	Member	1	1	50,606

The requisite quorum was present in the meeting held during the year.

Terms of Reference

The terms of reference of the CSR Committee of the Board includes the following:

- formulate and recommend to the Board, a Corporate Social Responsibility Policy which shall indicate the activities to be undertaken by the Company in the areas or subject, specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act, 2013;
- b. recommend the amount of expenditure to be incurred on the activities referred to in clause (a);
- c. monitor the Corporate Social Responsibility Policy of the Company from time to time; and
- d. any other matter(s) in relation to above which the Committee deems fit and which is not reserved to be approved by the Board under the Companies Act, 2013 or any other applicable law, for the time being in force.

D. Board Functioning and Procedure

Adequate notice is given to all Directors/Members of the Board/Committees for the Board/Committee Meetings regarding the schedule of meetings. A detailed agenda is sent in advance to all the Directors/Members of Board/Committees to enable the Board/Committees to take informed decisions at the meetings.

The Company has a well-established framework for the meetings of the Board and its Committees which seeks to systematize the decision-making process at the Board and Committee meetings in an informed and efficient manner. A system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation during the meeting. The Members of the Board/Committees express their opinion and decisions taken based on the consensus arrived at, after detailed discussion/deliberation at the Board/Committee Meeting and the same is accordingly recorded in the minutes of the meetings.

E. General Body Meetings

The details of meetings of the shareholders of the Company held during the financial year 2023-24 is as under:

S. No.	Type of Meeting (Annual/ Extra- Ordinary)	Date and Place	Resolutions passed
1	Annual General Meeting	September 29, 2023 New Delhi	 To consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements of the Company, for the financial year ended on March 31, 2023; and To re-appoint M/s AVK & Associates, Chartered Accountant (Firm Registration No.: 02638N) as Statutory Auditors of the Company.

F. Details of non-compliance with requirements of Companies Act, 2013

There were no non-compliances observed, with requirements of Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder (including accounting and secretarial standards) during the financial year ended March 31, 2024.

G. Details of penalties and strictures

No penalty has been imposed on the Company by any of the regulators during the financial year ended March 31, 2024.

H. Breach of covenant

No instances of breach of covenant of loan availed or debt securities issued, have been observed by the Company during the financial year ended March 31, 2024.

I. Divergence in Asset Classification and Provisioning

The Company hereby states that the disclosure requirement with respect to Divergence in Asset Classification and Provisioning is not applicable, as there neither have been any additional provisioning requirements assessed by the Reserve Bank of India, if any, exceeding five percent of the reported profits before tax and impairment loss on financial instruments for the financial year ended March 31, 2024 and nor the additional Gross NPAs identified by the Reserve Bank of India, if any, exceeds five percent of the reported Gross NPAs for the financial year ended March 31, 2024.

By order and on behalf of the Board **Capital India Corp Private Limited**

Sumit Kumar Narvar Chairman & Managing Director DIN: 02045194 Deepak Vaswan Non-Executive Director DIN: 07814811

Date : June 29, 2024 Place : New Delhi

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

A. ABOUT CAPITAL INDIA CORP PRIVATE LIMITED

Capital India Corp Private Limited ("**CICPL**" or "**Company**"), registered with the Reserve Bank of India ("**RBI**") as a Non-Banking Financial Core-Investment-Company, not accepting deposits ("**CIC**"), which primarily holds investments in its subsidiaries which are mainly engaged in lending and offering a wide array of services/products in the financial services sector.

The Company has the following 10 (ten) direct and indirect (step-down) subsidiaries:

S. No.	Name of the Company	Nature of Relation		
i.	Capital India Finance Limited ("CIFL")			
ii.	Credenc Web Technologies Private Limited	Subsidiary		
iii.	Yellow Whale Technologies Private Limited			
iv.	Capital India Wealth Management Private Limited	Whally Owned Subsidion		
۷.	CIFL Holdings Private Limited	Wholly Owned Subsidiary		
vi.	Capital India Home Loans Limited ("CIHL")			
vii.	Capital India Asset Management Private Limited	Step-Down Subsidiary through CIFL		
viii.	Rapipay Fintech Private Limited ("RFPL") *			
ix. Kuants Wealth Private Limited		Stan Down autoidiany though DEDI		
Χ.	NYE Insurance Broking Private Limited	Step-Down subsidiary though RFPL		

Amongst above the major subsidiaries of the Company and the brief overview of their businesses are as follows:

i. Capital India Finance Limited ("CIFL"): is a subsidiary of CICPL and is a public listed Company listed on the Bombay Stock Exchange ("BSE"). CIFL was incorporated on November 16, 1994 under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956. The Company has received a Certificate of Registration ("COR") number B-14.03278 dated August 30, 2017, from the RBI to carry on the business of Non-Banking Financial Institution ("NBFC") without accepting public deposits. The Company has been classified as a Systemically Important Non-Deposit Accepting Non-Banking Financial Company as defined under Section 45-IA of the RBI Act, 1934 w.e.f. January 28, 2019. CIFL is entitled to continue to hold the COR based on its asset / income pattern as on and for the year ended March 31, 2023, which have been computed in terms of RBI Press Release 1998-99/1269 dated April 8, 1999. CIFL is also engaged in the business of foreign exchange services as an Authorised Category II Dealer vide RBI license No. 15/2020 dated September 01, 2020 under the RBI/DNBR/2016-17/45 Master Direction DNBR. PD.008/03.10.119/2016-17 and is also granted an authorization by RBI to undertake inward cross border money transfer activities in India under Money Transfer Service Scheme ("MTSS").

CIFL, specializes in tailored loan products for MSMEs. We believe India's burgeoning economy demands customized financing solutions for millions of micro, small and medium businesses, traders, and self-employed individuals who may lack access to traditional financial avenues.

ii. Capital India Home Loans Limited ("CIHL"): CIHL, is the step-down subsidiary of the Company, established in March 2019, as a subsidiary of CIFL, is a modern housing finance company, dedicated to providing seamless home loan solutions in India's affordable housing sector. CIHL caters to the emerging urban population in metro and tier 2 and tier 3 cities with semi-formal incomes, a segment often underserved by larger housing finance companies and banks. Leveraging cutting-edge technology, we simplify and expedite the loan process, ensuring transparency and efficiency for our customers. CIHL

customers includes both salaried and self-employed individuals, primarily first-time homebuyers with limited or no credit history and semi-formal income. Their primary requirement is obtaining home loans ranging from INR0.5 to 2.0 million, alongside the desire for access to formal housing finance while minimizing disruptions to their daily work routine. CIHL have also developed an evolving operating model capable of effectively evaluating the income and repayment capability of non-salaried individuals.

iii. Rapipay Fintech Private Limited ('Rapipay'): Rapipay is the step-down subsidiary of the Company, through CIFL. RapiPay is a customer-centric fintech company dedicated to providing a wide range of financial services to the underbanked population across India, through its extensive network of Direct Business Outlets (DBO's) and an unassisted platform with the brand name "NYE". With this approach, RapiPay has emerged as one of the fastest-growing fintech players in the country, delivering Neo Banking services to the masses.

RapiPay boasts a pan-India retail agent network of DBOs, ensuring high penetration for tech products. Its transient customer base seeks a rich user experience and value-added offerings, typically being less pricesensitive but desiring superior customer service who avail them on NYE App and Web applications. Customers can avail most of these services instantly at the convenience of their home or on the go through NYE. Rapipay adds significant value to customers by providing them easy and instant access through self (NYE) and assisted (DBOs) channels. By leveraging its technological capabilities, RapiPay adds significant value by offering integrated services.

Traditionally, the underbanked prefer assisted modes of service, and banks often find it infrastructurally uneconomical to serve these customers due to high acquisition costs. With its expanding distribution network, RapiPay is strategically positioned to provide comprehensive Banking, Financial Services, and Insurance (BFSI) services through a single DBO outlet, effectively meeting the needs of this underserved segment.

Rapipay also provides payment solutions to Merchants through its POS and QR code offerings and offers business loans to its DBOs and Merchants through an assisted channel of sales network spread across India.

B. INDIAN ECONOMY

While the global economy grappled with macroeconomic challenges, India sustained its positive growth trajectory Globally in FY23-24. India's economy showcased a remarkable surge, with the GDP growth rate reaching an impressive 7.6% in FY 2023-24. Driving this strong economic momentum was a substantial uptick in private investment spending, which grew by 10.6% year-over-year (YoY).

C. INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

i. Non-Banking Financial Companies (NBFCs): NBFC sector remains a key pillar of India's financial ecosystem in FY 2023-24, contributing significantly to financial inclusion, credit expansion, and economic growth. With over 25% of the total credit market share, NBFCs continue to complement the banking sector by targeting niche markets and offering specialized financial products.

> Market Dynamics and Growth Drivers:

a. NBFCs have carved out unique segments, particularly focusing on MSMEs, rural populations, and women entrepreneurs, providing accessible credit options that traditional banks often overlook garnering niche market penetration;

b. By delivering microloans and financial literacy programs, NBFCs actively reach underserved customers, aligning with India's financial inclusion objectives.

Regulatory Landscape:

a. The Reserve Bank of India (RBI) has introduced stricter regulations to improve transparency, governance, and consumer protection. NBFCs are expected to align with these standards to ensure sustainable growth and avoid regulatory pitfalls.

> Outlook for 2024 and Beyond:

NBFCs are poised to play a significant role in India's financial future, driven by technology adoption, collaboration with banks, regulatory upgradation and a customer-centric approach. The future of the NBFC sector looks promising, with continued growth driven by **technological transformation, regulatory alignment, and market expansion**. As India's economy is booming and demand for credit rises, NBFCs are expected to remain crucial players in ensuring credit access for underserved sectors such as MSMEs, rural households, and emerging entrepreneurs.

- ii. Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSME): The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSME) sector has significantly contributed to the India's economic growth, Gross Domestic Product (GDP) and manufacturing output and bolstered employment generation. According to the latest data, the MSME sector accounts for around 29% of the overall GDP and 36% of the manufacturing output. Recognizing the importance of MSMEs, the Indian government has implemented various schemes and programs to support the development of the sector. These initiatives aim to provide credit support, encourage new enterprise development, promote formalization, offer technological assistance, develop infrastructure, impart skill development and training and facilitate market access for MSMEs.
- iii. Housing Finance: The Indian Housing Finance sector has recorded healthy growth in the recent years. The growth can be attributed to several factors, including rising incomes, enhanced affordability and substantial government support through initiatives such as the Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (PMAY). The sector has been playing a crucial role in meeting the housing needs of millions of individuals and has contributed significantly to the overall growth and development of the nation. The mortgage penetration rate in India remained modest overall but with a low penetration rate in rural and semiurban areas. This highlights the vast untapped potential, especially in these areas. According to estimates, the affordable housing segment stands as one of the fastest-growing domains, fueled by robust government incentives and subsidies. The interim Budget 2024-25 further bolstered this segment by announcing a scheme that will enable deserving sections of the middle-economic class 'living in rented houses, or slums, or chawls and unauthorized colonies' to buy or build their own homes. Furthermore, with the advent of digitization in the real estate sector, the changing demographics of homebuyers and the increased use of advanced technology solutions, the industry is poised for growth in the forthcoming years.
- iv. Fintech: India is amongst the fastest growing Fintech markets in the world. Indian FinTech industry's market size is \$584 Bn in 2022 and is estimated at ~\$1.5 Tn by 2025. The Indian Fintech industry's Total Addressable Market is estimated to be \$1.3 Tn by 2025 and Assets Under Management & Revenue to be \$1 Tn and \$200 Bn by 2030, respectively Major segments under Fintech include Payments, Digital Lending, Insur-Tech, Wealth-Tech.

D. <u>PERFORMANCE INDICATORS</u>

•		(In INR Lakhs)
Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Total Income	914.51	7,589.40
Total Expenditure	356.91	422.19
PAT	191.95	6,417.05
Net Worth	3,338.56	2,253.25

E. <u>CAUTIONARY NOTE</u>

This report includes forward-looking statements from public sources such as government and industry reports. These statements involve risks due to economic fluctuations, policy changes, and reliance on specific sectors, potentially leading to results that vary significantly from projections. Reviewing these statements in conjunction with the detailed financial statements and notes is crucial. The company may update these statements without prior notification.

AVK & Associates CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Capital India Corp Private Limited,

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements ("IND AS Financial Statements"),

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying IND AS Financial Statements of **Capital India Corp Private Limited** ("**the Company**"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), Statement of changes in equity andthe Statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (including IND AS) and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "IND AS financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid IND AS Financial Statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the IND AS, of the state of affairs of the company as at 31st March, 2024 and its Profit (including other comprehensive income) and changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of financial statements in accordance with Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the IND AS financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report and Annexures to Board's Report but does not include the IND AS financial statements and our 'Independent auditor's report'thereon.

Our opinion on the IND AS financial statements does not cover other information and we do notexpress any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



Office : KD-117, Pitampura, (Near Kohat Enclave Metro Station) Delhi-110088, Phone : 011-47023101, 41092766 Mobile : +91-9810078752, 9810078754, e-mail : avkcas@gmail.com

AVK & Associates

In connection with our audit of the IND AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the IND AS financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this context.

Responsibilities of Management for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("**the Act**") with respect to the preparation of these IND AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performancein accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the IND AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the IND AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether theIND AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs willalways detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the IND AS financial statements is included in "Annexure A" of this auditor's report.



Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the **Order**") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we have given in the "*Annexure B*" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. Further, as required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of changes in equity and Statement of Cash Flow dealtwith by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid IND AS Financial Statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules made thereunder.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the company as on 31st March, 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in *"Annexure C*".Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has not paid or provided remuneration to its directors, during the year; and
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

- iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under subclause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
 - v. The company has not declared or paid dividend during the year.
- 3. Based on our examination, which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended March 31, 2024 which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with.



Place: New Delhi Dated: 29-06-2024 UDIN: 24088309BKCNKH8845 For AVK & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN: 02638N

(CA Ashwani Kumar Relan) Partner M.No:088309



AVK & Associates CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

ANNEXURE 'A' TO INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Annexure 'A' to Independent Auditors' Report of Capital India Corp Private Limited for the period ended 31st March 2024

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the IND AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

• Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

• Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies including INDAS used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

• Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the IND AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the IND AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



AVK & Associates

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with Management of company regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide Management of company with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



For AVK & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN: 02638N

(CA Ashwani Kumar Relan) Partner M.No:088309

Place: New Delhi Dated: 29-06-2024 UDIN: 24088309BKCNKH8845

AVK & Associates CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

ANNEXURE 'B' TO INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

<u>The Annexure 'B' referred to in our Independent Auditors' Report to the members of</u> <u>Capital India Corp Private Limited on the IND AS financial statements for the year ended</u> <u>31st March 2024</u>:-

To the best of our information and according to the explanations provided to us by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, we state that:

(a) (A) The company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.

(B) The company has maintained proper record showing full particulars of Intangible Assets.

(b) The company does not own any immovable property hence reporting under clause 3(i)(c) and (e) is not applicable in its case.

- ii. (a) The Company does not have any inventory and hence reporting under clause3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of ₹5 crores, in aggregate at any points of time during the period, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records, the company has made investments and granted advance in the nature of Unsecured loans to Subsidiary company:

	with regards to investments made:-					
Particulars	Name of	Aggregate	Aggregate	Remarks		
	Lender	amountof	amountof			
		investment	Investment as on			
		during the year	balance sheet date			
Subsidiary	Credenc Web	1,684.72	3,697.72	Investment		
Company	Technologies			made in		
	Private Limited			35,84,508		
				shares of Rs.		
				47 (Face		
				value of Rs.		
				10 including		
				premium of		
				Rs. 37) each		



With regards to Investments mad

i.

AVK & Associates

With regards t	o Loans and advance		Lakhs)	
	Name of Lender	Aggregate amount given during the year	Aggregate amount outstanding as on balance sheet date	Remarks
Subsidiary Company	Credenc Web Technologies Private Limited	720.00	-	Interest bearing @12%

- (b) Based on the audit procedures carried on by us and as per information and explanation obtained the companyhas granted loan to its subsidiary company therefore relevant clauses as to repayment, rate of interest and other compliances under section 185 or 186 with respect to loan have been complied with by the company.
- (c) Based on the audit procedures carried on by us and as per information and explanation obtained,the company has made investments which being carried over in its books after its conversion from LLP to Company, and based on the information and explanations obtained such transactions executed at the time of erstwhile LLP, hence itcannot be commented upon by us as an Auditor of the company.According to our audit procedures and information and explanation obtained we state that the terms and conditions of Investment made, had they been made at the time after conversion cannot be said to be prejudicial to the Interest of the Company.Details of Investments being carried over is as follows:

Serial No	Particulars	Amount involved (in Lakhs)
1.	Investments in subsidiaries associates and other parties	41,964.05/- Amount outstanding at the balance sheet date

- iv.
- In our opinion, in respect of loans, investment, guarantees, and security the company has complied with the provisions of section 185 of Companies Act, 2013. The provisions of section 186 of the Act have also been complied with by the company.
- v. Based on our audit procedures and according to information and explanation obtained we state the company has not accepted deposits within the meaning of directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of section 73 to 76 or any relevant provisions of the companies act and rules made thereunder.
- vi. According to information and explanations obtained we report that the maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under sub-section(1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013. Hence, reporting under clause(vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

In respect of statutory dues:

In our opinion, the Company has been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, as applicable, including Incometax, and other material statutory dues with the authorities.

There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Statutory a) dues including Income Tax and other material statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2024 except the following for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable :

Assessment	Nature of Dues	Amount (in Rs.)
Year		
2023-24	Income Tax dues	7,020

- b) There are no statutory dues referred to in sub-clause(a) above which have not been deposited as on March 31, 2024 on account of disputes.
- There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have viii. been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- ix. a)The Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans to the lender and so also in payment of interest thereon.
 - b)The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
 - According to the information and explanations given to us the company has c) applied the term loan for the purpose for which they were obtained.
 - On an overall examination of the Financial Statements of the Company, funds d) raised on short-term basis have, prima facie, not been used during the year for long-term purposes by the Company.
 - On an overall examination of the Financial Statements of the Company, the e) Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiary.
 - The Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of f) securities held in its subsidiary.
- a) The Company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further х. public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.



vii.

- b) Based on our audit procedures and according to information and explanation obtained we state that duringthe period the company hasnot madeany preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(b)of the Order is not applicable.
- xi. Based on our audit procedures and according to information and explanation obtained. In our opinion:
 - a) No fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
 - b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.
 - c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the company during the year.
- xii. In our opinion the Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xiii. In our opinion, the Company as required under the provisions of Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 has disclosed all the applicable transactions with the related parties separately in its financial statements.
- xiv. In our opinion and information and explanation obtained, the company does not fall under the ambit of internal audit system as it is not required to have an internal audit system as per provisions of the Companies Act 2013. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xiv) of the order is not applicable to the company.
- xv. In our opinion during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its Directors or persons connected with its directors and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. a) Based on our audit procedures and information and explanation obtained, the Company is registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

b)Based on our audit procedures and information and explanation obtained the company has not conducted any Non- Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without the valid certificate of registration from the Reserve Bank of India, hence reporting under clause 3(xvi)(b) is not applicable.



c) In our opinion the company is a core investment company (CIC) as defined in regulation made by Reserve Bank of India and according to information and explanation given it has been registered as a CIC - "Non-Deposit Taking with Reserve Bank of India. In June 2022, Company had applied to Reserve Bank of India for Core Investment Company (CIC).Reserve Bank of India, effective 13th November, 2023 has granted it approval, consequently the Company has been classified as a "Non-Deposit Taking Core Investment Company".

d) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanation given to us there is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016).

xvii. The Company hasnot incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit.Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xvii) of the Order is not applicable for the year.

xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the period.

- The financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets xix. and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, it has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report due to an indication that company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. The fact has been stated by us in our main audit report with reference to note no 38 to the financial statements. We, however, state that this is not an assurance nor a doubt as to the future viability of the Company. The generation of profits in the year under audit and the management plans and discussion may make position different in the coming year. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- xx. The Company does not have any unspent amount of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) in respect of any ongoing or other projects as at the expiry of the financial year. Accordingly, reporting under paragraph 3(xx)(a) and 3(xx)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



AVK & Associates

xxi. Based on our audit procedures and according to information and explanation obtained, in our opinion the company is required to prepare consolidated financial statements as per Master Direction - Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 read with Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company –Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023, as the Company is registered with Reserve Bank of India as Non-Banking Financial Core-Investment-Company ("NBFC-CIC").



For AVK & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN: 02638N

em

(CA Ashwani Kumar Relan) Partner M.No:088309

Place: New Delhi Dated: 29-06-2024 UDIN: 24088309BKCNKH8845



AVK & Associates CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

ANNEXURE 'C' TO INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

<u>Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")</u>

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Capital India Corp Private Limited("the Company") as of 31 March,2024 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, has an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March, 2024, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.



For AVK & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN: 02638N

LAN

(CA Ashwani Kumar Relan) Partner M.No:088309

Place: New Delhi Dated: 29-06-2024 UDIN: 24088309BKCNKH8845
CÎN: U65990 Standalone Balance	Corp Private Limited ODL2022PTC395053 Sheet as at 31st Mar Lakh unless otherwise s	rch 2024	
Particulars	Notes	As At 31st March, 2024	As At 31st March, 2023
ASSETS			
 (1) Financial Assets (a) Cash and Cash Equivalents (b) Bank balance other than (a) above (c) Loans (d) Investments (e) Other Financial assets 	3a 3b 4 5 6	3.06 32.89 - 41,964.05 0.79 42,000.79	3.19 317.72 200.00 40,289.38 0.41 40,810.70
 (2) Non-Financial Assets (a) Current Tax Assets (net) (b) Property, Plant and Equipment (c) Other Intangible Assets (d) Deferred tax Assets (net) 	7 8 9 13	32.85 0.47 3.11 0.87 37.29 42,038.08	- 3.39
TOTAL ASSETS			
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
LIABILITIES(1) Financial Liabilities(a) Borrowing (other than debt securities)(b) Subordinated Liabilities(c) Other financial liabilities	10 11 12	2,869.45 34,872.61 418.86 38,160.93	1,349.45 36,511.00 164.62 38,025.07
 (2) Non- Financial Liabilities (a) Deferred tax liabilities (net) (b) Other non-financial liabilities 	13 14		0.15 29.56 29.7 1
 (3) EQUITY (a) Equity Share Capital (b) Other Equity 	15 16	506.06 3,338.56 3,844.62	506.00 2,253.25 2,759.3 2
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		42,038.08	40,814.0

Significant Accounting Policies and notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements. Standalone Balance Sheet of Company as per Master Direction - Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 attached as (Annexure 1).

For and on behalf of the Board As per our report of even date Capital India Corp Private Limited For AVK & Associates Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No.: 02638N COTP P UDIN: 24088309BKCNKH8845 AN Å. 6 ered Acco 0 3 Sumit Kumar Narvar Deepak Vaswan CA Ashwani Kr. Relan Chairman and Managing Director Director Partner -DIN:07814811 DIN: 02045194 M. No. 088309 Place: New Delhi Date: 29.06.2024

Capital India Corp Priv CIN: U65990DL2022I Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss for	PTC395053 the year ended 31st	t March, 2024	
Amount in Rupees Lakh unles Particulars	s otherwise stated Notes	For the year ended	For the year ended
		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
I Revenue from operations	17	22.09	27.74
i Interest Income ii Dividend Income	18	56.78	56.78
ii Dividend Income iii Net gain on fair value changes	19	734.98	-
iv Other operating income	20	100.00	7,504.88
		913.85	7,589.40
II. Other Income	21	0.66	
III. Total Income (I+II)		914.51	7,589.40
IV. Expenses			206.22
i Finance Costs	22	283.37	386.32
ii Employee Benefits Expenses	23	0.67 0.16	0.17
iii Depreciation, amortization and impairment	8	72.71	35.70
iv Others expenses	24	356.91	422.19
Total Expenses		557.60	7,167.21
V. Profit/(Loss) before tax (III-IV)		557.00	7,107.21
VI. Tax expense:	25		750.00
Current Tax		(1.02)	0.15
Deferred Tax		(1.02)	0.13
Tax paid for Earlier Year		<u>366.67</u> 191.95	6,417.05
VII. Profit/(Loss) after tax (V-VI)		191.93	0,11/100
VIII. Other Comprehensive Income	26		
a) (i) Items that will be reclassified to Profit or Loss		-	-
(ii) Income tax relating to items that be reclassified to Profit or Loss		-	-
b) (i) Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss		-	-
(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to Profit or L	oss	-	
Total Other Comprehensive Income			-
IX. Total Comprehensive Income for the Year (VII+VIII)		191.95	6,417.05
X. Earnings per equity share of ₹ 10 each	27	3,79	126.8
Basic (in Rs.) Diluted (in Rs.)		3.79	126.8
Significant Accounting Policies and notes referred to above form an integral part of Standalone Balance Sheet of Company as per Master Direction - Core Investment Co As per our report of even date For AVK & Associates Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No.: 02638N UDIN: 24088309BKCNKH8845 CA Ashwani Kr. Relan Partner	Sumit Kumar DIN : 02045	For and on bel Capital India Co	nalf of the Board rp Private Limited
M. No. 088309	DIN: 02045	5194	10/014011
Place: New Delhi Date: 29.06.2024		bital	
		11:21	/3//

* 12

	Corp Private Limite 0DL2022PTC395053			
Standalone Statement of Cash F	low for the year end	led 31st March, 2024		
Amount in Rupees	Lakh unless otherwise		7	
Particulars	For the ye			ear ended
	March 3	1,2024	Marcha	31, 2023
. Cash Flow From Operating Activities		557.60		7,167.21
rofit/(Loss) Before Tax		337.00		,,
djustments for:	0.16		0.17	
Depreciation expense	0.16 283.37		386.32	
linance Cost	(56.78)		(56.78)	
Dividend Income	(22.09)		(27.74)	
nterest Income	(734.98)		(=,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
air Value gain of investments recognised at FVTPL	(734.90)		-	
air value Interest Income on Investments in Debentures	-	(530.33)		301.98
		27.27		7,469.19
Operating Profit/(Loss) before Working Capital Changes Increase)/Decrease in financial and non financial assets	(0.38)		(0.29)	
ncrease/(Decrease) in financial and non-financial liabilities	257.23		(596.25)	
ncrease/(Decrease) in financial and fion-financial habitities	10,110	256.85		(596.54)
Cash generated from/(used in) Operations before Tax		284.12		6,872.63
Current Taxes paid		(32.85)		(750.00)
Tax paid for earlier year		(366.67)		
Net Cash Flow from/(used in) Operating Activities		(115.40)		6,122.63
B. Cash Flow From Investing Activities				
Purchase/Subscription of Investments	(747.00)		-	
Loan (inclunding interest) convertible into Equity shares	(937.72)		-	
Sale/Redemption of Investments	-		2,171.90	
Purchase of Property, Plant ad Equipments	(0.47)		-	
Sale of Property, Plant ad Equipments	0.12		-	
Interest Received	22.09		27.74	
Investment in term deposits	284.83		(317.72)	
Loans given	(720.00)		(200.00)	
Reapayment of loan given	920.00		56.78	
Dividend Received	56.78	(1 404 0 ()	50,78	1,738.70
Net Cash Flow from/(used in) Investing Activities		(1,121.36)	-	1,750.70
C. Cash Flow From Financing Activities			(2.054.05)	
Proceeds/(repayment) of Borrowings	1,520.00		(3,054.05) (4,501.50)	
Redemption of Debentures	-		(386.32)	
Interest paid	(283.37)	1,236.63	(300.32)	(7,941.87
Net Cash Flow from/(used in) Financing Activities		1,230.03		
Net Cash Increase / (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(0.13)	-	(80.53
Opening balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents		3.19		83.72
Closing balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents		3.06		3,19
Cash and Cash Equivalents included in the Statement of Cash Flow				
comprise of the following:		0.23		0.2
i) Cash on Hand				
ii) Balance with Banks:		2.83		2.9
- In Current Accounts Total		3,06		3.1
Ittai				

Reconciliation of movement of liabilities to cash flow arisi Particulars	ng from financing activities: As at 31st March, 2023	Cash inflow/(outflow)	Non cash changes	As at 31st March, 2024
Borrowing (other than debt securities) Subordinated Liabilities	1,349.45 36,511.00	1,520.00	(1,638.39)	2,869.45 34,872.61
	37.860.45	1.520.00	(1,638.39)	37,742.06

Notes:

a. The previous year figures have been regoruped/reclassified wherever necessary b. Significant Accounting Policies and notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements c. Standalone Balance Sheet of Company as per Master Direction - Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 attached as (Annexure 1).

As per our report of even date For AVK & Associates Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No.: 02638N UDIN: 24088309BKCNKH8845

-17

A CA Ashwani Kr. Relan Partner M. No. 088309 Place: New Delhi Date: 29.06.2024



For and on behalf of the Board Capital India Corp Private Limited Corpp eiqui . 6 Deepak Vaswan Director DIN : 07814811 0 Sumit Kumar Narvar Chairman and Managing Director DIN : 02045194 *

CIN: U65990D Standalone Statement of Changes in E	orp Private Limited L2022PTC395053 quity for the year end kh unless otherwise stat	led 31st March, 20	24		
a. Equity Share Capital		No. of Equity	Amount		
Particulars		Shares			
Balance as at April 01, 2022		5,060,606	506.06		
Changes in Equity Share Capital from April 1, 2022 to March 31, 2023	-	5,060,606	506.06		
Balance as at March 31, 2023	=	5,000,000			
Changes in Equity Share Capital from April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024 Balance as at March 31, 2024	-	5,060,606	506.06		
b. Other Equity	T				
Particulars	Special Reserve u/s 45IC	Retained Earnings	Items of Other Comprehensive Income (Equity Instruments at FVTOCI)	Total	
Balance at April 1, 2022	-	(4,163.80)	-	(4,163.80)	
- Profit/(Loss) during the year	-	6,417.05	-	6,417.05	
- Other Comprehensive income/(loss) for the Year (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	
- Transfer for the year Balance at March 31, 2023	- 2,253.25 -				
- Profit/(Loss) during the year	-	191.95			
- Other Comprehensive income/(loss) for the Year (net of tax)	-	191.95 -	-	-	
- Adjustment on account of present value of Compulsarily Convertible Debenture	-	893,35	-	893,35	
- Transfer during the year	38.39	(38.39)	-	-	
- Transfer on sale of equity instruments	-	-	-	3,338.56	
Balance at March 31, 2024	38.39	3,300.17	-	3,336,30	
Significant Accounting Policies and notes referred to above form an integral part of th Standalone Balance Sheet of Company as per Master Direction - Core Investment Com	e financial statements. panies (Reserve Bank)	Directions, 2016 at	tached as (Annexure 1).		
As per our report of even date For AVK & Associates Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No.: 02638N UDIN: 24088309BKCNKH8845 CA Ashwani Kr. Relan Partner M. No. 088309 Place: New Delhi Date: 29.06.2024	yo Sumit Kumar Narta rman and Managing F DIN : 02045194	Capital India C	ehalf of the Board corp Private Limited Deepak Vaswan Director DIN : 07814811	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	

Standalone

Capital India Corp Private Limited CIN: U65990DL2022PTC395053 Notes To The Standalone Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31st March, 2024

1 Corporate Information

Capital India Corp Private Limited having its registered office at 2nd Floor, DLF Centre, Sansad Marg, New Delhi-110001, was incorporated on 14th March 2022 as a private limited Company under the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') upon conversion of LLP namely Capital India Corp LLP.

The main objective of the company is to carry on business of an Investment Company and to buy, underwrite, sub-underwrite, to invest in with or without interest or security and to engage of financing and to provide venture capital, seed capital, loan capital or to give guarantees on behalf of the company as permitted under the applicable laws.

In June 2022, the Company had applied to Reserve Bank of India for Core Investment Company (CIC) The Reserve Bank of India, vide its certificate of registration dated 13th November, 2023 has granted its approval to the Company and the Company has been classified as a "Non-Deposit Taking Core Investment Company (CIC-ND-SI)"

Basis of preparation

Statement of compliance

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with provision contained in section 129 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Division III of Schedule III as amended from time to time. The Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared and presented as per Ind AS 7 Statement of Cash Flows.

These financial statements comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') read together with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended from time to time on accrual basis. The Company has consistently applied the accounting policies used in the preparation for all periods presented.

Basis of measurement

The Financial Statements have been prepared on the historical cost convention and on accrual basis, modified to include Fair valuation of certain financial instruments, to the extent required or permitted in Ind AS as set out in relavant accounting policies.

Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (₹), which is also the Company's functional currency and all values are rounded to the nearest lakh (INR 00,000) and upto 2 decimal places, except when otherwise indicated.

Fair value measurement

Fair Value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market narticipants at the measurement date.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy in which they fall.

Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Company recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

Financial and Non- Financial Classification

Division III to Schedule III requires all items in the balance sheet of a NBFC to be classified as either financial or non financial and to be reflected as such. Further, para 54 of Ind AS 1 also specifies a requirement of presenting financial assets and financial liabilities as line items of the balance sheet separately from the other items.

Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions.

These estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period.

Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

ed Acco

Application of accounting policies that require critical accounting estimates involving complex and subjective judgments and the use of assumptions in these financial statements are:

- Useful lives of Property, plant and equipment
- Valuation of financial instruments
- Provisions and contingencies
- Income tax and deferred tax

2 Significant accounting policies

2.1 Revenue Recognition

2.1.1 Revenue from operations

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured and there exists reasonable certainty of its recovery.

2.1.2 Other revenue

Interest income is recognised using effective interest method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. When calculating the effective interest rate, the company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument but does not consider the expected credit losses.

2.2 Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

The cost comprises the purchase price, borrowing cost if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Subsequent expenditures relating to property, plant and equipment is capitalized only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with these will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

All other expenses on existing property, plant and equipments and intangible assets, including day-to-day repair and maintenance expenditure and cost of replacing parts, are charged to the statement of profit and loss for the period during which such expenses are incurred.

Property, Plant and Equipment not ready for the intended use on the date of the Balance Sheet are disclosed as "Capital work-in-progress".

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of property, plant and equipments and intangible assets are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset at the time of disposal and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment is calculated on written down value method basis using the ratio arrived as per the useful life prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

In respect of Property, Plant and Equipment purchased during the year, depreciation is provided on a pro-rata basis from the date on which such asset is ready to use.

The residual value, useful live and method of depreciation of Property, Plant and Equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

2.3 Intangible assets

An intangible asset is recognised, only where it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will accrue to the enterprise and the cost can be measured reliably.

Intangible assets are stated at cost, less accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any.

Intangible assets not ready for the intended use on the date of the Balance Sheet are disclosed as intangible assets under development.

Separately purchased intangible assets are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite. Finite-life intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the period of their expected useful lives. Intangible assets are amortized over a period of six years on straight line basis as per the useful life prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. Intangible assets acquired / purchased during the year are amortised on a pro-rata basis from the date on which such assets are ready to use.

Intangible assets with an indefinite useful life are not amortised. Such intangible assets are tested for impairment.

The residual value, useful live and method of amortization of intangible assets are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.



2.4 Financial Instruments

2.4.1 Initial recognition

The company recognizes financial assets and financial liabilities when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

All financial assets and liabilities are recognized at fair value on initial recognition.

Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not at fair value through profit or loss are added to or deducted from the fair value of financial assets or financial liabilities on initial recognition.

Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Regular way purchase and sale of financial assets are accounted for at trade date.

2.4.2 Subsequent measurement

Non-derivative financial instruments

- i Financial assets carried at amortized cost A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortized cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
- ii Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

The Company has made an irrevocable election for its investments which are classified as equity instruments to present the subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income based on its business model. For such equity instruments, the subsequent changes in fair value are recognized in other comprehensive income.

- iii Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are subsequently measured at fair valued through profit or loss. Fair value changes are recognised as other income in the Statement of Profit or Loss.
- iv Financial liabilities Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.
- Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures
 Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are carried at cost in the separate financial statements.
- vi Equity instruments

An equity instrument is a contract that evidences residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issuance of equity instruments are recognised as a deduction from equity instrument net of any tax effects.

2.4.3 Derecognition

The company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition under Ind AS 109.A financial liability is derecognized when obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

2.4.4 Off-setting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is presented in the balance sheet when the company currently has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amount and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.5 Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefit by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.



The company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy. The fair value hierarchy is based on inputs to valuation techniques that are used to measure fair value that are either observable or unobservable and consists of the following three levels:

Level 1 – inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 – inputs are other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived prices)

Level 3 – inputs are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).Fair values are determined in whole or in part using a valuation model based on assumption that are neither supported by prices from observable current market transactions in the same instrument nor are they based on available market data.

2.6 Income tax

Income tax expense comprises current tax and deferred tax.

2.6.1 Current Tax

Current tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax for current and prior periods is recognized at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the tax authorities, using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset, where company has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.6.2 Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except to the extent that the deferred tax liability arises from initial recognition of goodwill; or initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which is not a business combination and at the time of transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax losses and carry forward of unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which those temporary differences, losses and tax credit can be utilized, except when deferred tax asset on deductible temporary differences arise from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on the tax rules and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, where company has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

2.7 Impairment

2.7.1 Financial assets

The company recognizes loss allowances using the expected credit loss (ECL) model for the financial assets which are not fair valued through profit or loss.

Loss allowance for trade receivables with no significant financing component is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL.

For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12-month ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk from initial recognition in which case those are measured at lifetime ECL.

The impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognised during the period is recognised as income / expense in the statement of profit and loss.



2.7.2 Non-financial assets

Property, plant and equipments and intangible assets

The company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists the company estimates the asset's recoverable amount.

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an assets net selling price and its value in use. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets.

Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. The impairment loss is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

In determining net selling price, recent market transactions are taken into account, if available. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

2.8 Lease

Company as lessee

The Company's lease asset classes primarily consist of leases for Office building. The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognizes a right-of-use (ROU) asset and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of 12 months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low-value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

The ROU assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

ROU assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset.

The lease liability is initially measured at amortized cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates in the country of domicile of these leases.

Lease liability and ROU assets have been separately presented in the Balance Sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

2.9 Borrowing costs

Borrowing cost includes interest and other costs that company has incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective asset.

All other borrowing costs are expensed in the year they occur.

Investment income earned on temporary investment of specific borrowing pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.

2.10 Employee Benefits

Short term employee benefits for salary and wages including accumulated leave that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which employees render the related service are recognized as an expense in the statement of profit and loss.

The company measures the expected cost of absences as the additional amount that it expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the reporting date. As per Company's policy, no leave is expected to be carried forward beyond 12 months from the reporting date.

Retirement benefit in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme. The company has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund. The company recognizes contribution payable to the provident fund scheme as an expenditure, when an employee renders the related service.



The company operates one defined benefit plan for its employees, viz., gratuity plan. The costs of providing benefits under the plan are determined on the basis of actuarial valuation at each year-end. Actuarial valuation is carried out using the projected unit credit method made at the end of each reporting date. Re-measurement of the net defined benefit liability (asset) comprise of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability (asset) and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability / (asset)).Re-measurement are recognised in other comprehensive income and will not be reclassified to profit or loss in a subsequent period.

2.11 Provisions

A provision is recognized when the company has a present obligation as a result of past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

Provisions are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

2.12 Contingent Liability

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or nonoccurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

2.13 Contingent Asset

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only be occurrence or nonoccurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the company. The company does not recognize a contingent asset but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

2.14 Foreign Currency

a Initial recognition

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the functional currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the functional currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

b Conversion

Foreign currency monetary items are retranslated using the exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date. Non-monetary items, which are measured in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency, are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

c Exchange difference

All exchange differences are recognized as income or as expenses in the year in which they arise.

2.15 Cash and cash equivalent

Cash and cash equivalents for the purposes of cash flow statement comprise cash at bank (including demand deposits) and in hand and short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and bank overdrafts.Bank overdraft is shown within cash and cash equivalents.

2.16 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.17 Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost of materials is determined on weighted average basis. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price less estimated cost necessary to make the sale.

2.18 Segment Reporting

An operating segment is component of the company that engages in the business activity from which the company earns revenues and incurs expenses, for which discrete financial information is available and whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker, in deciding about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance. The company's chief operating decision maker is the Managing Director.



Assets and liabilities that are directly attributable or allocable to segments are disclosed under each reportable segment. All other assets and liabilities are disclosed as un-allocable.

Revenue and expenses directly attributable to segments are reported under each reportable segment. All other expenses which are not attributable or allocable to segments have been disclosed as un-allocable expenses.

The company prepares its segment information in conformity with the accounting policies adopted for preparing and presenting the financial statements of the company as a whole.

2.19 Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using indirect method whereby profit for the period is adjusted for the effects of the transactions of non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts and payments and items of income or expenses associated with investing and financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

2.20 Events after reporting date

Where events occurring after the Balance Sheet date provide evidence of conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period, the impact of such events is adjusted within the financial statements. Otherwise, events after the Balance Sheet date of material size or nature are only disclosed.

2.21 Recent accounting pronouncements issued but not yet effective

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 23, 2022, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2022, applicable from April 1st, 2022, as below:

Ind AS 16 - Proceeds before intended use

The amendments mainly prohibit an entity from deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment amounts received from selling items produced while the company is preparing the asset for its intended use. Instead, an entity will recognise such sales proceeds and related cost in profit or loss. The Company does not expect the amendments to have any impact in its recognition of its property, plant and equipment in its financial statements.

Ind AS 109 – Annual Improvements to Ind AS (2021)

The amendment clarifies which fees an entity includes when it applies the '10 percent' test of Ind AS 109 in assessing whether to derecognise a financial liability. The Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.



Capital India Corp Private CIN: U65990DL2022PTC Notes To The Standalone Financial Statements For Amount in Rupees Lakh unless otl	395053 The Year Ended 31st March, 2024	
Note 3a- Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Balances with Banks	2.83	2.96
Less: Book Overdraft	2.83	2.96
Net Balance with Banks (A) Cash on hand (B)	0.23	0.23
Total (A+B)	3.06	3.19
Note 3b- Bank Balance other than cash and cash equivalents		
Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Term Deposits with maturity more than 3 months	32.89	317.72
Total	32.89	317.72
Note 4- Loans (Carried at Amortised Cost, except otherwise stated)	As at	As at
Particulars	31st March 2024	31st March 2023
Unsecured, Considered Good Term Loan Total Gross	-	200.00
Less: Impairment loss allowance		200.00
Total Net		200.00
Note 4(a)- Classification of Loans		
Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
<u>A. Loans in India</u>		_
Public Sector Others		200.00
Gross (i)	-	200.00
Less: Impairment loss allowance (ii)		
Net (i) - (ii)		200.00
<u>B. Loans outside India</u>		
Gross (i)	-	-
Less: Impairment loss allowance (ii)	-	-
Net (i) - (ii)		
Total Net (A+B)	-	200.00
Note 6- Other Financial Assets (Carried at Amortised Cost, except otherwise stated)		
Particulars	As at	As at
	<u>31st March 2024</u> 0.04	31st March 2023 0.01
Interest Receivable Interest accured on Fixed Deposit	0.75	-
Balance with GST Authorities	-	0.36
Amount Recoverable	0.79	0.04
Total Note 7- Current tax assets (net)		
INoto 7. Current tay assets [net]	As at	As at
		31st March 2023
Particulars Income tax refund due	31st March 2024 32.85	31st March 2023 -



		Notes To The S	Capital Ind Capital Ind CIN: U659 CIN: U659 Candalone Financial S Amount in Rupee	Capital India Corp Private Limited CIN: U65990DL2022PTC395053 Notes To The Standalone Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31st March, 2024 Amount in Rupees Lakh unless otherwise stated	d ar Ended 31st March, stated	.2024				
Note 5- Investments				1005 down to 1000 a				As at 31st	As at 31st March 2023	
Particulars	No. of Shares/ Debenture as on 31.03.2024	At Amortised Cost (AC)	Al seal value At Fair Value through Profit & Loss (FVTPL)	At Fair Value At Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)	Others*	No. of Shares/ Debenture as on 31.03.2023	At Amortised Cost (AC)	At Fair Value through Profit & Loss (FVTPL)	At Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)	Others*
A. I. Rquity Shares I. Rquity Shares i. Subsidiaties (Unauoted) (Fulty naid un) (Laptal India Wealth Management Private Limited, of ₹ 10/- each* CIFL Holdings Private Limited, of ₹ 10/- each* Credenc Web Technologies Private Limited, of ₹ 10/- each* Yellow Whale Technologies Private Limited, of ₹ 10/- each*	50,000 50,000 9,338,508 15,600		0.77 0.74 -		- - 3,697.72	50,000 50,000 5,754,000 15,600				5.00 5.00 2,013.00
ii. Subsidiary (Quoted) (Pully paid up) Capital India Finance Limited, of ₹ 10/- each**	56,775,720	ı	ı	ı	37,094.15	56,775,720		ı	ı	37,094.15
iii. Associate (Unquoted) (Fully paid un) Rapipay Fintech Private Limited, of ₹ 10/- each**	8,475,000	ı	ı	,	847.78	8,475,000	I	ı	1	847.78
II. Compulsary Convertible Debentures <u>1. Subsidiary Concusted) Fully paid un</u> [*] 0.01% Unlisted Unsecured Compulsory Covertible Debentures in Yellow Whale Technologies Private Limited, of ₹ 10/- each ¹	3,228,900		·	ı	322.89	3,228,900	-	ı	,	322.89
Gross Total (A)		-	1.51		41,962.54		1	1	•	40,289.38
B. (1) Investments Outside India (ii) Investments in India		1	- 1.51		- 41,962.54		I		1	40,289.38
Gross Total (B)		1	1.51	1	41,962.54		•	•	•	40,289.38
Less: Impairment Loss Allowance on: (C)		1		1	٠		Ţ	I	I	I
		1		1	-		•	,	1	40.289.38
Total - Net D = A - C		'	1.51	-	4T'707'34					
 Investments in Subsidiaries which have been carried at fair value Investments in Subsidiaries of Accordiant which have been carried at next 	cost									

** Investments in Subsidiaries and Associate which have been carried at cost

Notes: / 1. Terms / Rights attached to Debentures a) shalb ecompulsory convertble in nature b) issued for maximum tenure of 10 years from the date of allotment



Standalone

ded 31st M	1arch, 2024
d	
	Grand Total
-	-
-	-
-	-
-	-
0.47	0.47
-	-
0.47	0.47
-	-
-	-
-	-
-	
0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00
0.00	
-	-
0.47	0.47
roperty	Grand Total
250	3.56
3.56	3.30
	-
3.56	3.56
-	
0.12	0.12
3.44	3.44
-	-
0.17	7 0.17
-	-
0.17	and the second
0.16	
0.01	
0.33	0.33
3.39	
3.11	3.11

DELTI Morod Acco

Capital India Corp Private Limited		
CIN: U65990DL2022PTC395053		
Notes To The Standalone Financial Statements For The Yea		
Amount in Rupees Lakh unless otherwise s	tated	n
Note 10- Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities) (at amortised cost)	As at	As at
Particulars	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
(Unsecured and Interest Bearing)		
Borrowing from Related Parties*	1,553.50	33.50
Borrowing from other than Related Parties**	1,315.95	1,315.95
Total (A)	2,869.45	1,349.45
		4 0 4 0 4 5
i) Borrowings in India	2,869.45	1,349.45
ii) Borrowings outside India	-	-
Total (B)	2,869.45	1,349.45
Note 11 - Subordinated Liability (at FVTPL)	As at	As at
Particulars	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
(Unsecured)		
0.01% Unlisted unsecured redeemable optionally fully convertible debentures	16,425.76	36,511.00
Add:- Remeasurement of financial liabilities	18,446.85	
Total	34,872.61	50,511.0
Terms / rights attached to 0.01% Unlisted unsecured redeemable optionally fully co	111 J. J.L. Sectores a	
Terms / rights attached to 0.01% Unisted unsecured redeemable optionally funy co	onvertible debentures	
a) shall be optionally fully convertible in nature	onvertible debentures	
	onvertible debentures	
a) shall be optionally fully convertible in nature		
a) shall be optionally fully convertible in nature b) issued for maximum tenure of 10 years from the date of allotment Note 12- Other Financial Liabilities	As at	As at
a) shall be optionally fully convertible in nature b) issued for maximum tenure of 10 years from the date of allotment		1
a) shall be optionally fully convertible in nature b) issued for maximum tenure of 10 years from the date of allotment Note 12- Other Financial Liabilities	As at 31st March, 2024 1.23	31st March, 202 3
a) shall be optionally fully convertible in nature b) issued for maximum tenure of 10 years from the date of allotment Note 12- Other Financial Liabilities Particulars Creditors for expenses Interest Payable	As at 31st March, 2024 1.23 415.86	As at 31st March, 2023 0.5 164.1
a) shall be optionally fully convertible in nature b) issued for maximum tenure of 10 years from the date of allotment Note 12- Other Financial Liabilities Particulars Creditors for expenses	As at 31st March, 2024 1.23	31st March, 202 3



Capital India Corp Private Limited CIN: U65990DL2022PTC395053						
Notes To The Standalone Finan	<mark>cial Statements Fo</mark> r Rupees Lakh unless o		st March, 2024			
	ll India Corp Privat	Contraction of the second s				
	U65990DL2022PT					
Notes To The Standalone Finan			st March, 2024			
Amount in I	Rupees Lakh unless o	therwise stated				
Note 13 - Deferred tax (assets)/liabilities (Net)						
Particulars	As at 31st March 2023	Charged/ (Credited) to P&L	Charged/ (Credited) to OCI	As at 31st March 2024		
Deferred tax liabilities :						
-Fair Valuation of equity Instruments measured at FVTOCI (net)	-	-	-	-		
-Fair Valuation of equity Instruments measured at FVTPL	-	(1.15)	-	(1.15)		
-Due to timing difference	0.15	0.13	-	0.28		
Total deferred tax liabilities	0.15	(1.02)	-	(0.87)		
MAT credit entitlement						
Deferred tax (assets)/liabilities (net) 0.15 (1.02) - (0.87						
Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	Charged/ (Credited) to P&L	Charged/ (Credited) to OCI	As at 31st March 2023		
Deferred tax liabilities :						
-Fair Valuation of equity Instruments measured at FVTOCI (net)	-	-	-	-		
-Fair Valuation of Preference Instruments measured at FVTPL	-	-	-	-		
-Due to timing difference	-	0.15	_	0.15		
Total deferred tax liabilities	-	0.15	-	0.15		
MAT credit entitlement	-	-	-	-		
Deferred tax (assets)/liabilities (net)	-	0.15	58	0.15		
Note 14- Other Non-financial liabilities			·			
Particulars			As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023		
Provision	·····			10.62		
Statutory dues payable			32.55	18.94		
Total			32.55	29.56		



Notes To The St	CIN: U6599 andalone Financial Sta	a Corp Private Limited 0DL2022PTC395053 atements For The Year E Lakh unless otherwise stat	nded 31st March, 202 ted	24	
Note 15- Equity Share Capital			T		1
Particulars		As atAs at31st March, 202431st March, 2023			
Authorised Equity Share Capital 50,60,606 (As at 31.3.2023: 50,60,606) Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each		506.06 506.06	506.06 506.0 6		
Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid Up Equity Share Cap 50,60,606 (As at 31.3.2023: 50,60,606) Equity Shares of ₹ Total	ital 10 each		506.06 506.06	506.06 506.06	
(a) Reconciliation of the Equity shares					
Particulars		As at arch, 2024	As 31st Mar		
	No.	Amount	No.	Amount	
At the beginning of the period Add: Issued during the period	5,060,606	506.06 -	5,060,606 -	506.06 -	
Add: Issued on account of conversion of convertible preference shares	-	-	-	-	
Less: Bought-back during the year	-	-	-	-	
Outstanding at the end of the year	5,060,606	506.06	5,060,606	506.06	
(b) Name of shareholders holding more than 5% equ	ity shares in the Comp	pany: March, 2024	As at 31st M	Jarch 2023	
Particulars	No.	% holding	No.	% holding	
Equity shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid	NO,	70 HOIGINg		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Sumit Kumar Narvar	2,404,800	47.52%	2,404,800	47.520%	
Poonam Narvar	2,254,500	44.55%		44.550%	
	4,659,300	92.07%	4,659,300	92.07%	
(c) Promoter's Equity Shareholding Disclosure of shareholding of Promoters: Promoter name	As at 31s	t March, 2024	As at 31st	March, 2023	% Change during
	No. of shares	% of total shares	No. of shares	% of total shares	the year 2023-24
Sumit Kumar Narvar	2,404,800	47.52%		47.52%	
Poonam Narvar	2,254,500	44.55%			
Keshav Porwal	100,200	1.98%		1.98%	
Trident Buildtech Private Limited	250,500	4.95%			
Deepak Vaswan	50,606	1.00%			
Total	5,060,606	100.00%	5,060,606	100.00%	-

Total

(e) Terms/rights attached to equity shares As on 31st March, 2024, the company has only one class of equity shares having par value of INR 10 per share. Each Holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to recieve remaining assets of the company after distribution of all the preferential amounts. The distribution will be in the proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.



Capital India Corp Private Limited CIN: U65990DL2022PTC395053 Notes To The Standalone Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31st March, 2024

Amount in Runees Lakh unless otherwise stated

Note 16- Other Equity	As at	As a
Particulars	31st March 2024	31st March 2023
Retained Earnings	3,300.17	2,253.25
Other Comprehensive Income	-	-
Special Reserve u/s 45IC of the RBI Act, 1934	38.39	-
	3,338.56	2,253.25
	As at	As a
	31st March 2024	31st March 2023
a) Retained earnings	0.070.07	4.1.02.00
Balance at the beginning of the year Add/(Less): Profit/(Loss) for the year Add/(Less): Adjustment for prior year Transfer during the year	2,253.25	-4,163.80
	191.95	6,417.05
	893.35	-
	(38.39)	-
Transfer on sale of equity instruments	3,300.17	2,253.25
b) Other comprehensive income		
Balance at the beginning of the year	-	-
Fair Valuation of investments - net of tax	-	-
Transfer on sale of equity instruments		
c) Special Reserve u/s 45IC of the RBI Act, 1934		
Balance at the beginning of the year	-	-
Transfer during the year		
Transfer during the year	38.39 38.39	

The description, nature and purpose of each reserve within equity are as follows:

(a) Retained Earnings

Surplus in the statement of Profit and Loss is the accumulated available profits of the company carried forward from earlier years. These reserves are free reserves which can be utilised for any purpose as may be required.

(b) Other Comprehensive Income

The company has elected to recognise changes in the fair values of investment in equity securities (other than investment in subsidiary, associate and group companies) in other comprehensive income. These changes are accumulated within Other Comprehensive Income reserve within equity.

(c) Special Reserve u/s 45IC of the RBI Act, 1934

Special Reserve represents reserve created pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 ("the RBI Act"). In terms of Section 45-IC of the RBI Act, a Non-Banking Financial Company is required to transfer an amount not less than 20 per cent of its net profit to a Reserve Fund before declaring any dividend. Appropriation from this Reserve Fund is permitted only for the purposes specified by RBI.



Capital India Corp Private CIN: U65990DL2022PTC Notes To The Standalone Financial Statements For	395053	
Amount in Rupees Lakh unless of	herwise stated	
Note 17- Interest Income		
Particulars	For the year 2023-24	For the year 2022-23
On Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost		17 ((
Interest on Loan	17.75	15.66
Interest income on Investment in Debentures	- 4.24	- 12.08
Interest on deposits with Banks	4.34	27.74
Total	22.03	
Note 18- Dividend Income		
Particulars	For the year 2023-24	For the year 2022-23
On Financial Assets Classified at Fair Value through OCI	56.78	56.78
On Financial Assets classified at Fair Value through profit and loss	_	-
Total	56.78	56.78
Note 19- Net gain/ (loss) on fair value change Particulars	For the year 2023-24	For the year 2022-23
Fair Value gain/ (loss) of investments recognised at FVTPL	(10.05)	-
Fair Value gain/ (loss) of liabilities recognised at FVTPL	745.04	-
Total (A)	734.98	-
Fair Value Changes:	<u> </u>	_
-Realised	734.98	-
-Unrealised	734.98	
Total (B)		
Note 20- Other Operating Income		
Particulars	For the year	For the year 2022-23
	2023-24	100.00
Royalty Income	-	7,404.88
Profit on Sale of Investment Total	100.00	7,504.88
Note 21- Other Income		
Particulars	For the year	For the year 2022-23
	2023-24	2022-23
Profit on sale of Intangible Assets	0.66	-
Total		
Note 22- Finance costs		
	For the year	For the year
Particulars	2023-24	2022-23
Interest on borrowings (amortised cost)	283.36 0.01	386.05 0.27
Other Interest Expense	283.37	386.32
Total	20507	
Note 23- Employee Benefit Expenses		
	For the year	For the year
Particulars	2023-24	2022-23
Salaries, wages and bonus	0.67	
Total	0.07	-



Capital India Corp Private Limited CIN: U65990DL2022PTC395053 Notes To The Standalone Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31st March, 2024 Amount in Rupees Lakh unless otherwise stated

Note 24- Other expenses Particulars	For the year 2023-24	For the year 2022-23
Auditors' Fees and Expenses		0.55
- As Audit Fees	0.75	0.55
- For Tax Audit	0.50	-
Legal & Professional Charges	1.22	4.53
Bank Charges	2.36	6.67
Commission Expenses	-	10.08
Security Transaction Tax	-	8.25
Consultancy Charges	-	2.27
MCA Filing Fees	0.56	0.31
Corporate social responsibility expense {Refer Note 24(a)}	66.20	-
Custody Fees	1.07	0.07
5	0.05	2.97
Miscellaneous Expenses Total	72.71	35.70

Note 24(a)-Details of CSR Expenditure Pursuant to the applicability of CSR (Corporate Social Responsibility) provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 the details are as below :

Partic	ulars	For the year 2023-24	For the year 2022-23
i	Amount required to be spent by the Company during the year	66.18	-
ii	Amount of expenditure incurred	66.20	-
iii	Shortfall at the end of the year.	-	-
iv	Total of previous year shortfall	-	
v	Reason for shortfall	Not applicable	Not applicable
vi	Nature of CSR activities	Development of drains & solar power enabled street lighting	Not applicable
vii	Details of related party transactions	Enterprise over which control is exercised by the subsidiary of the Company	Not applicable



Capital India Corp Private Limited CIN: U65990DL2022PTC395053 Notes To The Standalone Financial Statements For The Year	Ended 31st March, 2024	
Amount in Rupees Lakh unless otherwise sta		
Note 25 - Income Tax		
(A) Amounts recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss Particulars	For the year 2023-24	For the year 2022-23
Current Tax	-	750.00
Deferred Tax Expense / (Income)	(1.02)	0.15
Total	(1.02)	750.15
(B) Amounts recognised in Other Comprehensive Income		
Particulars	For the year 2023-24	For the year 2022-23
Income Tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Total	-	-
(C) Reconciliation of effective tax		
Particulars	For the year 2023-24	For the year 2022-23
Accounting profit/(loss) before income tax Tax expense at Statutory Income Tax Rate @ 25.168% (Previous Year 25.168%) Adjustment of tax impact of the following:	557.60	7,167.21 750.00
Expenses not deductible under the Income Tax Act	-	-
Income not taxable under the Income tax Act	-	-
Effect of Unabsorbed Depreciation set off Effect on Deferred Tax due to Fair Value Gain on Investments	(1.02)	0.15
Others	-	-
Income Tax expense reported in Statement of Profit or Loss	(1.02)	750.15
Note 26- Other Comprehensive Income	For the year	For the year
Particulars	2023-24	2022-23
Items that will not be real agrifted to Profit on Loss		
Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss Equity instrument measured at fair value through OCI	_	-
Equity fish union measured at tail value an ough out		
Less: Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss		
Income tax relating to equity instrument measured at fair value through OCI	-	
	-	-
Note 27- Earnings per share (EPS) The following reflects the profit / (loss) and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS of	computations:	
Particulars	For the year 2023-24	For the year 2022-23
(a) Net (loss) / profit for calculation of basic EPS	191.95	6,417.05
Net (loss) / profit for calculation of diluted EPS	191.95	6,417.05
(b) Weighted average number of equity shares during the year - Basic Effect of dilution:	5,060,606	5,060,606
Add : Weighted average number of convertible preference shares		-
Weighted average number of shares in calculating diluted EPS	5,060,606	5,060,606
	3.79	126.80
Earning Per Share - Basic (K)		
Earning Per Share - Basic (₹) Earning Per Share - Diluted (₹)	3.79	126.80



		Canital India	a Corp Private Limi	ited				
			0DL2022PTC3950					
	Notes To The Stand				March, 2024			
	Notes 10 The Stand		Lakh unless otherw					
		Alloule III Rupees	Lakir unress other w	150 Statest				
Note 28(a): Related Party Transaction								
Details Of Related Parties	Description of relation							
Hume of company, and a	Step Down Subsidiary							
Capital India Home Bound Bea		Jompany						
Capital India Finance Limited	Subsidiary Company							
Credenc Web Technologies Pvt Ltd	Subsidiary Company Wholly Owned Subsidi							
Capital India Wealth Management Pvt Ltd.	Wholly Owned Subsidi							
CIFL Holdings Pvt Ltd.	Step Down Subsidiary							
Capital India Asset Management Pvt Ltd	Step Down Subsidiary							
Rapipay Fintech Pvt Ltd	•	-						
NYE Investech Pvt Ltd (Formerly Kuants Wealth Pvt	Step Down Subsidiary	Company						
Ltd)	•							
Yellow Whale Technologies Pvt Ltd	Subsidiary Company	C	- 01 2022					
NYE Insurance Broking Pvt Ltd	Step Down Subsidiary			fthe Company				
Atulya Foundation	Enterprise over which	control is exercised	i by the subsidiary c	n the company				
Sitaram Niwas Pvt Ltd	Enterprise Under which	In KMP has significate	ant influence					
Trident Buildtech Pvt Ltd	Enterprise Under which	in KMP has significa	int innuence					
Key Management Personnel	Description of relation							
Sumit Kumar Narvar	Chairman & Managing							
Keshav Porwal	Non Executive Directo							
Deepak Vaswan	Non Executive Directo	r						
Details of related party transactions during the ye	ear ended 31st March,	2024 and outstan	ding balances ther	eor				
			der which KMP ha	Capital India	Yellow Whale	Rapipay	Key	
Particulars	Trident Buildtech	Credenc Web	Capital India					
							management	Total
	Pvt Ltd	Technologies Pvt		Finance Ltd	Technologies	Fintech Pvt	management personnel	Total
							management personnel	Total
	Pvt Ltd	Technologies Pvt			Technologies	Fintech Pvt		Total
Balances outstanding in the beginning of the		Technologies Pvt Ltd	Home Loans Ltd	Finance Ltd	Technologies Pvt Ltd	Fintech Pvt Ltd	personnel	Total -
Balances outstanding in the beginning of the Reporting Period	Pvt Ltd	Technologies Pvt Ltd	Home Loans Ltd	Finance Ltd	Technologies Pvt Ltd	Fintech Pvt Ltd	personnel	-
Balances outstanding in the beginning of the Reporting Period Amount Payable	Pvt Ltd	Technologies Pvt Ltd -	Home Loans Ltd	Finance Ltd	Technologies Pvt Ltd -	Fintech Pvt Ltd	personnel	36,544.50
Balances outstanding in the beginning of the Reporting Period	Pvt Ltd	Technologies Pvt Ltd -	Home Loans Ltd	Finance Ltd	Technologies Pvt Ltd -	Fintech Pvt Ltd	personnel	36,544.50
Balances outstanding in the beginning of the Reporting Period Amount Payable Amount Receivable	Pvt Ltd	Technologies Pvt Ltd -	Home Loans Ltd	Finance Ltd	Technologies Pvt Ltd -	Fintech Pvt Ltd	personnel	36,544.50
Balances outstanding in the beginning of the Reporting Period Amount Payable Amount Receivable Transaction during the year	Pvt Ltd - 36,544.50 -	Technologies Pvt Ltd -	Home Loans Ltd - - -	Finance Ltd	Technologies Pvt Ltd -	Fintech Pvt Ltd	personnel	
Balances outstanding in the beginning of the Reporting Period Amount Payable Amount Receivable Transaction during the year Loan Received	Pvt Ltd	Technologies Pvt Ltd - 200.00	Home Loans Ltd	Finance Ltd	Technologies Pvt Ltd -	Fintech Pvt Ltd	personnel	36,544.50 522.90 1,520.00
Balances outstanding in the beginning of the Reporting Period Amount Payable Amount Receivable <u>Transaction during the vear</u> Loan Received Loan Given	Pvt Ltd - 36,544.50 -	Technologies Pvt Ltd -	Home Loans Ltd	Finance Ltd - - - - - -	Technologies Pvt Ltd -	Fintech Pvt Ltd	personnel	- <u>36,544.50</u> 522.90 1,520.00 720.00
Balances outstanding in the beginning of the. Reporting Period. Amount Payable Amount Receivable Transaction during the year. Loan Received Loan Given Royalty Income	Pvt Ltd - 36,544.50 -	Technologies Pvt Ltd - 200.00	Home Loans Ltd - - -	Finance Ltd - - - 82.60	Technologies Pvt Ltd -	Fintech Pvt Ltd	personnel	- <u>36,544.50</u> 522.90 1,520.00 720.00 118.00
Balances outstanding in the beginning of the Reporting Period Amount Payable Amount Receivable Transaction during the year Loan Received Loan Given Royality Income Dividend Income	Pvt Ltd - 36,544.50 -	Technologies Pvt Ltd - - 200.00 - 720.00 - -	Home Loans Ltd	Finance Ltd - - - - - -	Technologies Pvt Ltd -	Fintech Pvt Ltd - - - -	personnel	- 36,544.50 522.90 1,520.00 720.00 118.00 56.78
Balances outstanding in the beginning of the Reporting Period Amount Payable Amount Receivable <u>Transaction during the year</u> Loan Received Loan Given Royalty Income Dividend Income Unlisted Loan Convertible Into Equity Shares	Pvt Ltd - 36,544.50 -	Technologies Pvt Ltd - - 200.00 - 720.00 - - 937.72	Home Loans Ltd	Finance Ltd - - - 82.60	Technologies Pvt Ltd -	Fintech Pvt Ltd - - - -	personnel	
Balances outstanding in the beginning of the. Reporting Period Amount Payable Amount Receivable Transaction during the year. Loan Received Loan Given Royalty Income Dividend Income Unlisted Loan Convertible Into Equity Shares Investment in Equity Shares	Pvt Ltd - 36,544.50 -	Technologies Pvt Ltd - - 200.00 - 720.00 - -	Home Loans Ltd	Finance Ltd - - - 82.60	Technologies Pvt Ltd -	Fintech Pvt Ltd - - - -	personnel	36,544.50 522.90 1,520.00 720.00 118.00 56.77 937.72 747.00
Balances outstanding in the beginning of the Reporting Period Amount Payable Amount Receivable Transaction during the year Loan Received Loan Given Royalty Income Dividend Income Unitsted Loan Convertible into Equity Shares Investment in Equity Shares Trandemark Transfer Income	Pvt Ltd - 36,544.50 -	Technologies Pvt Ltd - - 200.00 - 720.00 - - 937.72	Home Loans Ltd	Finance Ltd	Technologies Pvt Ltd -	Fintech Pvt Ltd - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	personnel	
Balances outstanding in the beginning of the Reporting Period Amount Payable Amount Receivable Transaction during the year Loan Received Loan Received Doardity Income Dividend Income Unlisted Loan Convertible Into Equity Shares Investment in Equity Shares Transdemark Transfer Income Amount Received	Pvt Ltd - 36,544.50 -	Technologies Pvt Ltd - - 200.00 - 720.00 - - 937.72	Home Loans Ltd	Finance Ltd - - - 82.60	Technologies Pvt Ltd -	Fintech Pvt Ltd - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	personnel	
Balances outstanding in the beginning of the. Reporting Period Amount Payable	Pvt Ltd - 36,544.50 - 1,520.00 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Technologies Pvt Ltd - - 200.00 - 720.00 - - 937.72	Home Loans Ltd	Finance Ltd	Technologies Pvt Ltd -	Fintech Pvt Ltd - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	personnel	36,544.50 522.90 1,520.00 720.00 118.00 56.77 937.72 747.00 0.92 160.02
Balances outstanding in the beginning of the Reporting Period Amount Payable Amount Receivable Transaction during the year. Loan Received Loan Given Royalty Income Dividend Income Unitsted Loan Convertible Into Equity Shares Investment in Equity Shares Trandemark Transfer Income Amount Received Interest Paid on Debenture and Unsecured Loans	Pvt Ltd - 36,544.50 -	Technologies Pvt Ltd - - 200.00 - 720.00 - - 937.72	Home Loans Ltd	Finance Ltd	Technologies Pvt Ltd - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Fintech Pvt Ltd - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	personnel	
Balances outstanding in the beginning of the Reporting Period Amount Payable Amount Receivable Transaction during the year Loan Received Loan Received Doan Received Doan Received Income Dividend Income Unlisted Loan Convertible into Equity Shares Trandemark Transfer Income Amount Received Amount Received Amount Received Interest Paid on Debenture and Unsecured Loans TDS Receivable	Pvt Ltd - 36,544.50 - 1,520.00 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Technologies Pvt Ltd - - 200.00 - 720.00 - - 937.72 747.00 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Home Loans Ltd	Finance Ltd	Technologies Pvt Ltd - - - 322.90 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Fintech Pvt Ltd - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	personnel	36,544.50 522.90 1,520.00 118.00 56.75 937.72 747.00 0.99 160.02 - 3.24 15.64
Balances outstanding in the beginning of the Reporting Period Amount Payable Amount Receivable Transaction during the year. Loan Received Loan Given Royalty Income Dividend Income Unitsted Loan Convertible Into Equity Shares Investment in Equity Shares Trandemark Transfer Income Amount Received Interest Paid on Debenture and Unsecured Loans	Pvt Ltd - 36,544.50 - 1,520.00 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Technologies Pvt Ltd - - 200.00 - 720.00 - - 937.72	Home Loans Ltd	Finance Ltd	Technologies Pvt Ltd - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Fintech Pvt Ltd - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	personnel	36,544.50 522.90 1,520.00 118.00 56.7E 937.72 747.00 0.92 16.02 - 3.24 15.66
Balances outstanding in the beginning of the Reporting Period Amount Payable Amount Receivable Transaction during the year. Loan Received Loan Received Dividend Income Dividend Income Dividend Income Unisted Loan Convertible into Equity Shares Trandemark Transfer Income Amount Received Amount Received Amount Paid Interest Paid on Debenture and Unsecured Loans TDS Receivable Interest on Debenture and Loan Given (Net of TDS)	Pvt Ltd	Technologies Pvt Ltd - - 200.00 - 720.00 - - 937.72 747.00 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Home Loans Ltd	Finance Ltd	Technologies Pvt Ltd - - - 322.90 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Fintech Pvt Ltd - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	personnel	36,544.50 522.90 1,520.00 720.00 118.00 56.77 937.77 747.00 0.99 160.02 - 3.24 15.66 17.77
Balances outstanding in the beginning of the Reporting Period Amount Payable Amount Receivable Transaction during the year Loan Received Loan Received Doan Received Doan Received Income Dividend Income Unlisted Loan Convertible into Equity Shares Trandemark Transfer Income Amount Received Amount Received Amount Received Interest Paid on Debenture and Unsecured Loans TDS Receivable	Pvt Ltd - 36,544.50 - 1,520.00 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Technologies Pvt Ltd - - 200.00 - 720.00 - - 937.72 747.00 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Home Loans Ltd	Finance Ltd	Technologies Pvt Ltd - - - 322.90 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Fintech Pvt Ltd - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	personnel	36,544.50 522.90 1,520.00 720.00 118.00 56.77 937.72 747.00 0.92 160.02 - 3.22 15.66 17.75
Balances outstanding in the beginning of the Reporting Period Amount Payable	Pvt Ltd 	Technologies Pvt Ltd - - 200.00 - 720.00 - - 937.72 747.00 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Home Loans Ltd	Finance Ltd	Technologies Pvt Ltd - - - 322.90 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Fintech Pvt Ltd - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	personnel	36,544.50 522.90 1,520.00 720.00 118.00 56.78 937.72 747.00 0.92 160.02
Balances outstanding in the beginning of the. Reporting Period. Amount Payable Amount Receivable Transaction during the year. Loan Received Loan Given Royalty Income Dividend Income Unitsted Loan Convertible into Equity Shares Investment in Equity Shares Trandemark Transfer Income Amount Received Amount Paid Interest Paid on Debenture and Unsecured Loans TDS Receivable Interest on Debenture and Loan Given (Net of TDS) Interest on Loan Received (Net of TDS) Balances outstanding at the end of the Reporting	Pvt Ltd 	Technologies Pvt Ltd - - 200.00 - 720.00 - - 937.72 747.00 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Home Loans Ltd	Finance Ltd	Technologies Pvt Ltd - - - 322.90 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Fintech Pvt Ltd - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	personnel	
Balances outstanding in the beginning of the Reporting Period Amount Payable Amount Receivable Transaction during the year. Loan Received Loan Given Royalty Income Dividend Income Unlisted Loan Convertible into Equity Shares Investment in Equity Shares Trandemark Transfer Income Amount Paid Interest Paid on Debenture and Unsecured Loans TDS Receivable Interest on Debenture and Loan Given (Net of TDS) Interest on Loan Received (Net of TDS) Balances outstanding at the end of the Reporting Period.	Pvt Ltd	Technologies Pvt Ltd - - 200.00 - 720.00 - - 937.72 747.00 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Home Loans Ltd	Finance Ltd	Technologies Pvt Ltd - - - 322.90 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Fintech Pvt Ltd - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	personnel	
Balances outstanding in the beginning of the. Reporting Period. Amount Payable Amount Receivable Transaction during the year. Loan Received Loan Given Royalty Income Dividend Income Unitsted Loan Convertible into Equity Shares Investment in Equity Shares Trandemark Transfer Income Amount Received Amount Paid Interest Paid on Debenture and Unsecured Loans TDS Receivable Interest on Debenture and Loan Given (Net of TDS) Interest on Loan Received (Net of TDS) Balances outstanding at the end of the Reporting	Pvt Ltd 	Technologies Pvt Ltd - - 200.00 - 720.00 - - 937.72 747.00 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Home Loans Ltd	Finance Ltd	Technologies Pvt Ltd - - - 322.90 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Fintech Pvt Ltd	personnel	



				orp Private Limit						
		s To The Standalor		0L2022PTC39505		March 2024				
	Note			ikh unless otherwi		march, 2021				
ote 28(b): Related Party Transaction										
etails Of Related Parties										
	Description of relation									
	Step Down Subsidiary	Company								
	Subsidiary Company	sidiary Company								
	Subsidiary Company	osidiary Company								
	Wholly Owned Subsid									
FL Holdings Pvt Ltd.	Wholly Owned Subsid									
	Step Down Subsidiary	Company								
apipav Fintech Pvt Ltd	Associate Company									
uants Wealth Pvt Ltd	Step Down Subsidiary	(w.e.f. April 18, 202	2)							
ellow Whale Technologies Pyt Ltd	Subsidiary Company									
YE Insurance Broking Pyt Ltd	Step Down Subsidiary	Company w.e.f. Jun	e 01, 2022							
tuiva Foundation	Enterprise over which	control is exercised	l by the subsidiar	y of the Company						
Itaram Niwas Pvt Ltd	Enterprise Under whi	ch KMP has significa	nt influence							
	Enterprise Under whi									
Charles of the second second	······································									
ey Management Personnel	Description of relati	onship								
umit Kumar Narvar	Chairman & Managing									
leshav Porwal	Non Executive Direct									
Deepak Vaswan	Non Executive Direct									
etails of related party transactions during the ye	ar ended 31st March,	2023 and outstand	ling balances th	ereof						
could of related party transactions and the rest			Enterprise und	er which KMP has	significant Influ	uence				
Particulars	Trident Buildtech	Credenc Web	Capital India	Capital India	Capital India	Yellow Whale	Rapipay	CIFL Holding	Key	
articulars	Pvt Ltd	Technologies Pvt	Home Loans	Finance Ltd	Wealth	Technologies	Fintech Pvt	Pvt Ltd	management	Total
						Pyt Ltd	Ltd		personnel	
		Ltd	ltd		Management		Lu			
		Ltd	Itd		Management Pvt Ltd	TVELCU			-	
Balances outstanding in the beginning of the	-	Ltd -	ltd -	-		-		-	-	
Balances outstanding in the beginning of the	-			-	Pvt Ltd					
Reporting Period				-	Pvt Ltd			-	-	41,417
Reporting Period Amount Payable	- 41,417.30	-	-		Pvt Ltd -	-	-			41,417.
Reporting Period	41,417.30	-	-		Pvt Ltd -	-	-		-	41,417
Reporting Period Amount Payable Amount Receivable	41,417.30	-	-		Pvt Ltd -	-	-		-	
teporting Period Amount Payable Amount Receivable Transaction during the year.	41,417.30	-	-		Pvt Ltd -	-	-		-	811
leporting Period Amount Pavable Amount Receivable Transaction during the year. Loan Received	41,417.30	-	-		Pvt Ltd -	-	-		-	811 200
teorting Period Amount Payable Amount Receivable Transaction during the year. Loan Received Loan Given	41,417.30	-			Pvt Ltd -	-	-		-	811 200 139
teporting Period Amount Revelvable Transaction during the year. Loan Received Loan Given Royalty Income	41,417.30	-	- - - 41.89		Pvt Ltd -	-	-		-	811 200 139 18
teporting Period Amount Payable Amount Receivable Transaction during the year Loan Received Loan Gliven Rovalty Income Credit note against royalty Income	41,417.30			- - - 97.94 13.00	Pvt Ltd -	-	-		-	811 200 139 18 56
Reporting Period Amount Payable Mnount Receivable Transaction during the year Loan Received Loan Given Rovalty Income Credit note against royalty Income Dividend Income	41,417.30		- - - 41.89 5.50		Put I.td 	-	-		-	811 200 139 18 56
teporting Period Amount Receivable Transaction during the year Loan Received Loan Given Royalty Income Credit note agaInst royalty Income Dividend Income Investment In Shares	<u>41,417.30</u> - 811.88 - - - - - - - - - -		- - - 41.89 5.50 -	97.94 13.00 56.78	Pvt Ltd -	-	-			811 200 139 18 56 4
teporting Period Amount Receivable Transaction during the year Loan Received Loan Given Royalty Income Credit note agaInst royalty Income Dividend Income Investment In Shares	<u>41,417.30</u> - 811.88 - - - - - - - - - -		- - - 41.89 5.50		Put I.td 	-	-			811 200 139 18 56 4 322
teporting Period Amount Revelvable Transaction during the year. Loan Received Loan Given Royalty income Credit note against royalty income Dividend Income Investment in Shares Investment in Compulsorily Convertible Debentures	<u>41,417.30</u> - 811.88 - - - - - - - - - -		- - - 41.89 5.50 -	97.94 13.00 56.78	Put I.td 	-	-			811 200 139 18 56 4 322
Reporting Period Amount Payable Amount Receivable Transaction during the year. Loan Received Loan Given Rovalty Income Gredit note against rovalty income Dividend Income Investment in Shares Investment in Compulsorily Convertible Debentures Sale of investments	<u>41,417.30</u> - 811.88 - - - - - - - - - -	200.00	- - 41.89 5.50 - - -	97.94 13.00 56.78	Put I.td 					811 200 139 18 56 4 322 1,400
Amount Period Amount Payable Amount Receivable Transaction during the year Loan Received Loan Given Royalty income Credit note against royalty income Dividend Income Investment in Shares Investment in Compulsorily Convertible Debentures Sale of investments Amount Received	41,417.30 		- - - 41.89 5.50 -	97.94 13.00 56.78 - - 141.72	Pvi I.Id - - - - 2.00 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -					811 200 139 18 56 4 322 1,406 179
tegorfing Period Amount Payable Amount Revelvable Loan Received Loan Given Royalty Income Credit note against royalty Income Dividend Income Investment In Shares Investment In Compulsorily Convertible Debentures Sale of Investments Amount Received Amount Received	41,417.30 - 811.88 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	200.00	- - 41.89 5.50 - - -	97.94 13.00 56.78	Put I.td 		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			811 200 139 14 322 1,40 17' 1,14
enorting Period imount Receivable Iransaction during the year. coan Received Loan Given Royalty Income Royalty Income Dividend Income Investment in Shares Investment in Compulsorily Convertible Debentures Sale of Investments Amount Received Amount Paid Interest Paid on Debenture and Unsecured Loans	41,417.30 		- - 41.89 5.50 - - -	97.94 13.00 56.78 - - 141.72	Pvi I.Id - - - - 2.00 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			811 200 139 16 50 4 322 1,400 177 1,144
teorcting Period Amount Payable Iransaction during the year. Loan Received Loan Green Rovalty Income Credit note against royalty income Dividend Income Investment in Shares Investment in Compuisority Convertible Debentures Sale of Investments Amount Received Amount Paid Interest Paid on Debenture and Unsecured Loans	41,417.30 - 811.88 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		- - 41.89 5.50 - - -	97.94 13.00 56.78 - - 141.72	Pvi I.Id - - - - 2.00 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			811 200 139 16 50 4 322 1,400 177 1,144
eorting Period imount Period imount Receivable Iransaction during the vear. Coan Received Can Given Royalty Income Credit note against royalty income Dividend Income Investment in Shares Sale of Investments Amount Received Amount Received Amount Received Interest Pail on Debenture and Unsecured Loans Interest on Debenture and Loan Given (Net of TDS) Interest on Debenture and Loan Given (Net of TDS)	41,417.30 		- - 41.89 5.50 - - -	97.94 13.00 56.78 - - 141.72	Pvi I.Id - - - - 2.00 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			811 200 139 14 56 4 322 1,40 177 1,14
teorting Period Amount Payable Mount Receivable Iransaction during the year. Loan Given Royalty Income Gredit note against royalty Income Dividend Income Investment in Shares Sale of Investments Amount Received Amount Paid Interest Paid on Debenture and Unsecured Loans Interest Paid on Debenture and Loan Given (Net of TDS) Debenture Redeemed	41,417.30 	200.00	- - 41.89 5.50 - - -	97.94 13.00 56.78 - - 141.72	Pvi I.Id - - - - 2.00 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			811 200 139 16 50 4 322 1,40 175 1,144 4,53
tenorting Period Amount Payable Amount Receivable Transaction during the year Loan Received Loan Given Royalty Income Credit note against royalty income Dividend Income Investment in Shares Investment in Compuisorily Convertible Debentures Sale of investments Amount Received Amount Paid Interest Paid on Debenture and Unsecured Loans Interest no Debenture and Loan Given (Net of TDS) Debenture Redeemed	41,417.30 	200.00	- - 41.89 5.50 - - -	97.94 13.00 56.78 - - 141.72	Pvř Ltd - - - 2.00 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			811 200 139 16 50 4 322 1,40 175 1,144 4,53
Reporting Period Amount Receivable Transaction during the year. Loan Received Kovaltv income Dividend Income Dividend Income Investment in Shares Investment in Compulsorily Convertible Debentures Sale of investments Amount Received Amount Paid Interest Paid on Debenture and Unsecured Loans Interest on Debenture and Given (Net of TDS) Debenture Redeemed	41,417.30 	200.00	- - 41.89 5.50 - - -	97.94 13.00 56.78 - - 141.72	Pvř Ltd - - - 2.00 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			811 200 139 18 56 4 322 1,400 175 1,144 4 14 4 53
Reporting Period Amount Receivable Transaction during the year. Loan Received Loan Given Rovalty income Credit note against royalty income Dividend Income Investment in Shares Investment in Compulsorily Convertible Debentures Sale of investments Amount Received Amount Paid Interest Paid on Debenture and Unsecured Loans Interest on Debenture and Given (Net of TDS) Debenture Redeemed	41,417.30 	200.00	- - 41.89 5.50 - - -	97.94 13.00 56.78 - - 141.72	Pvř Ltd - - - 2.00 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			811, 200 139 18 56 4 322 1,406 179 1,14E 4 14 4 4,535
teporting Period Amount Payable Amount Receivable Transaction during the year. Loan Received Loan Received Credit note against royalty income Dividend Income Dividend Income Dividend Income Dividend Income Sale of investment in Sares Investment in Compulsorily Convertible Debentures Sale of investments Amount Paid Interest Paid on Debenture and Unsecured Loans Interest Paid on Debenture and Given (Net of TDS) Debenture Redeemed Interest on Loan Received (Net of TDS) Balances outstanding at the end of the Reporting	41,417.30 		- 	97.94 13.00 56.78 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Pvř Ltd - - - 2.00 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	41,417. 811. 200. 139. 18 56 4. 322 1,406 179 1,148 4 4 14 4,535 12
Reporting Period Amount Reviewable Transaction during the year. Loan Received Loan Given Royalty Income Dividend Income Dividend Income Investment In Shares Investment In Shares Amount Received Amount Received Amount Received Intrest Paid on Debenture and Unsecured Loans Interest Paid on Debenture and Given (Net of TDS) Debenture Redeemed Interest on Loan Received (Net of TDS)	41,417.30 	200.00	- - 41.89 5.50 - - -	97,94 13.00 56.78 - 141.72 - - - - -	Pyř IId - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			811. 200. 139, 18 56 4. 322 1,406 179 1,148 4 4 14 4,535 12 36,544
teporting Period Amount Payable Amount Receivable Transaction during the year. Loan Received Loan Given Rovalty Income Dividend Income Dividend Income Investment in Compulsorily Convertible Debentures Sale of Investments Amount Received Amount Paid Interest Paid on Debenture and Unsecured Loans Interest on Loan Received (Net of TDS) Bajances outstanding at the end of the Reporting Period	41,417.30 		- 	97.94 13.00 56.78 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Pvř Ltd - - - 2.00 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	811 200 139 18 56 4 322 1,406 179 179 1,14£ 4 14 14 14 14



- [Capital India Corp Private Limited
	CIN: U65990DL2022PTC395053
	Notes To The Standalone Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31st March, 2024
	Amount in Rupees Lakh unless otherwise stated
	Note 29: Contingent Liabilities and Commitments (to the extent not provided for)
	Nil

Note 30: Other Regulatory Information

(i) No proceeding have been initiated or pending against the company under Prohibition of Benami Property Transaction Act, 1988, read with rules made thereunder.

(ii) The Company does not have any transaction with companies Stuck Off under Section 248 of Companies Act, 2013 or under section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.

(iii) The Company is not categories or declared as wilful defaulter by any Bank and Financial Institution or Other Lender.

(iv) The Management of the company represents that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

The Management of the company further represents, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(v) The Company had not granted loans or advances in the nature of loans to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person, that are repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment.

(vi) The company does not have any immovable property hence the requirement of title deeds is not applicable.

(vii) The company does not have any Capital Work in Progress (CWIP).

(viii) The company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment during the year.

(ix) The company does not have any intangible assets under development.

(x) The company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of Section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Restriction on number of layers) Rules , 2017.

(xi) During the year company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits within the meaning of section 73 to 76 of Companies Act, 2013. (xii) There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.

(xiii) The Company has not borrowed any funds from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets during the year.

(xiv) No charges or satisfaction of charges with Registrar of Companies (ROC) are pending to be registered by MCA. (xv) Company is not subjected to any scheme of arrangement by the Competent Authority in terms of section 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013. (xvi) There are no whistle blower complaints received by the company during the year.

(xvii) The company have not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the financial year

(xviii) The Company has not given any advance or loan or invested funds from share premlum or any other sources with the understanding that intermediary would directly or indirectly lend or invest in other person or entity identified as ultimate beneficiaries or provide any guarantee or security on behalf of ultimate beneficiaries. The Company has not received any fund from any person or entity with the understanding that the Company would directly or indirectly lend or invest in other person or entity identified as ultimate beneficiary or provide any guarantee or secuirty or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiary.

(xix) The Company has not proposed any dividend during the year in view of its future plans for expansion.



Note 31(a)- Financial Instruments: Set out below is a comparison by class of th		C Standalone Fi Amoun	IN: U65990DL: nancial Statem t in Rupees Lakh	p Private Limited 2022PTC395053 ents For The Year E ents otherwise stat struments of the Com	ed	ch, 2024
	As at 3	023				
Particulars	Cost/Amortised Cost	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Cost/Amortised Cost	FVTPL	FVTOCI
Financial Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	3.06	-	-	3.19	-	-
Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents	32.89	-	-	317.72	-	-
Loans	-	-	-	200.00	-	-
Investments	41,962.54	1.51	-	40,289.38	-	-
Other Financial assets	0.79	-	-	0.41	-	-
Total	41,999.28	1.51	-	40,810.70		-
Financial Liabilities						
Borrowing (other than debt securities)	2,869.45	-	-	1,349.45	-	
Subordinated liabilities	-	34,872.61	-	36,511	-	-
Other financial liabilities	418.86	-	-	164.62	-	-
Total	3,288.31	34,872.61	-	38,025.08	-	-

Fair Valuation Techniques:

The Company maintains policies and procedures to value Financial Assets & Financial Liabilities using the best and most relevant data available. The Fair Values of the Financial Assets and Liabilities are included at the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The Company has disclosed financial instruments such as cash and cash equivalents, other financial assets and other current financial liability at carrying value because their carrying amounts are a reasonable approximation of the fair values due to their short term nature. Fair value of Investment in Quoted Equity Shares is based on quoted market price at the reporting date and for unquoted, it is determined as per IND AS 113.

Note 31(b)- Fair Value hierarchy

All financial assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured in the standalone financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows: -

Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets.

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The following table presents the fair value measurement hierarchy of financial assets and financial liabilities, which have been measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value as at 31st March 2024 and 31st March 2023:

Assets / Liabilities measured at fair value	Fair value me	Fair value measurement at end of the reporting year Usin					
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total			
As at 31st March 2024							
Assets at fair value Investments	-	-	41,964.05	41,964.05			
Liabilities at fair value Subordinate Liabilities	-	-	34,872.61	34,872.61			
As at 31st March 2023							
Assets at fair value Investments	-	-	40,289.38	40,289.38			
Liabilities at fair value Subordinate Liabilities	-	-	36,511.00	36,511.00			

During the Year ended 31st March, 2024 and 31st March, 2023, there was no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3

A one percent point change in the unobservable inputs used in fair valuation of level 3 assets and liabilities does not have a significant impact in its value, The fair values of the quoted equity instruments were determined on the basis of the closing price on the last day of the financial year. In respect of unlisted equity instruments measured at FVTOCI, fair value is determined based on the estimation of valuation by the management. The fair value of unquoted investments in preference shares are estimated by discounting future cash flows using rates currently available for debt on similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities. The estimation is based on level 3 inputs like net assets value etc.

Impact in statement of profit and loss:

Year Ended	Year Ended
31.03.2024	31.03.2023
40,289.38	40,289.38
1,684.72	-
-	-
-	-
(10.05)	-
41,964.05	40,289.38
	31.03.2024 40,289.38 1,684.72 - - (10.05)



Capital India Corp Private Limited CIN: U65990DL2022PTC395053

Notes To The Standalone Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31st March, 2024

Amount in Rupees Lakh unless otherwise stated

Note 32: Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's activities are exposed to market risk (interest risk) and liquidity risk from its operations.

Market Risk: Market risk is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair values or future cash flows that may results from change in the price of a financial instrument. The value of a financial instrument may change as result of change in the interest rates and other market changes may affect market risk sensitive instruments. Market risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments, security deposit, payables and loans and borrowings. Market prices comprise of interest rate risk.

Currency Risk

The Company does not have any transaction in foreign currency and hence is not exposed to currency risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is not exposed to the risk of changes in market interest rates as the company's borrowings comprise of loans with fixed rate of interest.

Equity Price Risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair value of equities decreases as the result of changes in the level of equity indices and individual stocks. The Company manages the equity price risk through diversification and by placing limits on individual and total equity instruments. Reports on the equity portfolio are submitted to the Company's senior management on a regular basis. The Company's Board of Directors reviews and approves all equity investment decisions.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due. The Company relies excess operating cash flows to meet its needs for funds. The Company monitors rolling forecasts of its liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs.

The table below provides details regarding the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted payments:

Particulars	Carrying Amounts	Less than 1 Year	1-3 Years	More than 3 Years
As at 31st March 202 % Borrowings Other Financial Liabilities	37,742.06 418.86	2,335.95 418.86	-	35,406.11
As at 31st March 2023 Borrowings Other Financial Liabilities	37,860.45 164.62	1,315.95 164.62	-	36,544.50

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's trade, cash and cash equivalents and investments. The maximum exposure to credit risk in case of all the financial instruments covered below is restricted to their respective carrying amount.

Trade Receivables

The Company does not have an exposure to credit risk from customers since the Company does not have any trade receivables.

Cash & Cash Equivalents and Other Bank Balances

The Company held cash and cash equivalents of ₹ 0.23 lakhs as at 31st March 2024 (₹ 0.23 lakhs as at 31st March 2023) and bank deposits (including other bank balances) of ₹ 35.72 lakhs as at 31st March 2024 (₹ 320.68 lakhs as at 31st March 2023). These are held with credit worthy banks and financial institutions and the credit worthiness of such banks and financial institutions is evaluated by the management on an ongoing basis and is considered to be good.

Investments

The company had limited its exposure to credit risk by investing in liquid debt securities that have an investment grade credit rating. The company monitors changes in credit risk by tracking published external credit ratings.

Other Financial Assets

Credit risk from other financial instruments has not increased significantly since initial recognition, accordingly the expected probability of default is low.

Exposure to the Credit Risks

The gross carrying amount of financial assets, net of any impairment recognised represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum credit exposure as at 31.03.2024 and as at 31.03.2023 is as follows:

Particulars	As at 31.03.2024	As at 31.03.2023
Investments	41,964.05	40,289.38
Cash and Cash Equivalents	3.06	3.19
Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents	32.89	317.72
Loans	-	200.00
Other Financial Assets	0.79	0.41
Total	42,000.79	40,810.70



Standalone

Capital India Corp Private Limited CIN: U65990DL2022PTC395053 Notes To The Standalone Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31st March, 2024 Amount in Rupees Lakh unless otherwise stated

Note 33:

Segment Information

According to Ind AS 108, Operating Segments, identification of operating segments is based on Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) approach for making decisions about allocating resources to the segment and assessing its performance. The company operates within India and the business activity of the company falls within one broad business segment.

Note 34- Capital Management

The Company operates as an Investment Company and consequently is registered as a Non-Banking Financial Company - Core investment Company - Non deposit taking- systemically important (NBFC-CIC-NDSI) with Reserve Bank of India (RBI). The Company's policy is to maintain an adequate capital base so as to market confidence and to sustain future development. Capital includes issued capital and all other equity reserves attributable to equity holders. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maintain an optimal structure so as to maximize the shareholder's value. In order to strengthen the capital base, the company may use appropriate means to enhance or reduce capital, as the case may be.

The Company is not subject to any external imposed capital requirement. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. Net Debt is calculated as borrowings less cash and cash equivalents.

Particulars	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
Sub-ordinated liabilities	34,872.61	36,511.00
Borrowings	2,869.45	1,349.45
Less: Cash & Cash equivalent	(3.06)	(3.19)
Net Debt	37,739.00	37,857.26
Equity Share Capital	506.06	506.06
Other Equity	3,338.56	2,253.25
Total Capital	3,844.62	2,759.31
Capital and Net Debt	41,583.61	40,616.57
Gearing Ratio	90.75%	93.21%



Capital India Corp Private Limited CIN: U65990DL2022PTC395053 Notes To The Standalone Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31st March, 2024 Amount in Rupees Lakh unless otherwise stated							
Note 35: Maturity analysis of assets and liabil	ities As a	t 31st March 2024		A	s at 31st March 2023	1	
Particulars	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total	
ASSETS							
 <u>Financial Assets</u> (a) Cash and Cash Equivalents 	3.06	-	3.06	3.19	-	3.19	
(b) Bank balance other than cash and cash	18.26	14.63	32.89	317.72	-	317.72	
equivalents above				200.00		200.00	
(c) Loans	-	41,964.05	41,964.05	200.00	40,289.38	40,289.38	
(d) Investments	0.04	41,964.03	0.79	0.40	0.01	0.41	
(e) Other Financial assets	0.04	0.75	011.2	0110			
 <u>Non Financial Assets</u> (a) Current Tax Assets (net) 	32.85	-	32.85	-	-	-	
(b) Property, Plant and Equipment	-	0.47	0.47	-	-	-	
(c) Other Intangible Assets	-	3.11	3.11	-	3.39	3.39	
LIABILITIES							
1. Financial Liabilities							
(a) Borrowing (other than debt securities)	2,335.95	37,044.50	39,380.45	1,315.95	36,544.50	37,860.45	
(b) Subordinated Liabilities	-	34,872.61	34,872.61	-	36,511.00	36,511.00	
(c) Other financial liabilities	418.86	-	418.86	-	164.62	164.62	
2. Non Financial Liabilities							
(a) Deferred tax liabilities (net)	-	-	-	-	0.15	0.15	
(b) Other non-financial liabilities	32.55	-	32.55	29.56	-	29.56	

Note 36: Additional RBI Disclosure

A. Group entities that are not consolidated in the Consolidated Financial Statements: Nil

~ В.

· · · ·	As at	As at
Particulars	31st March 2024	31st March 2023
ANW as a % of Risk Weighted Assets	53.78%	28.31%
Unrealised appreciation in the book value of quoted investments	18,728.09	8,709.31
Diminution in the aggregate book value of quoted investments	-	-
Leverage Ratio	1.69	3.32

C. Investment in other CICs:-

(a) Total amount representing any direct or indirect capital contribution made by one CIC in another CIC (including name of CIC) - Nil (b) Number of CICs with their names wherein the direct or indirect capital contribution exceeds 10% of owned funds - Nil (c) Number of CICs with their names wherein the direct or indirect capital contribution is less than 10% of owned funds - Nil

D. Off Balance Sheet Exposure - Nil

E. Investments at carrying value

S.No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
1	Value of Investments	513t March 2021	District 2020
1	Gross value of Investments		
	a) In India	41,964.05	40,289.38
	b) Outside India	-	-
	Provision for Depreciation		
	a) In India	-	-
	b) Outside India	-	-
	Net value of Investments		
	a) In India	41,964.05	40,289.38
	b) Outside India	-	-
2	Movement of provisions held towards		
1	depreciation on investments		
	Opening Balance		-
1	Add: Provision made during the year	-	-
	Less: Write off/write back of excess		
	provisions during the year	-	-
	Closing Balance	-	
F.	Business Ratios		
	Particulars	As at	
		31st March 2024	
	Return on Equity (ROE)	37.93%	
	Return on Assets (ROA)	0.46%	
	Net Profit per employee (in Rs. Lakhs)	63.98	2,139.02

Formula to calculate Business ratios:-

Return on Equity (ROE) = Net profit after tax/Share Capital Return on Assets (ROA) = Total Comprehensive Income/Average Total Assets Net profit per Employee = Net profit after tax/No. of employees *Net profit after tax includes fair valuation impact.



	Note	es To The Standalone	Capital India Corp F CIN: U65990DL202 Financial Statemen	22PTC395053 ts For The Year	Ended 31st Marc	h, 2024		
a de la companya de l		Amo	ount in Rupees Lakh un	less otherwise st	atea			
G,	Provisions and Contingencies:-							
.No.	Breakup of 'Provisions and Contingencies' shown under the Profit and Loss Account	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023					
1.	Provisions for depreciation on investment	-	-					
2.	Provision towards NPA		-					
	Provision made towards Income Tax (shown below Profit Before Tax)	-1.02	750.15					
3.	Current Tax		750.00					
	Deferred Tax	(1.02)	0.15					
4.	Tax impact on Other Comprehensive Income	-	-					
5.	Other Provision and Contingencies (with details)	-	-					
н	Concentration of NPAs	•						
	Particulars	Amount	Exposure as a % of Total Assets					
	Total Exposure to top five NPA accounts		-					
I	Total Exposure to top five NPA accounts ALM - Maturity pattern of Assets and Li	abilities	-					
I		abilities Period	- 1 to 7 days (i)	8 to 14 days (ii)	15 days to 30/31 days (iii)	over 1 month upto 2 months (iv)	over 2 month & upto 3 months (v)	over 3 month & upto 6 months (vi)
I	ALM - Maturity pattern of Assets and Li Particulars	Period			30/31 days	upto 2 months	upto 3 months	& upto 6 months
I	ALM - Maturity pattern of Assets and Li	Period 31st March 2024	(i)	(ii)	30/31 days (iii)	upto 2 months (iv)	upto 3 months (v)	& upto 6 months (vi) -
I	ALM - Maturity pattern of Assets and Li Particulars Loans and Advances	Period	(i)	(ii) -	30/31 days (iii)	upto 2 months (iv)	upto 3 months (v)	& upto 6 months (vi) - - -
I	ALM - Maturity pattern of Assets and Li Particulars	Period 31st March 2024 31st March 2023	(i)	(ii) 	30/31 days (iii) - -	upto 2 months (iv) - -	upto 3 months (v) - - - - -	& upto 6 months (vi) - - - -
I	ALM - Maturity pattern of Assets and Li Particulars Loans and Advances Investments	Period 31st March 2024 31st March 2023 31st March 2024	(i) 	(ii) 	30/31 days (iii) - - -	upto 2 months (iv) - - -	upto 3 months (v) 	& upto 6 months (vi) - - - - - -
I	ALM - Maturity pattern of Assets and Li Particulars Loans and Advances	Period 31st March 2024 31st March 2023 31st March 2024 31st March 2023	(i) 	(ii) 	30/31 days (iii) - - - -	upto 2 months (iv) - - -	upto 3 months (v) - - - - -	& upto 6 months (vi) - - - -
I	ALM - Maturity pattern of Assets and Li Particulars Loans and Advances Investments Borrowings	Period 31st March 2024 31st March 2023 31st March 2023 31st March 2023 31st March 2024 31st March 2023	(i) 	(ii) 	30/31 days (iii) - - - - - - -	upto 2 months (iv) - - - - - -	upto 3 months (v) 	& upto 6 months (vi) - - - - - -
I	ALM - Maturity pattern of Assets and Li Particulars Loans and Advances Investments	Period 31st March 2024 31st March 2023 31st March 2023 31st March 2023 31st March 2024 31st March 2023	(i) 	(ii) 	30/31 days (iii) - - - - - - -	upto 2 months (iv) - - - - - -	upto 3 months (v) 	& upto 6 months (vi) - - - - - -
I	ALM - Maturity pattern of Assets and Li Particulars Loans and Advances Investments Borrowings	Period 31st March 2024 31st March 2023 31st March 2023 31st March 2023 31st March 2024 31st March 2023	(i) 	(ii) 	30/31 days (iii) - - - - - - -	upto 2 months (iv) - - - - - -	upto 3 months (v) 	& upto 6 months (vi) - - - - - -
I	ALM - Maturity pattern of Assets and Li Particulars Loans and Advances Investments Borrowings ALM - Maturity pattern of Assets and Li Particulars	Period 31st March 2024 31st March 2023 31st March 2024 31st March 2023 31st March 2024 31st March 2023 iabilities (contd) Period	(i) 	(ii) 	30/31 days (iii) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	upto 2 months (iv) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	upto 3 months (v) 	& upto 6 months (vi) - - - - - -
I	ALM - Maturity pattern of Assets and Li Particulars Loans and Advances Investments Borrowings ALM - Maturity pattern of Assets and Li	Period 31st March 2024 31st March 2023 31st March 2023 31st March 2023 31st March 2024 31st March 2023 iabilities (contd)	(i) 	(ii) 	30/31 days (iii) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	upto 2 months (iv) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	upto 3 months (v) 	& upto 6 months (vi) - - - - - -
I	ALM - Maturity pattern of Assets and Li Particulars Loans and Advances Investments Borrowings ALM - Maturity pattern of Assets and Li Particulars Loans and Advances	Period 31st March 2024 31st March 2023 31st March 2023 31st March 2024 31st March 2024 31st March 2023 iabilities (contd) Period 31st March 2024	(i) 	(ii) 	30/31 days (iii) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	upto 2 months (iv) 	upto 3 months (v) 	& upto 6 months (vi) - - - - - -
I	ALM - Maturity pattern of Assets and Li Particulars Loans and Advances Investments Borrowings ALM - Maturity pattern of Assets and Li Particulars	Period 31st March 2024 31st March 2023 31st March 2024 31st March 2023 31st March 2023 iabilities (contd) Period 31st March 2024 31st March 2024 31st March 2024 31st March 2024 31st March 2023	(i) 	(ii) 	30/31 days (iii) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	upto 2 months (iv) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	upto 3 months (v) 	& upto 6 months (vi)
I	ALM - Maturity pattern of Assets and Li Particulars Loans and Advances Investments Borrowings ALM - Maturity pattern of Assets and Li Particulars Loans and Advances	Period 31st March 2024 31st March 2023 31st March 2024 31st March 2024 31st March 2024 31st March 2023 iabilities (contd) Period 31st March 2024 31st March 2023 31st March 2023	(i) 	(ii) 	30/31 days (iii) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	upto 2 months (iv) 	upto 3 months (v) 	months (vi) - - - - - -

J. Miscellaneous Disclosures

 a) Registration/license/authorisation, by whatever name called, obtained from other financial sector regulators - RBI REGN. No.: N-14.03600
 b) Penalties imposed by RBI and other regulators including structures and directions on the basis of inspection reports or other adverse findings - Nil
 c) If the auditor has expressed any modified opinion(s) or other reservation(s) in his audit report or limited review report in respect of the financial results of any previous financial year or quarter which has an impact on the profit or loss of the reportable period, with notes on - Not Applicable

(i) How the modified opinion(s) or other reservations has been resolved - Not Applicable
 (ii) If the same has not been resolved, the reason thereof and the steps which the CIC intends to take in the matter -Not Applicable



Capital India Corp Private Limited CIN: U65990DL2022PTC395053

Notes To The Standalone Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31st March, 2024 Amount in Rupees Lakh unless otherwise stated

Note 37: Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

The following table represents the recognised financial instruments that are offset, or subject to enforceable master neting agreements and other similar agreements but not off set, as at 31st March 2024 and 31st March 2023. The column net amount shows the impact of the Company's balance sheet if all set offs were exercised.

	Effects of o	ffsetting in the ba	ance sheet	Related	amounts not o	ffset
Particulars	Gross amounts	Gross amount set off in the balance sheet	Net amounts presented in the balance sheet	Amounts subject to master netting agreement	Financial instrument collateral	Net amount
<u>As at 31st March, 2024</u>						
1. <u>Financial Assets</u>						
(a) Cash and Cash Equivalents	3.06	-	3.06	-	-	3.06
(b) Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents above	32.89	-	32.89	-	-	32.89
(c) Loans		-	-	-	-	-
(d) Investments	41,964.05	-	41,964.05	-	-	41,964.05
(e) Other Financial assets	0.79	-	0.79	-		0.79
	42,000.79		42,000.79			42,000.79
2. <u>Financial Liabilities</u>						
 (a) Borrowing (other than debt securities) 	2,869.45	-	2,869.45	-	-	2,869.45
(b) Subordinated Liabilities	34,872.61	-	34,872.61	· -	-	34,872.61
(c) Other financial liabilities	418.86	-	418.86	_	-	418.86
	38,160.93	-	38,160.93	-	-	38,160.93
<u>As at 31st March, 2023</u> 1. Financial <u>Assets</u>						
(a) Cash and Cash Equivalents	3.19	-	3.19	-	-	3.19
(b) Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents above	317.72	-	317.72	-	-	317.72
(c) Loans	200.00	-	200.00	-	-	200.0
(d) Investments	40,289.38	-	40,289.38	-	-	40,289.3
(e) Other Financial assets	0.41	-	0.41		-	0.4
	40,810.70	-	40,810.70	-	-	40,810.70
2. <u>Financial Liabilities</u>						
 (a) Borrowing (other than debt securities) 	1,349.45	-	1,349.45	-	-	1,349.4
(b) Subordinated Liabilities	36,511.00	-	36,511.00		-	36,511.0
(c) Other financial liabilities	164.62	_	164.62		-	164.6
	38,025.07	-	38,025.07	-	-	38,025.0



Capital India Corp Private Limited CIN: U65990DL2022PTC395053 Notes To The Standalone Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31st March, 2024 Amount in Rupees Lakh unless otherwise stated Note 38- Analytical Ratios

	As at	As at	
Particulars	31st March 2024	31st March 2023	
Capital to risk-weighted assets ratio (CRAR) (%)	53.78%	28.31%	
Tier I CRAR (%)	9.15%	6.81%	
Tier II CRAR (%)	NA	NA	
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)	1.69	3.32	

Note 39- Other Notes

i. Gratuity and other terminal benefit are not applicable since the company is not having minimum stipulated number of employees. Accordingly Ind AS-19 is not applicable to the company.

ii. Based on the information available with the Company, there are no dues as at March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2024 payable to enterprises covered under "Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006". No interest is paid/payable by the Company in terms of Section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.

iii. The information as required in terms of para 21 of the Master Direction- Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions 2016 attached (Annexure - I).

iv. The physical verification of Property, Plant and Equipments & Intangible Assets were carried out at reasonable intervals and no material discrepancies were found on such verification. No personal expenses of employees or directors have been charged to revenue account, except those payable under contractual obligations or in accordance with generally accepted business.

v. As per the internal assessment of the company, there is no non financial asset requiring allowance for impairment in compliance of IND AS 36 on "Impairment of Assets" other than already provided / disclosed.

vi. No provision for Current Income Tax has been made since there being no taxable income. Deffered Tax is recognised in respect of timing difference relating to book and tax depreciation in accordance with IND AS, on 'Accounting for Taxes on Income'

vii. Figures for the previous year have been reclassified/ recasted/ regrouped, wherever considered necessary

Standalone Balance Sheet of Company as per Master Direction - Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 attached as (Annexure 1).

As per our report of even date For AVK & Associates Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No.: 02638N UDIN: 24088309BKCNKH8845

CA Ashwani Kr. Relan Partner M. No. 088309 Place: New Delhi Date: 29.06.2024

ġ, ered Acco

For and on behalf of the Board Capital India Corp Private Limited Sumit Kumar-Narvar Chairman and Managing Director DIN : 02045194

CAPITAL INDIA CORP PRIVATE LIMITED Particulars as per RBI Master Directions as at 31.03.2024 (as required in terms of Paragraph 21 of Master Direction - Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016.)

₹ in lakhs

		Particulars			
		Liabilities side :			
(1)		Loans and advances availed by the NBFCs inclusive of interest accrued thereon but not paid:	Amo Outsta		Amount Overdue
	(a)	Debentures : Secured : Unsecured (other than falling within the meaning of public deposits)	34,8	- 372.61	-
	(b) (c) (d) (e) (f)	Deferred Credits Term Loans Inter-corporate loans and borrowing Commercial Paper Other Loans (specify nature)	3,;	- - 285.31 - -	- - -
		Assets side:	Am	ount ou	Itstanding
(2)	(a) (b)	Break - up of Loans and Advances including bills receivables [other than those included <u>in (4) below]:</u> Secured Unsecured			-
(3)		Break-up of Leased Assets and stock on hire and other assets counting towards AFC activities			
(4)		Break-up of Investment :			
	а	Current Investment :			-
	b 1 (i)	Long term Invetments Quoted: Shares : (a) Equity			-
	(ii)	(b) Preference Debentures and Bonds			-
	(iii) (iv) (v)	Units of mutual funds Government Securities Others (please specify)			
	2 (i)	Unquoted : Shares : (a) Equity (b) Proforence			41,641.16
	(ii) (iii) (iv)	(b) Preference Debentures and Bonds Units of mutual funds Government Securities			322.89
	(v)	Others (please specify)			-



	CAPITAL INDIA CORP PRIVATE Particulars as per RBI Master Direction (as required in terms of Paragraph 21 of Master Direction - Core Investm	s as at 31.03.20 2 ent Companies (I	2 4 Reserve Bank) Dire	ections, 2016.) ₹ in lakhs
(5)	Borrower group-wise classification of all assets, financed as in (2) and (3) above		
			Amount net of	
	Category	Secured	Unsecured	Total
1	Related Parties *			
(a)		-	-	-
L Ch		-	-	-
(0)		-	-	-
	Other related particle			
2	Other than related parties	-	-	-
<u> </u>	Total	-	-	-
	Investor group-wise classification of all investments (current and I	ong torm) in g	hares and secu	rities (both quoted and
(6)	investor group-wise classification of all investments (current and i unquoted):	ong termy m	liaies and secu	
		Market V	alue / Break	Book Value
	Category	up or fa	ir value or	(Net of
	89	N	AV **	Provisions)
1	Related Parties *			
(a			74,878.22	41,964.05
(b			-	-
(c			-	-
<u> </u>				
2	Other than related parties		-	-
	Total		74,878.22	41,964.05
**	For the purpose of Market/Break-up value, Quoted Share/ Units have been w have been valued as per Break-up value calculated as per the Audited Bala Balance Sheet as on 31.03.2024 are not available, Break-up value has been ca	alued at Market	1 31.03.2024 and	2024. The Unquoted Shares
	up as on 31.03.2024.	lculated based up	on the manageme	in case where the Audited
(7)	up as on 31.03.2024.	lculated based up	oon the manageme	in case where the Audited
(7)		lculated based up	on the manageme	in case where the Audited
	up as on 31.03.2024. Other information Particulars	Iculated based up	on the manageme	in case where the Audited nt certified accounts drawn
(i)	up as on 31.03.2024. Other information Particulars Gross Non - Performing Assets	Iculated based up	on the manageme	in case where the Audited nt certified accounts drawn Amount
	up as on 31.03.2024. Other information Particulars	Iculated based up	on the manageme	in case where the Audited nt certified accounts drawn Amount



AVK & Associates CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To the Members of Capital India Corp Private Limited,

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements ("IND AS Financial Statements"),

<u>Opinion</u>

We have audited the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements of Capital India Corp Private Limited (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding"), its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiary together referred to as "the Group") and associate of subsidiary which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2024, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), Consolidated Statement of changes in equity and the Consolidated Statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the IND AS, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group and associate of subsidiary as at 31st March, 2024 and their consolidated Loss (including other comprehensive income) and consolidated changes in equity and their consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements in accordance with Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group and associate of subsidiary in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on Consolidated Financial Statements.

Key Audit Matters Reported by Auditor of Subsidiary Company being reproduced

 Key audit matters are those matters that, in audit report of subsidiary company, were of most significance in our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Page 1 of 15



Office : KD-117, Pitampura, (Near Kohat Enclave Metro Station) Delhi-110088, Phone : 011-47023101, 41092766 Mobile : +91-9810078752, 9810078754, e-mail : avkcas@gmail.com

AVK & Associates

Classed ACCON

ÔĞ

- The Auditors of subsidiary company have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report as it is :

	Key audit matters	How audit addressed the key audit matter
Sr.		
Sr. No. 1.	 Expected Credit Loss (ECL) on Loans and Advances As at March 31, 2024, the carrying value of loan assets measured at amortized cost, aggregated Rs. 1,25,830.39 lakhs (net of allowance of ECL of Rs. 2,543.71) constituting approximately 70% of the Company's total assets. The estimation of ECL on financial instruments involves significant judgement and estimates. As part of our risk assessment, we determined that the allowance for ECL on loan assets has a high degree of estimation uncertainty, with a potential range of reasonable outcomer for the financial statements. The elements of estimating ECL which involved increased level of audit focus ar the following: a) Data inputs - The application of ECL model requires several data inputs. b) Model estimations – Inherenti judgmental models are used to estimate CL which involves determining Probabilities of Default ("PD"), Loss Giv Default ("LGD"), and Exposures at Default ("EAD"). The PD and the LGD are the k drivers of estimation complexity in ECL and as a result are considered most significant judgmental aspect of Group's modelling approach. c) Qualitative and quantitative factors u in staging the loan assets measured amortized cost. d) Economic scenarios – Ind AS evice the Group to measure ECLs 	 Audit Approach: Audit approach was a combination of test of internal controls and substantive procedures which included the following: a) testing the design and effectiveness of internal controls over the following: b) key controls over the completeness and accuracy of the key inputs, data and assumptions into the Ind AS 109 impairment models. >) key controls over the application of the staging criteria consistent with the definitions applied in accordance with the policy approved by the Board of Directors including the appropriateness of the qualitative factors. h) > management's controls over authorisation and calculation of post model adjustments and management overlays to the output of the ECL model. b) Also, for a sample of ECL allowance on loan assets tested: >) we test checked over key inputs, data and assumptions impacting ECL calculations to assess the completeness, accuracy and computation of the allowances by using the same input data used by the Group. c) evaluated the adequacy of the adjustment after stressing the inputs used in determining the output as per the ECL Model, including management overlays. d) evaluated the management judgement and discussed the process and review control and provisioning for ECL on loans with senior management including Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Head Credit and Risk e) assessed the updated model methodolo by evaluating the changes for models with
	P;	age 2 of 15
	Pa	Age 2 01 15

Refer Note 28 of the Consolidated Financial Statements in respect of expected credit losses Statements.	Sr.	Key audit matters	How audit addressed the key audit matter
 Addit approach was a combination of test of internal controls and substantive procedures which included the following: General IT controls design, observation and operation and reporting records. Accordingly, where considered user access management, segregation of duties and controls over system change over key financial accounting and reporting systems, as a key audit matter. Audit approach was a combination of test of internal controls design, observation and operation considered user access management, segregation of duties and controls over system change over key financial accounting and reporting systems, as a key audit matter. Segregation of duties and controls over system change over key financial accounting and reporting systems, as a key audit matter. User access controls operation: > obtained management evelopment and computer operations. User access controls operation: > obtained management evelopment and computer operations. > assessed the operating effectiveness of accounting and reporting. > tested the design and operating effectiveness of automated controls critical to financial accounting and reporting. > tested the design and operating effectiveness of compensating controls or substantive audit procedure. > considered the reports issued by the professional consultants with respect the information systems (IS) Audit and I Infrastructure of the Group. 3. Revenue Recognition under Ind AS 115, Revenue from Contracts with Customers Refer Note 2.15 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the accounting policy on revenue recognition and details? > Obtained an understanding from the management of the nature of the management in accounting policy on revenue recognition and details? > Obtained an understanding from the management in accoun	10.	Refer Note 28 of the Consolidated Financial Statements.	Financial Statements in respect of expected
 3. Revenue from Contracts with Customers Revenue from Contracts with Customers Refer Note 2.15 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the accounting policy on revenue recognition and details of revenue recognised from different revenue streams during the year ended 31 March 2024. Audit included, but were not limited to, the following procedures: Obtained an understanding from the management of the nature of revenue transactions, revenue recognition process and evaluated the appropriateness of the accounting policy adopted by the management in accordance with Ind A 115; 	2.	and Controls The Group's key financial information are highly dependent on the automated controls over the Group's information systems, such that there exists a risk that gaps in the IT general control environment could result in a misstatement of the financial accounting and reporting records. Accordingly, we have considered user access management, segregation of duties and controls over system change over key financial accounting and reporting systems, as a key	 Audit approach was a combination of test of internal controls and substantive procedures which included the following: General IT controls design, observation and operation: tested key controls operating over the information technology in relation to financial information, including system access and system change management, program development and computer operations. User access controls operation: obtained management's evaluation of the access rights granted to applications relevant to financial accounting and reporting systems and tested resolution of a sample of expectations. assessed the operating, removal and appropriateness of access rights. Application controls: tested the design and operating effectiveness of access rights. tested the design and operating effectiveness of access rights. tested the design and operating effectiveness of access rights. tested the design and operating effectiveness of access rights. tested the design and operating effectiveness of compensating controls for any identified deficiencies and where necessary, extended the scope of our substantive audit procedure. considered the reports issued by the professional consultants with respect to Information Systems (IS) Audit and IT
Page 3 of 15	3	Revenue from Contracts with Customer Refer Note 2.15 to the Consolidate Financial Statements for the accountin policy on revenue recognition and details revenue recognised from different reven streams during the year ended 31 Mar	rsAudit included, but were not limited to, the following procedures:ng of of ich> Obtained an understanding from the management of the nature of revenue transactions, revenue recognition process and evaluated the appropriateness of the accounting policy adopted by the management in accordance with Ind A
	L	Page	2 3 of 15

C DELHI
Sr. No.	Key audit matters	How audit addressed the key audit matter
	The Step down subsidiary Company, Rapipay Fintech Private Limited derives its revenue primarily from rendering of financial services using a network of Direct Business Outlets (DBOs) upon satisfaction of its performance obligation, i.e., transfer of control to the customer in accordance with the principles of Ind AS 115, Revenue from Contracts with Customers ('Ind AS 115'). Owing to the multiplicity of the services offered by the Subsidiary Company and diverse terms of contracts with DBOs and service providers which also involves use of multiple technology solutions and manual reconciliations, revenue is determined to be an area involving significant risk and hence, requiring significant auditor attention. Further, the application of Ind AS 115 involves significant judgements/ materia estimates relating to principal versus agen considerations, identification of distinc performance obligations, determination o transaction price, and the appropriateness of the basis used to measure revenue recognised at a point in time and over a period of time, depending upon nature of revenue stream. Considering the materiality of amount involved, significance of the area to th financial statements, combined wit significant judgments and estimate involved, revenue recognition is consider to be a key audit matter for the current yea audit.	 Selected a sample of revenue transactions recorded during the year and performed the following procedures: (i) Read, analysed and identified the distinct performance obligations as per the contract. (ii) Compared such performance obligations with those identified and recorded by the management; (iii) Evaluated contract terms to determine the transaction price and satisfaction of performance obligations under the contracts for appropriate revenue recognition. Performed substantive analytical procedures on revenue recognised during difference on the substantive analytical procedures on revenue recognised during

CELHI COUNTR

_	How audit addressed the key audit matter
Impairment assessment of carrying value of investment in subsidiary: The step down subsidiary, Rapipay Fintech Private Limited had investments in its subsidiary, NYE Investec Private Limited (formally known as Kuants Wealth Private Limited), amounting Rs. 2,256 Lakhs. The step down subsidiary Company accounts for equity investments in subsidiary at cost (subject to impairment assessment). The subsidiary of step down subsidiary has incurred losses in the current year and the carrying value of such investments exceed the net worth of the subsidiary. Considering the existence of aforesaid impairment indicators in the current year, the Subsidiary Company has assessed the recoverable value of investment be comparing the fair value (less costs of disposal) and carrying amount of the investment as on the reporting date accordance with Ind AS 36, Impairment assets. The management estimate of the investment has been determined through discounted case flow model with the help of a management expert. Such valuation method involve significant judgment in carrying out the subsidiary of the investment in carrying out the subsidiary for the investment in carrying out the subsidiary for the subsidiary fo	 determination of recoverable value. We assessed the professional competency and objectivity of management's expert for performing the required valuation of investment in subsidiary. Involved auditor's valuation experts to assess the appropriateness of the valuation methodologies used by the management expert and reviewed the appropriateness of key valuation assumptions including the estimates relating to cash flow projections, growth rates, discount rate, terminal value amongst others used within the discounted cash flow model. Evaluated and challenged management assumptions such as implied growth rate during explicit period and discount rate for their reasonableness based on our understanding of the business of the subsidiary, past results and externation forecasts. Reconciled the cash flow projections use in aforesaid valuations to approximate business plans. Obtained sensitivity analysis performed foreseeable change in assumptions coulead to impairment or material change the carrying value.

2.19 DELHI SA

Sr.	Key audit matters	How audit addressed the key audit matter
No.	Considering the materiality of the carrying amounts of investment in the step down subsidiary, the inherent subjectivity, complexity, and significance of the judgments involved, we have considered impairment assessment of aforesaid investment in subsidiary to be a key audit matter for the current year's audit.	

Information other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report and Annexures to Board's Report but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this context.

Responsibilities of Management for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance of the Group and associate of subsidiary in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and associate of subsidiary and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the ability of the Group and associate of subsidiary to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management

Page 6 of 15

either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance; but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements is included in "Annexure A" of this auditor's report.

Other Matter

- i) We did not audit the financial statements of subsidiary company consolidated with figures of step down subsidiary companies and associates, whose financial statements reflect total assets of Rs. 62262.46 lakhs as at March 31, 2024, total revenues of Rs. 68011.39 lakhs and net cash outflows amounting to Rs. 229.38 lakhs for the year ended on that date, as considered in the Consolidated Financial Statements. These financial statements have been audited by other auditor whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries is based solely on the audit reports of the other auditors.
- ii) The Consolidated Financial Statements also include the Subsidiary Group's share of net loss (and other comprehensive income) (before consolidation adjustments) of Rs. Nil lakhs for the year ended March 31, 2024, as considered in the Consolidated Financial Statements, in respect of one (1) associate of subsidiary company, whose financial statements have not been audited by us. This unaudited financial statements/financial information have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of this associate of subsidiary company, and our report in terms of sub-sections (3) of Section 143 of the Act in so far as it relates to the aforesaid associate, is based solely on such financial statements. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us by the Management, these financial statements are not material to the Group and associate of subsidiary.

Page 7 of 15

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we have given in the "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. Further, as required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statement have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Consolidated Statement of changes in equity and Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules made thereunder.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the holding company as on 31st March, 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors of its subsidiary companies, incorporated in India,, none of the directors of the Group's companies is disqualified as on 31st March, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Holding company and its subsidiary companies, the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure C". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- g) In our opinion and based on the consideration of reports of other statutory auditors of the step down subsidiaries, the managerial remuneration for the year ended March 31, 2024 has been paid / provided by the Subsidiary Company and its step down subsidiaries to their directors in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act;

Page 8 of 15



AVK & Associates

50

- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the report of the other auditors on separate financial statements as also the other financial information of the subsidiaries and associate of subsidiary, as noted in the 'Other Matter' paragraph:
 - i. The Group does not have any pending litigations which would impact the consolidated financial position.
 - ii. The Group did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Group.
 - iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Group and associate of subsidiary to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Group and associate of subsidiary ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Group from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Group and associate of subsidiary shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.

V. As stated in Note 38 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, the Board of Directors of one of the Subsidiary Company has declared final dividend for the year which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. As per opinion provided by the auditors of the Subsidiary who have audited the consolidated financial statements for the even period, the dividend declared by the said subsidiary company is in accordance with section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to declaration of dividend.

Page 9 of 15

vi. Based on our examination, which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended March 31, 2024 which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with.



Place: New Delhi Dated: 29-09-2024 UDIN: 24088309BKCNKH8845 For AVK & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN: 02638N

(CA Ashwani Kumar Relan) Partner M.No:088309

Page 10 of 15



AVK & Associates CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

ANNEXURE 'A' TO INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Annexure 'A' to Independent Auditors' Report of Capital India Corp Private Limited for the year ended 31st March 2024

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

• Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Group and associate of subsidiary has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

• Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

• Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group and associate of subsidiary to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and associate of subsidiary to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Page 11 of 15



AVK & Associates

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the consolidated financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the consolidated financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the consolidated financial statements.

We communicate with Management of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide Management of the Holding Company with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



For AVK & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN: 02638N

(CA Ashwani Kumar Relan) Partner M.No:088309

Place: New Delhi Dated: 29-09-2024 UDIN: 24088309BKCNKH8845

Page **12** of **15**



AVK & Associates CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

ANNEXURE 'B' TO INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Annexure 'B' referred to in our Independent Auditors' Report to the members of Capital India Corp Private Limited on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2024:-

In terms of paragraph 3(xxi) of CARO 2020, in case of companies below, remarks as stated by the respective auditors in their CARO report on the standalone financial statements of the respective companies included in the consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company are as under:

S.N	Name of the Company	CIN/ LLPIN	Holding/Subsidiaries/	Paragraph
	Name of the Company		Associates	number in
0.				the respective
				CARO
				Reports
1.	Capital India Corp Private	U65990DL2022PTC395053	Holding Company	Clause3(vii)(a)
1.	Limited			
~	Capital India Finance	L74899DL1994PLC128577	Subsidiary Company	Clause 3(iii)(d)
2.	Capital India Finance Limited			
	Linned			Cilence 2(puili)
3.	Credenc Web Technologies	U74999DL2017PTC319926	Subsidiary Company	Clause 3(xvii)
	Private Limited			
		U72200MH2023PTC397782	Subsidiary Company	NIL
4.	Yellow Whale Technologies	0/22000000202311037102		
	Private Limited			
5.	Capital India Wealth	U65999DL2017PTC322881	Subsidiary Company	NIL
J.	Management Private Limited			
	Ivianagement i firate Emilieu			
6.	CIFL Holdings Private	U65990DL2017PTC323832	Subsidiary Company	NIL
	Limited			



For AVK & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN: 02638N

(CA Ashwani Kumar Relan) Partner M.No:088309

Place: New Delhi Dated: 29-09-2024 UDIN: 24088309BKCNKH8845

Page **13** of **15**



THE AUDITORYS DEPORT ON CONSOLIDATED

AVK & Associates

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

ANNEXURE 'C' TO INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CAPITAL INDIA CORP PRIVATE LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED ON 31ST MARCH, 2024

<u>Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the</u> <u>Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")</u>

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Capital India Corp Private Limited("the Group") and associate of subsidiary as of 31 March,2024 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Group and associate of subsidiary for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Group's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Group and associate of subsidiary considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to group's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Group's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Group's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Page 14 of 15

Office : KD-117, Pitampura, (Near Kohat Enclave Metro Station) Delhi-110088, Phone : 011-47023101, 41092766 Mobile : +91-9810078752, 9810078754, e-mail : avkcas@gmail.com

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A Group's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Group's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Group; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Group; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Group's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Group has, in all material respects, has an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March,2024, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Group considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Other Matters

Our aforesaid reports under section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls over financial reporting in so far as it relates to subsidiary companies and associate of subsidiary company incorporated in India, is based solely on the corresponding reports of the auditors of such companies.



For AVK & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN: 02638N

CAN

(CÀ Áshwani Kumar Relan) Partner M.No:088309

Place: New Delhi Dated: 29-09-2024 UDIN: 24088309BKCNKH8845

Page 15 of 15

'articulars	Note No.	As At 31st March, 2024	As At 31st March, 2023
<u>ISSETS</u>			
1) Financial Assets	_	20 774 44	24,205.9
(a) Cash and Cash Equivalents	3a	23,771.11 10,262.04	7,937.9
(b) Bank balance other than (a) above	3b 4	10,282.04	1,0000
(c) Receivables	4	2,051.42	1,785.4
(i) Trade Receivables		15.52	34.3
(ii) Other Receivables (d) Loans	5	123,937.70	123,621.1
(e) Investments	6	1,832.34	5,274.9
(f) Other Financial assets	7	4,318.52	2,454.8
		166,188.65	165,314.5
(2) Non-Financial Assets	0	126.03	82.1
(a) Inventories	8 9	623.40	1,245.1
(b) Current Tax Assets (net)	21	1,107.42	1,184.5
(c) Deferred tax Assets (net)	10	1,954.25	2,351.8
(d) Property, Plant and Equipment	11	30.17	15.0
(e) Capital work in progress (f) Intangible assets under development	12	1,001.18	3,513.3
	13	4,406.04	1,566.1
(g) Other Intangible Assets (h) Goodwill	14A	1,807.59	1,807.5
(i) Right of use assets	14B	1,332.00	2,551.9
(j) Other non-financial assets	15	2,921.47 15,309.56	2,150.7
		181,498.21	181,783.0
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
(1) Financial Liabilities	16		
(a) Payables	10		
(I)Trade Payables (I) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		77.12	47.
(i) Total outstanding dues of metro energinees and small energinees (ii) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises		1,462,66	1,480.
(II) Other Payables			
(i) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	-
(ii) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises		70.77	- 0.452
(b) Debt Securities	17		8,053. 85,789.
(c) Borrowing (other than debt securities)	18	93,752.97 1,570.28	2,867.
(d) Lease liabilities	41 19	34,872.61	36,511.
(e) Subordinated Liabilities	20	20,322.66	17,915.
(f) Other financial liabilities	20	152,129.07	152,665.
(2) Non- Financial Liabilities			
(a) Provisions	22	1,788.93	1,546.
(b) Other non-financial liabilities	23	1,452.51	1,160 2,707.
		3,241.74	2,707.
(3) EQUITY	34	506.06	506
(a) Equity Share Capital	24 25	19,329.18	19,319
(b) Other Equity	43	19,835.24	19,825
Equity attributable to the owners of the Company		6,292.86	6,585
(c) Equity attributable to non-controlling interests		26,128.10	26,410
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		181,498.21	181,783

Corporate Information Material Accounting Policies Notes 3 to 50 forms integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements

As per our report of even date For AVK & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN 02638N

e m CA Ashwani Kr. Relan

Partner M. No. 088309 Place: New Delhi Date: 29/09/2024

í



For and on behalf of the Board in w ¢ 1 Testo. Pares Sumit Kumar Narvar Chairman and Managing Director DIN : 02045194 2 Ŵ Deepak Vaswan Director DIN: 07814811 Capital India Corp Private Limited Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2024 Amount in Rupees Lakh unless otherwise stated For the year ended For the year ended Notes Particulars March 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 **Revenue from operations** T 17.396.88 20,913.77 26A Interest income 30,284.37 28,574.03 Fees and commission income ii 2,029,46 2,973.09 Income from foreign exchange services üi 14,026.77 13,026.15 Sale of devices iv 26B Dividend Income ν 244.14 26C 1,138,48 Net gain on fair value changes vi 339.01 1,017.90 Net gain on derecognition of financial instruments under amortised cost category vii 8.502.47 970,02 26D viil Other operating income 72,823.12 68,613.46 649.38 764,59 27 Other Income II. 73,472.50 69,378.04 Total Income (I+II) III. IV. Expenses 8.652.19 10,460.57 30 Finance Costs 36,079.58 31,900.06 Fees and commission expense ii 119.37 301.60 28 Impairment of financial instruments HI 310.80 29 132.21 Cost of materials consumed iv 22,029.20 31 16,886.19 **Employee Benefits Expenses** 2,577.09 3,078.22 32 Depreciation, amortization and impairment vi 9.885.96 9,127.95 33 Others expenses vii 79,654.18 71,886.82 **Total Expenses** (6,181.69) (2,508.78)Profit/(Loss) before exceptional items and tax (III-IV) v. 103.34 1,031.45 Exceptional items VI (6,078,35)(1,477.32) Profit/(Loss) after exceptional items and tax (V-VI) VII (6,078.35) (1, 477.32)VIII Profit/(Loss) before tax (V-VI) 34 Tax expense: IX 737.79 752.67 Current Tax 22.81 (407.08) Deferred Tax 366,67 Tax paid for Earlier Year (6,423.95) (2,604.60) Profit/(Loss) after tax (VIII-IX) х 35 Other Comprehensive Income XI 44.68 (64.60)a) (i) Items that will be reclassified to Profit or Loss (14.44)13.78 (ii) Income tax relating to items that be reclassified to Profit or Loss (4.88) (i) Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss b) 1.23 (ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss (47.17)30.24 Total Other Comprehensive Income (6, 393.71)(2,651.77) XII Total Comprehensive Income for the Year (X+XI) Profit/Loss for the year attributable to : (4.698.43¹ (1,897.83) Owners of the Company (1,725.52) (706.77) Non-controlling interests Other Comprehensive Income for the year attributable to : (34.37)22.11 Owners of the Company (12.80) 8.12 Non-controlling interests Total Comprehensive Income for the year attributable to : (4.676.32) (1,932.20)Owners of the Company (719.57) (1,717.40) Non-controlling interests XIII Earnings per equity share (Face value of Rs 10 each) [51.47] (126.94)Basic (in Rs.) <u>(51.47</u> (126.94)Diluted (in Rs.)

Corporate Information

Material Accounting Policies Notes 3 to 50 forms integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements

As per our report of even date For AVK & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN 02638N

enn.

CĂ Ashwani Kr. Relan (Partner) M. No. 088309 Place: New Delhi Date: 29/09/2024



For and on behalf of the Board 65 0[®] Deepak Vaswan Sumit Rumar Narvar -Chairman and Managing Director Director DIN:07814811 DIN:02045194

rticulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Cash Flow From Operating Activities		
ofit/(Loss) Before Tax	(2,508.78)	(6,181.69)
ljustments for:	3,078.22	2,577.09
epreciation and amortisation expenses	644.44	-
onsolidated Adjustment ovision for employee benefits	-	179.31
ther foreign exchange service income	(7.28)	
hare based payments to employees	1,506,85	4,989.87
kceptional items	-	960.36
oss on share of associates	174.49	288.61
terest on Lease liability	(403.50)	(244.14
rofit on Mutual Fund	(58.09)	(112.53
ain on Lease Termination	10,286.08	8,363.58
inance Cost	(20,913.77)	(16,820.18
iterest Income air Value gain of investments recognised at FVTPL	(734.98)	-
air value gan of investments recognised act of the	-	(576,71
Gain)/Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment	(20,55)	26,37
Gain)/Loss on direct assignment transactions	(1,017.90)	(22.20
xpected Credit Loss for trade receivables	55,86	(22.28
rovision for Contingencies	210.42	(42.35
nterest on income tax refund	(58.63) (263.56)	(******
lalance written back	[205.50]]	(27.44
nterest on unwinding of financial assets moairment on financial instruments	301.60	(119.37
	[9,729.09]	(6,761.50
perating Profit/(Loss) before Working Capital Changes	(770.72)	512.10
Increase)/Decrease in financial assets	(1,863.69)	(972.46
Increase)/Decrease in non financial assets	(247.15)	(800,5)
Increase)/Decrease in Receivable	(43.86)	22.9
increase)/Decrease in inventories ncrease/(Decrease) in Payable	82.58	(338.6)
ncrease/(Decrease) in Provision	241.98	(558.70
ncrease/(Decrease) in Current tax assets	621.77	-
ncrease/(Decrease) in financial liabilities	2,406.78	(3,340.1)
ncrease/(Decrease) in Lease liabilities	(1,297.15) 291.88	75.2
ncrease/(Decrease) in non-financial liabilities		
Cash generated from/(used in) Operations before Tax	(10,306.66) (737.79)	(6,686.2) (752.6
Current Taxes paid	(366.67)	
Tax paid for earlier year	(11,411.12)	(7,438.9
Net Cash Flow from/(used in) Operating Activities		
B. Cash Flow From Investing Activities	(316.57)	(12,868.0
Loan (inclunding interest) convertible into Equity shares	3,442.57	11,320.2
Sale/Redemption of Investments	397.56	351.7
Sale of Property, Plant ad Equipments Right of use of Assets	1,219.99	-
Proceed with Capital work in progress	(15.17)	(14.1
Proceed with Other Intangible Assets	(327.71)	(2,430.6 16,820.1
Interest Received	20,913.77 (2,324.09)	7,336.7
investment in term deposits	22,990.35	20,516.0
Net Cash Flow from/(used in) Investing Activities		
C, Cash Flow From Financing Activities	7,963.82	19,869.5
Proceeds/(repayment) of Borrowings	(8,053,58)	4,137.0
Redemption of Debt Securities	(1,638.39)	(25,153.4
Subordinated Liabilities	(10,286.08)	(8,363.
interest paid Net Cash Flow from/(used in) Financing Activities	(12,014.23)	(9,509.4
Net Cash Increase / (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(435.00)	3,567.6
Opening balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents	24,205.95	20,638.2
	23,770.94	24,205,
Closing balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents included in the Statement of Cash Flow comprise of the following:		
1) Cash on Hand	23.45	28.
ii) Balance with Banks:	23,747.66	24,177.
- In Current Accounts	23,771.11	24,205

Notes: The previous year figures have been regoraped/reclassified where Corporate Information Material Accounting Policies Notes 3 to 50 forms integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements

As per our report of even date For AVK & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN 02638N

lan j 10.00 (m

CA Ashwani Kr. Relan (Partner) M. No. 088309 Place: New Delhi Date: 29/09/2024



For and on behalf of the Board MN . 1920-0 0 Sumit Rumar Narvar Chairman and Managing Director DIN : 02045194 Deepak Vaswan Director DIN : 07814811 Ŵ

Amount in Rupees Lakh unless otherwise stated								
a. Equity Share Capital			No. of Equity	Amount				
Particulars	- Martin		Shares	508 08				
Balance as at April 01, 2022	2002							
Changes in Equity Share Capital from April 1, 2022 to March 51, 2025 Balance as at March 31, 2023	6707		5,060,606	506.06				
Changes in Equity Share Capital from April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024	2024		5,060,606	506.06				
Dalalite as at Martin 04, 404.4								
	Reso	Reserves and Surplus				Total	Non	
Particulars	Special Reserve u/s 451C	Securities Premium	Retained Earnings	Other comprehensive income	Capital Reserve	attributable to owners of the Company	Controlling Interest	i ocal other Equity
			1 500 76		22.719.96	24,318.72	8,302.70	32,621.42
Balance as at April 01, 2022		440-440 - 4 AvenAMA	0/'04C'T	- Arra			,	•
Dividend paid including dividend distribution tax	1	1	Ţ		i	1	,	ſ
Transfer to/from retained earnings		1 1	•	7	ı	ŧ	'	1
Transfer to securities premium	1 3		ı	•		ı		1
Transfer to/from NCI			\$		1	•	1	1
Uther Additions/Deductions during Lie year	3		ş	3	-	* 000		- (377 88)
f Equity Share Capitar ISSueu Puring are You Consolidated Adinstment			ı	\$	(322.88)	(322.88)	1	[00:220]
consonnaced Augustiness	1	2	•	ı	1	•		
Share alloted by subsidiary company	1	•	F	•	1	- LA 608 43)	(1 725.52)	(6.423.95)
Profit (loss) for the year after income tax	'	ı	(4,698.43)			32.68	8.12	40.80
Other Comprehensive Income for the year before income tax	1	·		32.00 (10.56)	,	(10.56)	1	(10.56)
Less: Income Tax on Other Comprehensive Income	1		(73 000 £7)	22.11	22,397.08	19,319.53	6,585.30	25,904.83
Balance as at March 31, 2023	1	-	10.660,61				-	1
Dividend paid including dividend distribution tax	3	r	1 1			3	ı	1
Transfer to/from retained earnings	ŧ		• •		1	1		\$
Transfer to securities premium		•		,	\$	I	•	- 1
Transfer to/trom NCI	ł	1	Ŧ	•	,	\$	427.13	47.172
Other Additions/Deductions during the year	1	ı	,	r	•			, ανο τ
Equity Share Capital Issued Dutitig are Year	1	3	1	1	1,048.50	1,048.50		T,040.30
Consolidated Adjustment Adjustment on account of nresent value of Compulsarily		1	36335		3	893.35		893.35
four section of account of the section of the secti	•					:		ŧ
Transfer during the year	38.39	,	(38.39)			(1.897.83)	(706.77)	(2,604.60)
Profit (loss) for the year after income tax		F	(1,897.83)	(13 E1)	1	[43.51]	(12.80)	(56.31)
Other comprehensive income for the year before income tax	•	120022	· ·	9.14	1	9.14		9.14
Less: Income Tax on Other Comprehensive Income	- 38.39		(4.142.54)	(12.26)	23,445.58	19,329.18	6,292.86	25,622.04
Balance as at March 31, 2024								
			. B)(
			and a second					
		Sou is a los						
		1.20						

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

1 **Corporate Information**

The Company, its subsidiaries and associates (collectively referred to as "the Group") are companies pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. The main activities of the group are to carry on the business of investment company, financing activities, trading in forex, act as money changer and setup & operate semi-closed prepaid instrument services.

The Holding Company has been registered as a CIC - "Non-Deposit Taking (ND-SI) with Reserve Bank of India. In June 2022, the Company had applied to Reserve Bank of India for Core Investment Company (CIC). The Reserve Bank of India, vide its certificate of registration dated 13th November 2023 has granted its approval to the Company and the Company has been classified as a "Non-Deposit Taking Core Investment Company (CIC-ND-SI)"

Material Accounting Policies 2

2.1**Basis of preparation**

Statement of compliance

The Consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') read together with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended from time to time on accrual basis.

Functional and presentation currency

The Consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (₹), which is also the Group's functional currency and all values are rounded to the nearest lakh (INR 00,000) and upto 2 decimal places, except when otherwise indicated.

Basis of Preparation of consolidated Financial Statements

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services. Further, Assets and liabilities are classified as per the normal operating cycle (determined at 12 months) and other criteria set out in Schedule III of the Act as applicable to NBFCs.

Fair value measurement

Fair Value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Group has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy in which they fall.

Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses observable market data as far as possible. If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Group recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

Financial and Non- Financial Classification

Division III to Schedule III requires all items in the balance sheet of a NBFC to be classified as either financial or non financial and to be reflected as such. Further, para 54 of Ind AS 1 also specifies a requirement of presenting financial assets and financial liabilities as line items of the balance sheet separately from the other items.



Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the vear ended March 31. 2024

Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions.

These estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period.

Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Application of accounting policies that require critical accounting estimates involving complex and subjective judgments and the use of assumptions in these financial statements are:

- Useful lives of Property, plant and equipment
- Valuation of financial instruments
- Provisions and contingencies

Income tax and deferred tax Further an entity is consolidated as a subsidiary if the company has control over the said entity based on the management evaluation of investments and related agreements/deeds and determine that the Group has control over the said entity in terms of Ind AS-110 on Consolidated Financial Statements.

Control shall include the right to appoint majority of the directors or to control the management or policy decisions exercisable by a person or persons acting individually or in concert, directly or indirectly, including by virtue of their shareholding or management rights or shareholders' agreements or voting agreements or in any other manner.

Principles of consolidation 2.2

The financial statements of the subsidiary company used in the consolidation is drawn up to the same reporting date as of the group.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the following basis:

- a) The financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary company have been combined on a line-by-line basis by adding together like items of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Inter-company balances and transactions and unrealised profits or losses have been fully eliminated.
- b) The excess of the cost to the parent of its investments in a subsidiary over the parent's portion of equity at the date on which investment in the subsidiary is made, is recognised as 'Goodwill (on consolidation)'. When the cost to the parent of its investment in a subsidiary is less than the parent's portion of equity of the subsidiary at the date on which investment in the subsidiary is made, the difference is treated as 'Capital Reserve (on consolidation)' in the consolidated financial statements.
- c) Minority interest in the net assets of consolidated subsidiary consists of the amount of equity attributable to the minority shareholders at the dates on which investments in the subsidiary company are made and further improvements in their share in the equity, subsequent to the dates of investments.
- d) On disposal of a subsidiary, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.
- e) The share of profit / loss of associate companies / firms / LLPs is accounted under the 'Equity method' as per which the share of profit / loss of the associate has been adjusted to the cost of investment. An associate is an enterprise in which the investor has significant influence and which is neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture.
- f) The List of Parent, Subsidiary and Associates which are included in the Consolidation and the Parent Company's holding therein are as under:

The Parent Company considered in the Consolidated Financial Statement is as under:

Α.

Capital India Corp Private Limited	India
Name of Parent/Holding Company	Country of Incorporation

The Subsidiary Companies considered in the Consolidated Financial Statement is as under:

Name of Subsidiaries	Country of Incorporation		% of Holding
		31.03.2024	31.03.2023
Capital India Finance Limited	India	73.04%	73.04%
Credenc Web Technologies Pvt Ltd	India	77.11%	66.70%
Capital India Wealth Management Pvt Ltd.	India	100.00%	100.00%
CIFL Holdings Pvt Ltd.	India	100.00%	100.00%
Yellow Whale Technologies Pvt Ltd	India	78.00%	78.00%



Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

2.3 Revenue Recognition

2.3.1 Revenue from operations

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured and there exists reasonable certainty of its recovery.

2.3.2 Other revenue

Interest income is recognised using effective interest method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. When calculating the effective interest rate, the company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument but does not consider the expected credit losses.

2.4 Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

The cost comprises the purchase price, borrowing cost if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Subsequent expenditures relating to property, plant and equipment is capitalized only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with these will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

All other expenses on existing property, plant and equipments and intangible assets, including day-to-day repair and maintenance expenditure and cost of replacing parts, are charged to the statement of profit and loss for the period during which such expenses are incurred.

Property, Plant and Equipment not ready for the intended use on the date of the Balance Sheet are disclosed as "Capital work-in-progress".

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of property, plant and equipments and intangible assets are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset at the time of disposal and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment is calculated on written down value method basis using the ratio arrived as per the useful life prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

In respect of Property, Plant and Equipment purchased during the year, depreciation is provided on a pro-rata basis from the date on which such asset is ready to use.

The residual value, useful live and method of depreciation of Property, Plant and Equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

2.5 Intangible assets

An intangible asset is recognised, only where it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will accrue to the enterprise and the cost can be measured reliably.

Intangible assets are stated at cost, less accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any.

Intangible assets not ready for the intended use on the date of the Balance Sheet are disclosed as intangible assets under development.

Separately purchased intangible assets are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite. Finite-life intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the period of their expected useful lives. Intangible assets are amortized over a period of six years on straight line basis as per the useful life prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. Intangible assets acquired / purchased during the year are amortised on a pro-rata basis from the date on which such assets are ready to use.

Intangible assets with an indefinite useful life are not amortised. Such intangible assets are tested for impairment.

The residual value, useful live and method of amortization of intangible assets are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

2.6 Financial Instruments

2.6.1 Initial recognition

The Group recognizes financial assets and financial liabilities when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

All financial assets and liabilities are recognized at fair value on initial recognition.

Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not at fair value through profit or loss are added to or deducted from the fair value of financial assets or financial liabilities on initial recognition.

Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Regular way purchase and sale of financial assets are accounted for at trade date.



Capital India Corp Private Limited Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

2.6.2 Subsequent measurement

i

Non-derivative financial instruments

Financial assets carried at amortized cost A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortized cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income ii

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

The Holding Company has made an irrevocable election for its investments which are classified as equity instruments to present the subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income based on its business model. For such equity instruments, the subsequent changes in fair value are recognized in other comprehensive income.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss iii

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are subsequently measured at fair valued through profit or loss. Fair value changes are recognised as other income in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

iv **Financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures v

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are carried at cost in the separate financial statements.

vi Equity instruments

An equity instrument is a contract that evidences residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issuance of equity instruments are recognised as a deduction from equity instrument net of any tax effects.

2.6.3 Derecognition

The Holding company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition under Ind AS 109.A financial liability is derecognized when obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

2.6.4Off-setting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is presented in the balance sheet when the company currently has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amount and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Fair Value Measurement 2.7

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefit by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Holding company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy. The fair value hierarchy is based on inputs to valuation techniques that are used to measure fair value that are either observable or unobservable and consists of the following three levels:

Level 1 – inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 - inputs are other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived prices)

Level 3 – inputs are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). Fair values are determined in whole or in part using a valuation model based on assumption that are neither supported by prices from observable current market transactions in the same instrument nor are they based on available market data.



Capital India Corp Private Limited Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

2.8 Income tax

Income tax expense comprises current tax and deferred tax.

2.8.1 Current Tax

Current tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items that are recognised in other compreheusive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax for current and prior periods is recognized at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the tax authorities, using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset, where company has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.8.2 Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except to the extent that the deferred tax liability arises from initial recognition of goodwill; or initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which is not a business combination and at the time of transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax losses and carry forward of unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which those temporary differences, losses and tax credit can be utilized, except when deferred tax asset on deductible temporary differences arise from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on the tax rules and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, where company has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

2.9 Impairment

2.9.1 Financial assets

The Group recognizes loss allowances using the expected credit loss (ECL) model for the financial assets which are not fair valued through profit or loss.

Loss allowance for trade receivables with no significant financing component is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL.

For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12-month ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk from initial recognition in which case those are measured at lifetime ECL.

The impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognised during the period is recognised as income / expense in the statement of profit and loss.

2.9.2 Non-financial assets

Property, plant and equipments and intangible assets

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists the company estimates the asset's recoverable amount.

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an assets net selling price and its value in use. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets.

Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. The impairment loss is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

In determining net selling price, recent market transactions are taken into account, if available. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.



Capital India Corp Private Limited Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

2.9.3 Lease

Company as lessee

The Group lease asset classes primarily consist of leases for Office building. The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Group recognizes a right-of-use (ROU) asset and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of 12 months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low-value leases, the Group recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

The ROU assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

ROU assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset.

The lease liability is initially measured at amortized cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates in the country of domicile of these leases.

Lease liability and ROU assets have been separately presented in the Balance Sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

2.10 Borrowing costs

Borrowing cost includes interest and other costs that company has incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective asset.

All other borrowing costs are expensed in the year they occur.

Investment income earned on temporary investment of specific borrowing pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.

2.11 Employee Benefits

Short term employee benefits for salary and wages including accumulated leave that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which employees render the related service are recognized as an expense in the statement of profit and loss.

The Group measures the expected cost of absences as the additional amount that it expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the reporting date. As per Group's policy, no leave is expected to be carried forward beyond 12 months from the reporting date.

Retirement benefit in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme. The Group has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund. The Group recognizes contribution payable to the provident fund scheme as an expenditure, when an employee renders the related service.

The Group operates one defined benefit plan for its employees, viz., gratuity plan. The costs of providing benefits under the plan are determined on the basis of actuarial valuation at each year-end. Actuarial valuation is carried out using the projected unit credit method made at the end of each reporting date. Re-measurement of the net defined benefit liability (asset) comprise of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability (asset) and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability (asset) and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net are recognised in other comprehensive income and will not be reclassified to profit or loss in a subsequent period.

2.12 Provisions

A provision is recognized when the Group has a present obligation as a result of past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

Provisions are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.



Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

2.13 Contingent Liability

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

Contingent Asset 2.14

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only be occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the company. The company does not recognize a contingent asset but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

Foreign Currency 2.15

Initial recognition

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the functional currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the а functional currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

Conversion

с

Foreign currency monetary items are retranslated using the exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date. Non-monetary items, which are measured in b terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency, are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Exchange difference

All exchange differences are recognized as income or as expenses in the year in which they arise.

2.16 Cash and cash equivalent

Cash and cash equivalents for the purposes of cash flow statement comprise cash at bank (including demand deposits) and in hand and short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and bank overdrafts.Bank overdraft is shown within cash and cash equivalents.

2.17 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.18Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost of materials is determined on weighted average basis. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price less estimated cost necessary to make the sale.

Segment Reporting 2.19

An operating segment is component of the Group that engages in the business activity from which the Group earns revenues and incurs expenses, for which discrete financial information is available and whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker, in deciding about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance. The company's chief operating decision maker is the Managing Director.

Assets and liabilities that are directly attributable or allocable to segments are disclosed under each reportable segment. All other assets and liabilities are disclosed as un-allocable.

Revenue and expenses directly attributable to segments are reported under each reportable segment. All other expenses which are not attributable or allocable to segments have been disclosed as un-allocable expenses.

The Group prepares its segment information in conformity with the accounting policies adopted for preparing and presenting the financial statements of the company as a whole.



Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

2.20 Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using indirect method whereby profit for the period is adjusted for the effects of the transactions of non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts and payments and items of income or expenses associated with investing and financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Group are segregated.

Events after reporting date 2.21

Where events occurring after the Balance Sheet date provide evidence of conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period, the impact of such events is adjusted within the financial statements. Otherwise, events after the Balance Sheet date of material size or nature are only disclosed.

Recent accounting pronouncements issued but not yet effective 2.22

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 23, 2022, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2022, applicable from April 1st, 2022, as below:

Ind AS 16 - Proceeds before intended use

The amendments mainly prohibit an entity from deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment amounts received from selling items produced while the Group is preparing the asset for its intended use. Instead, an entity will recognise such sales proceeds and related cost in profit or loss. The Group does not expect the amendments to have any impact in its recognition of its property, plant and equipment in its financial statements.

Ind AS 109 – Annual Improvements to Ind AS (2021)

The amendment clarifies which fees an entity includes when it applies the '10 percent' test of Ind AS 109 in assessing whether to derecognise a financial liability. The Group does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.



lote 3a- Cash and Cash Equivalents	As at	As at
Particulars	31st March 2024	31st March 2023
	23,747.66	24,177.25
Balances with Banks		
Jess: Book Overdraft	23,747.66	24,177.25
Net Balance with Banks (A)	23,47,00	28.70
Cash on hand (B)	23,771.11	24,205.95
Total (A+B)		
Note 3b- Bank Balance other than cash and cash equivalents	As at	As a
Particulars	31st March 2024	31st March 202
Term Deposits with maturity more than 3 months	10,256.44	7,933.72
	2.77	1.52
Earmarked balance with bank (refer note 2)	2.83	2.67
Dividend account balance		7,937.96
	10.262.04	/,93/.90
Total	10,262.04	
Total Note 4- Receivables	10,262.04 As at 31st March 2024	As
Total	As at	As
Total Note 4- Receivables Particulars	As at	As
Total Note 4- Receivables Particulars (i) Trade receivables i) Secured considered good	As at 31st March 2024 -	As 31st March 202
Total Note 4- Receivables Particulars (i) Trade receivables	As at 31st March 2024 - 2,051.42	As 31st March 202 - 1,785.4
Total Note 4- Receivables Particulars (i) Trade receivables i) Secured considered good ii) Unsecured considered good iii) Doubtful	As at 31st March 2024 - 2,051.42 16.08	As <u>31st March 202</u> - 1,785.4 7.7
Total Note 4- Receivables Particulars (i) Trade receivables i) Secured considered good ii) Unsecured considered good iii) Doubtful Subtotal (i+ii+iii)	As at 31st March 2024 - 2,051.42 16.08 2,067.50	As 31st March 202 1,785.4 7.7 1,793.2
Total Note 4- Receivables Particulars (i) Trade receivables i) Secured considered good ii) Unsecured considered good iii) Doubtful Subtotal (i+ii+iii) Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts	As at 31st March 2024 - 2,051.42 16.08 2,067.50 (16.08)	As 31st March 202 1,785.4 7.7 1,793.2 (7.7
Total Note 4- Receivables Particulars (i) Trade receivables i) Secured considered good ii) Unsecured considered good iii) Doubtful Subtotal (i+ii+iii) Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts Net Receivables (a)	As at 31st March 2024 - 2,051.42 16.08 2,067.50	As <u>31st March 202</u> 1,785.4 7.7 1,793.2 (7.7
Total Note 4- Receivables Particulars (i) Trade receivables i) Secured considered good ii) Unsecured considered good iii) Doubtful Subtotal (i+ii+iii) Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts Net Receivables (a) (ii) Other receivables	As at 31st March 2024 - 2,051.42 16.08 2,067.50 (16.08)	As <u>31st March 202</u> 1,785.4 7.7 1,793.2 (7.7
Total Note 4- Receivables Particulars (i) Trade receivables i) Secured considered good ii) Unsecured considered good iii) Doubtful Subtotal (i+ii+iii) Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts Net Receivables (a) (ii) Other receivables i) Secured considered good	As at 31st March 2024 2,051.42 16.08 2,067.50 (16.08) 2,051.42	As 31st March 202 1,785.4 7.7 1,793.2 (7.7 1,785.4
Total Note 4- Receivables Particulars (i) Trade receivables i) Secured considered good ii) Unsecured considered good iii) Doubtful Subtotal (i+ii+iii) Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts Net Receivables (a) (ii) Other receivables i) Secured considered good ii) Unsecured considered good	As at 31st March 2024 2,051.42 16.08 2,067.50 (16.08) 2,051.42	As 31st March 202 1,785.4 7.7 1,793.2 (7.7 1,785.4 - 34.3
Total Note 4- Receivables Particulars (i) Trade receivables i) Secured considered good ii) Unsecured considered good iii) Doubtful Subtotal (i+ii+iii) Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts Net Receivables (a) (ii) Other receivables i) Secured considered good ii) Unsecured considered good ii) Doubtful	As at 31st March 2024 2,051.42 16.08 2,067.50 (16.08) 2,051.42	As 31st March 202 1,785.4 7.7 1,793.2 (7.7 1,785.4 - 34.3
Total Note 4- Receivables Particulars (i) Trade receivables i) Secured considered good ii) Unsecured considered good iii) Doubtful Subtotal (i+ii+iii) Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts Net Receivables (a) (ii) Other receivables i) Secured considered good ii) Unsecured considered good ii) Doubtful Subtotal (i+ii+iii)	As at 31st March 2024 2,051.42 16.08 2,067.50 (16.08) 2,051.42 - - 15.52 - - 15.52	As 31st March 202 1,785.4 7.7 1,793.2 (7.7 1,785.4 - - 34.3 - - 34.3 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Total Note 4- Receivables Particulars (i) Trade receivables i) Secured considered good ii) Unsecured considered good iii) Doubtful Subtotal (i+ii+iii) Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts Net Receivables (a) (ii) Other receivables i) Secured considered good ii) Unsecured considered good ii) Doubtful Subtotal (i+ii+iii) Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts Net Receivables (a) (ii) Other receivables i) Secured considered good ii) Doubtful Subtotal (i+ii+iii) Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts	As at 31st March 2024 2,051.42 16.08 2,067.50 (16.08) 2,051.42	As 31st March 202 1,785.4 7.7 1,793.2 (7.7 1,785.4 - 34.3 - 34.3 -
Total Note 4- Receivables Particulars (i) Trade receivables i) Secured considered good ii) Unsecured considered good iii) Doubtful Subtotal (i+ii+iii) Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts Net Receivables (a) (ii) Other receivables i) Secured considered good ii) Unsecured considered good ii) Doubtful Subtotal (i+ii+iii)	As at 31st March 2024 2,051.42 16.08 2,067.50 (16.08) 2,051.42 - - 15.52 - - 15.52	As 31st March 202 1,785.4 7.7 1,793.2 (7.7 1,785.4



<u>Trade Receivable Aging</u>

Outstanding as at 31st March, 2024

outstanding as at 21 st March 2024			-			NK + H- 5	
Outstatiuting as at 913t fragt way or 2	Unbilled dues	Less than	6 months	1-2 year	2-3 Years	More unan 3 Years	Total
r al litulai S							
Undisputed Trade receivables- considered good	1	2,044.24	1.84	5.34	I	•	2,051.42
Undisputed Trade receivables – which have	,	z	I		16.08	1	16.08
significant increase in credit risk						3	
Undisputed Trade receivables – credit impaired	t	1	I	ł	\$		
intered good	ŧ	1	1	I	•	1	1
Disputed Trade receivables – which have	1	1	3	3	1	1	ŧ
significant increase in credit risk			1		3	3	I
Disputed Trade receivables – credit impaired	3	•	1				2
-			,	1	(16.08)		(16.08)
I rese Allowances for expected credit loss		**		l		E	2.051.42
	1	2,044.24	1.84	5.34	1		

it 31st March 2023 Ţ

Outstanding as at 31st March, 2023						More than	-
Darticilars	Unbilled dues	Less than	6 months _ 1 year	1-2 Year	2-3 Years	3 Years	Total
t al titution of							
Indisputed Trade receivables- considered good	t	291.85	1,484.14	9.50	Ŧ	I	1,/85.44
Indisputed Trade receivables – which have	3	1	2	7.77	1	3	7.77
significant increase in credit risk						*	J
Undisputed Trade receivables – credit impaired	t	1	1	I	ı	I	
Disputed Trade receivables- considered good	ı	1	ı	1	I	1	
Disputed Trade receivables – which have		1	ı	1	ı	1	1
significant increase in credit risk					-	R ASSON -	1
Disputed Trade receivables – credit impaired	1	1	1	Ţ	K.		3
	2	1		(7.77)		N C	(7.77)
I nee Allowrances for expected credit loss	'	-				01 16130	1 785 49
	ŀ	279.85	1,479,70	9.50	h		
					and the second s	Carly Carly	
						KCONE	

Carried at Amortised Cost, except otherwise stated)	As at	As at 31st March 2023
articulars	31st March 2024	31st march 2023
1) Advances - at amortised cost andor financing (Secured)	69.65	15.05
ross	0.17	0.06
ass: Impairment loss allowance	69.48	14.99
Subtotal (1)		
I) Term Loans in India - at amortised cost	106,739.44	108,269.06
cured	21,378.64	20,230.45
nsecured	129,118.08	128,500
Total Gross	2,543.71	2,242.04
Less: Impairment loss allowance Subtotal [2]	125,574	126,257
c) (I) Loans and Advances In India	120 107 22	128,515
Public Sector Others	128,187.73	128,515
Gross	128,187.73 2,543.71	2,242
Less; Impairment loss allowance	125,644.02	126,272
Net	125,044.04	
11) Loans and advances Outside India (Net)	125,644.02	126,272
Net	743,41	668.55
ess: Unamortised processing fee Income	962.91	1,982.78
ess Collection from Customers	1,706.32	2,651.33
Subtotal (3)	123,937.70	123,621.13
Total Net Loan (1+2+3)		
Bifurcation of Secured loans & advances	As at	As al
Particulars	31st March 2024	31st March 2023
	3.417.63	5,202.37
Secured by book debt	103,171.62	102,852.17
Secured by tangible asset	219.84	229.57
Covered by bank or government guarantee	106,809,09	108,284.11
Total		
Note-6 Investments	Asat	As a
	31st March 2024	March 31, 2023
Particulars		
Recorded at amortised cost	984.56	· · · · ·
Investment in equity instruments	847.78	847.78
Investment in associates		
Recorded at Fair value through P&L		1.105.41
In India	-	4,427.1
Investment in Liquid mutual fund units	1,832.34	5,274.9
	As at	As
Particulars	31st March 2024	March 31, 202
Particulars		
Investment outside India	1,832.34	5,274.9
Investment in India	1,832.34	5,274.9
	1,002.01	
Note:	2022	
Based on assessment no impairment loss has been recognised for the year ended 31st March 2024 and 51st March	12023.	
Detail for Investment in Mutual Funds.		
		Δe

Detail for Investment in Mutual Pulius.			
	As at		As at March 31, 2023
Particulars	31st March 2024		
			1,256.50
Aditya Birla Sun Life Liquid Fund- Growth Direct (31st March 23 - 3,46,065 Units)	-	·	1,646.06 1,524.57
Nippon India Liquid Fund (31st March 23 - 29,891 Units) SBI Premier Liquid Fund- Direct (31st March 23 - 43,271 Units)			4,427,13
TOTAL			



Note 7- Other Financial Assets

(Carried at Amortised Cost, except otherwise stated)	As at	Asat
Particulars	31st March 2024	31st March 2023
	34.71	53.81
Accrued income	0.75	0.20
Interest accured on Fixed Deposit	332.00	188.07
Interest accrued but not due on fixed deposits		48.33
Interest on loan paid in advance	884.16	911.21
Security deposits	7.32	9.61
Advance Paid to Staff and vendors	1,492.86	518.39
Deferred consideration on direct assignments	23.38	12.83
Other advances	0.01	-
Advance to vendors	0.68	0.68
Ex. Gratia receivable	373.71	30.55
Fixed Deposit more than 12 months (refer note i and ii)	940.83	303.22
Receivables from service providers	7.72	11.59
Cash collateral/margin on borrowing	59.27	190.66
Amount recoverable from agents (DBC's)	160.31	175.28
Unbilled Revenue	-	0.36
Balance with GST Authorities	· .	0.04
Amount Recoverable	4,318.52	2,454.83
Total		

Note-8 - Inventories	Asat	As at
	31st March 2024	31st March 2023
Particulars	-	· ·
	128.61	84.76
Stock-in-trade of goods acquired for trading	(2.58)	(2.58)
Less: Provisions for obsolete inventory	126.03	82.18
Total Inventories		

(1) The cost of inventories recognised as an expense during the year in respect of continuing operations was Rs. 122.09 Lakhs (March 2023: Rs. 310.80 Lakhs).

(ii) The cost of inventories recognised includes Rs. 2.58 lakhs (31 March 2023: Rs. 2.58 Lakhs) in respect of write downs / (write-up) of inventory to net realisable value. This was recognised as an expense during the year ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023 in the statement of profit and loss.

Note 9- Current tax assets (net)	Asat	Asat
Particulars	31st March 2024	31st March 2023
Particulars	623.40	1,245.17
Income tax refund due	623.40	1,245.17
Total		



Note 10- Property, Plant and Equipment	Furniture &		Office	Leasehold	Plant & Machinery	Computer &	Total
Particulars	Fixtures	Vehicles	Equipments	improvements		s tantit d	
							2 001 04
Gross Carrying Value			C35 41	1 291.63	14.45	699.34	10706/0
Ac at March 31 2022	929.73	/7-175	41:000	1161	0.54	435.87	636.35
AS AL PLAT LLE U.L. P. P. M.	31.23		71.25	10.011 FC.011		1910	179.84
Additions	77 CA	14.55	25.40	78.12			A 428 25
Disposals		406 77	562.19	1,330.05	14.99	TT-07T'T	00 507
As at March 31, 2023	67.816	71021	12 88	185.60	46.73	73.73	48/.80
Additions	10.71	158.25	00.71			15.87	115.88
	0.66	94.66	1.10		61.71	1,173,98	4,810.34
Disposais	928.34	560.29	570.37	CO'CTC'T			
As at March 31, 2024						- MAR	
						F0 717	1 295 30
Accumulated Depreciation		01 100	92 026	327.09	1.29	10.1/2	00.00/2/1
Ac at March 31, 2022	243.54	7777	00001 1000	27916	0.71	291.55	907.70
	115.53	100.24	TC.07T	10.10		11.36	116.45
	17.47	12.54	26.12	07.60		R54 R0	2.086.55
Disposals and Other Adjustment		309.40	328.95	553.09	00.2		
As at March 31, 2023	00.145	011/00	105 60	259.39	10.98	300.59	
Charte for the year*	116.87	8/.83	DO CO T			14.89	111-71
Cliaigy in the Yaw	0.34	94.66	1.83	01 10	12.98	837,21	2,856.09
	458,13	302.57	432.72	04.779			
AS at Marcu 31, 2024							
					20	564.61	2 351 81
Net Carrying Amount	576 60	187.32	233.24	776.96	14.30		1 054.25
As at March 31, 2023	000/C	CL LIC	137.65	703.17	48.73	330.//	L2-7021
As at March 31, 2024	4/0.21	7///07	222				
							500

a. The Group does not hold any immovable property where title deeds are not held in the name of the Group and no immovable property are jointly owned with others during the year ended 31st March 2024 and 31st March 2023.

b.There is no revaluation of property plant and equipment during the year 31st March 2024 and 31st March 2023.

c.The Group does not hold any Benami property under the Benami Transaction (Prohibition) Act, 1983 and Rules made thereunder.

d.The Group do not have any investment property as at 31st March 2024 and 31st March 2023.

Note-11 -Capital -work in progress

As at 31st March 2024 31st M 30.17 15.00 15.00 30.17 30.17	Note-11 -/ anital -work in Urugress		
ar 31st March 2024 31st March 20 as 30.17 1 30.17 1 15.00 1 30.17 1 15.00 1 15.00 1		As at	As at
ar 15.00 15.00 11 12.00 11 15.	Particulars	31st March 2024	31st March 2023
30.17 11 15.00 30.17 15		15.00	0.88
15.00 30.17 11	Balance as at the beginning of the year	2017	15.00
30.17 15	Additions for the year	71.00	
30.17	Doduction during the year	15.00	0.00
Balance as at the end of the year		30.17	15.00
	Balance as at the end of the year		



Canital work in progress ageing	schedule as at 31st March,2024

Particulars	Less than 1 Year		2-3 Year	More that 3 Years	Total
		·····			30.17
Projects in progress	<u>30.17</u> 30.17		-	-	30.17
the second se	A.um. 2.1.um.				

....

Capital -work in progress ageing schedule as at 31st March,2023

Particulars	Less than 1 Year	2-3 Year	More than 3 Years	
Projects in progress	15.00 15.00	 	-	15.00 15.00

Notes:

(i) There are no projects whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan.

Note-12 -Intangible assets under development

Note-12 -Intaligible assets under development	Asat	As
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
a literative of the trans	3,513.39	1,137.99
Balance as at the beginning of the year	1,655.84	3,212.90
Additions for the year	(4,168.05)	(837.50)
Capitalised during the year	1,001.18	3,513.39
Balance as at the end of the year	······································	

schedule at 31st March,2024 ain

Intangible assets under development ageing schedule as at 31st March, Particulars	Less than 1 Year	i l-2 iear	2-3 Year	More than 3 Years	Total
Neo Banking Others	54.49 392.76 447.25	528.59 528.59	25.34 25.34		54.49 946.69 1,001.18

Intangible assets under development ageing schedule as at 31st March, Particulars	2023 Less than 1 Year	1–2 Year	2-3 Year	More than 3 Years	Total
Neo Banking Others	2,418.76 517.72 2,936.48	466.02 110.89 576.91		-	2,884.78 628.61 3,513.39

Notes: (i) No Projects has been suspended during the year or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan. (ii) Ageing has been reckoned from the project start date. (iii) There are no projects which are either overdue or have exceeded their cost compared to their original plan as at 31st March 2024 and 31st March 2023. (iv) There are no projects where activity has been suspended.

Note 13- Other Intangible Assets		Intellectual Property	Other	Total
Particulars	Computer Software	Rights	Intangible	Jour
Gross Carrying Value	2 022 04	3,56	44.22	2,075.99
As at March 31, 2022	2,028.21	0.,0		859,09
Additions	859.09			
Disposals		3.56	44.22	2,935.08
As at March 31, 2023	2,887.30		10.00	4,195.99
Additions	4,185.99	0.12	10,00	0.12
Disposals		3.44	54,22	7,130.95
As at March 31, 2024	7,073.29	5.11		-
				-
Accumulated Depreciation	607.99		33.88	641.87
As at March 31, 2022	720.86	0.17	6.07	727.10
Charge for the year	/20.88			-
Disposais	1,328.84	0,17	39,96	1,368.96
As at March 31, 2023	1,353.79	0,16	2,00	1,355,95
Charge for the year	1,535,79	0.01		0.01
Disposals	2,682.63	0.33	41.96	2,724.91
As at March 31, 2024	2,002.03	0100		-
				-
Net Cartying Amount	1.558.46	3,39	4,26	1,566,12
As at March 31, 2023	4,390.66	3.11	12.26	4,406.04
As at March 31, 2024	4,390,88	1		

Note-14A -Goodwill	Asat	As at
Particulars	31st March 2024	31st March 2023
At cost, beginning of the year	1,807.59	552.26 1,255.33
Additions	1,807.59	1,807.59

Note: Goodwill arises during the year is Nil (Previous year: due to acquisition of NYE Investech Private Limited (Formerly known as Krant 396) Pri Limited) by the subsidiary Capital India Finance Limited.



Note-14B -Right of use assets	As at	As at
Particulars	31st March 2024	31st March 2023
Premises	4,931.64	5,039.92
At cost, beginning of the year	237.37	283.40
Additions	(616.34)	(391.68)
Delction	4,552.68	4,931.64
Gross Block	1,001110	
Accumulated amortization :	2,379,66	1.689.54
At beginning of the year	841.01	942.29
Amortization	041.03	(252.17)
Deletion	3,220.68	2,379.66
Total amortization		2,551.98
Net carrying amount	1,332.00	4,531.70

Note: (i) There is no revaluation in Right of use assets during the year ended 31st March 2024 and 31st March 2023. (ii) Refer Note No. 41 for detail on Leases.

Note-15 -Other non-financial assets	As at	Asat
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
	685.41	598.29
Prepaid Expenses	26.77	7,99
Capital advances	1.271.97	971.25
Balance with Statutory authorities	12.74	2,13
Others	1,996.89	1,579.67
Subtotal (A)	947.60	594.11
Advance Paid to Suppliers		(23.02)
Less: Provision for doubtful advances	(23.02)	571.09
Subtotal (B)	924.58	
Total	2,921.47	2,150.76

Note-16-Payables	Asat	As at
Particulars	31st March 2024	31st March 2023
Trade payables (i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	77.12 1,462.66	47.61 1,480.36
Other payables (i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	70.77	•
	1,610.55	1,527.97

Disclosures required under Section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises DevelopmentAct, 2006 The information as required to be disclosed under MSME development Act, 2006 has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Group. The following table sets forth, for the year indicated, the amount of principal & Interest outstanding.

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at March 31, 2023
(i) Principal amount and interest due thereon remaining unpaid to MSME	77.12	47.61
suppliers (ii) Interest due on unpaid principal amount to MSME suppliers as on 31st	-	-
March 2024 (ii) The amount of interest paid in terms of sec 16 of MSMED, 2006 along with the amounts of the payment made to the MSME suppliers beyond the	-	-
appointmed day (III) The amount of interest due and payable for the year (without adding the interest under MSME Development Act)		-
(iv) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid	-	-
 (v) The amount of interest due and payable to be disallowed under income 	-	-
Tax Act, 1961 Balance of MSME parties at the end of the year	77.12	47.61

No interest has been paid/is payable by the Group during/for the year to these 'Suppliers'. The above information takes into account only those suppliers who have submitted their registration details or has responded to the inquiries made by the Group for this purpose. This has been relied upon by the Auditors.



Trade Payables Aging

Outstanding as at 31st March,2024

Particulars	Unbilled dues	Less than 1 Year	1-2 year	2-3 Year	More than 3 Years	Total
MCME	-	0.25	76.87	-	-	77.12
MSME Other	682.54	351.66	427.63	0.84	-	1,462.66
Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dispution and Complete	682.54	351.91	504.50	0.84	-	1,539.78

Outstanding as at 31st March,2023

Particulars	Unbilled dues	Less than 1 Year	1-2 year	2-3 Year	More than 3 Years	Total
MSME		47,61	-	-	-	47.61
Other	609.13	870.62	0.61			1,480.36
Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-		-	-
bispatea ado o mor	609.13	918.23	0.61	-	-	1,527.97



Note-17 -Debt Securities As at As at March 31, 2024 March 31, 2023 Particulars At Amortised Cost Secured 7,500.00 Non convertible debentures (Nil for 31st March 2024 and 750 Debentures @ Rs 10 Lakh each for 31st March 2023] Unsecured 553,58 Interest accrued but not due on debt securities 8.053.58 Total 8,053.58 Debts in India Debts outside India 8,053.58 Total As at March 31, 2023 As at March 31, 2024 Date of Redemption ISIN No. INE345H07021 30/Jul/2023 24/Jun/2023 INE345H07013 Total

Terms of repayment:	Interest Range	Tenure
Particulars Non convertible debentures - Secured as at 31st March 2024	-	Repayable on respective redemption due date.
Non convertible debentures - Secured as at 31st March 2023	10.00% - 10.05%	Repayable on respective redemption and elect

2,500,00 5,000.00

7,500.00

i) Security details

- Non convertible debentures is secured against pari passu charge on eligible receivables to the extent of 1.25 times of the obligations.

vines (Other than Debt Securities) (at amortised cost) 40 n

Note 18- Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities) (at anior ised cose)	As at	Asat
Particulars	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
Secured		
(a) Term loans	59,981.75	60,770.70
(i) from Banks	11,902.42	10,976.26
(ii) from Financial Institutions	14,966.34	9,794.71
(iii) from Other Parties	143.48	49.90
(b) Vehicle loans from Banks	2,411.60	-
(c) Working Capital Loan	2,411,00	1,119.80
(d) Other loans - Bank Overdraft /Cash credit Utilised	89,405.59	82,711.37
Total (A)	69,403,39	0.00111011
Unsecured	2,700.00	3,100.00
Inter Corporate Borrowing	1,553.50	33.50
Borrowing from Related Parties*		1,115.95
Borrowing from other than Related Parties**	1,115.95	16.00
Loan from Director	28,01	10.00
Compulsory Convertible Debetnures-Related Party		4,265.45
Total (B)	5,397,46	7,205,110
	01 003 05	86,976.82
i) Borrowings in India	94,803.05	50,770.02
ii) Borrowings outside India	-	86,976.82
Total (C)	94,803.05	1,291.87
Less: Unamortised Borrowings costs	1,157.99	1,291.07
Add: Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	107.91	85,789.15
Net Borrowings	93,752.97	03,709,13

Additional information: (i) There are no borrowings measured at Fair value through other comprehensive income and FVTPL.

(ii) Security details - Term loan from banks, financial institutions and others is secured against pari passu charge on standard asset portfolio of book debts & cash collateral and Corporate Guarantee given by Subsidiary Company.

- Working Capital loan is secured by way of pari passu charge on Forex Cash and Receivables related to Forex segment.

- Term loan from Financial Institutions is secured against pari passu charge on standard asset portfolio of book debts. In case of subsidiary of subsidiary Capital India Home Loans Limited, Bank Guarantee is given by Subsidiary Company.

- Vehicle loans is secured by way of hypothecation on vehicles.

- Bank Overdraft is secured against Fixed Deposits.

- Cash credit facility is secured against Loan book.

Terms of repayment:

Maturity profile and rate of interest of term loans from Banks & Other Parties for loans availed by subsidiary company Capital India Finance Limited

				I
Residual Maturities	As at March 31, 2024			
Rate of Interest	Up to one year	1-3 years	3 years & above (Apr 2027 onwards)	Total
	(Apr 2024 to Mar 2025)	(Apr 2025 to Mar 2027) 375.00	TABE 2027 Uliwarus	1,375.00
9.00% to 10.00%	1,000.00 16,837.28	05 000 00	9,512.20	
10.01% to 11.00%	7,279,33	9,755.02	484.30	17,518.65 3,729.16
11.01% to 12.00% 12.01% to 13.00%	3,190.65		-	645.81
More than 13.00%	645.81 28,953.07		9,996.50	74,948.09
Total	20,553,07			

Residual Maturities	As at March 31, 2023			
	Up to one year (Apr 2023 to Mar 2024)	1-3 years (Apr 2024 to Mar 2026)	3 years & above (Apr 2026 onwards)	Total
DELHI	4,846.35	9,370.41 18,445.29 3,168.04	4,750.91 5,672.63 363.64 - - 10,787.18	18,967.67 36,292.38 7,281.87 6,393.33 1,630.16 70,565.41
	DELHI	Up to one year (Apr 2023 to Mar 2024) 4,846.35 12,174.46 3,750.19 3,095.65 935.37 24,802.02	Up to one year (Apr 2023 to Mar 2024) 1-3 years (Apr 2024 to Mar 2026) 4,846.35 9,370.41 12,174.46 18,445.29 3,750.19 3,168.04 3,095.65 3,297.68 935.37 694.79 24,802.02 34,976.21	Up to one year (Apr 2023 to Mar 2024) 1-3 years (Apr 2024 to Mar 2026) 3 years & above (Apr 2026 onwards) 4,846.35 9,370.41 4,750.91 12,174.46 18,445.29 5,672.63 3,095.65 3,297.68 3 935.37 694.79 - 90.000 24,802.02 34,976.21 10,787.18

Maturity profile and rate of interest of term loans from Financial Institutions for loans availed by subsidiary company Capital India Finance Limited

	Residual Maturities	As at March 31, 2024			
ate of Interest		Up to one year (Apr 2024 to Mar 2025)	1-3 years (Apr 2025 to Mar 2027)	3 years & above (Apr 2027 onwards)	Total
.00% to 9.00%		796,50	2,124.00 720,00	5,381.92	8,302.42 3,600.00
0.01% to 11.00%		3,676.50	2,844.00	5,381.92	11,902.4
	Residual Maturities	As at March 31, 2023			
ate of Interest		Up to one year (Apr 2023 to Mar 2024)	1-3 years (Apr 2024 to Mar 2026)	3 years & above (Apr 2026 onwards)	Total
00% to 9.00%		848.40	1,550.16 3,500.00	2,577.70	4,976.2 6,000.0
.01% to 10.00%		3,348.40	5,050.16	2,577.70	10,976.2

Maturity profile and rate of interest of Vehicle Loans for loans availed by subsidiary company Capital India Finance Limited

	Residual Maturities	As at March 31, 2024			
late of Interest		Up to one year (Apr 2024 to Mar 2025)	1-3 years (Apr 2025 to Mar 2027)	3 years & above (Apr 2027 onwards)	Total
.00% to 9.00%		35.11 35.11	60.60 60,60	47.77 47.77	143.40 143.40
lotal		As at March 31, 2023			
ate of Interest	Residual Maturities	AJacMarca DI HOLD		0	
		Up to one year (Apr 2023 to Mar 2024)	1-3 years (Apr 2024 to Mar 2026)	3 years & above (Apr 2026 onwards)	Total
.00% to 8.00%	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10.34 23,67	15.89		26.2 23.6
3.01% to 9.00%		34.01	15,89	-	49.9

Unsecured Borrowings:

*Borrowed Rs. 533.50 lakh @ Interest 12% , Repayable in 4 Years

*Borrowed Rs. 1,020.00 lakh @ Interest 12% , Repayable in 1 Year

**Borrowed 4015.95 @ Interest 12.5% , Repayable in 1 year

(iii) There are no borrowing guaranteed by directors, promoters, key managerial personnel (KMPs) as at 31st March, 2024 (31st March, 2023; Nil).

(iv) Additionally the Group has not defaulted in repayment of principal and interest during the year 31st March, 2024 (31st March, 2023: Nil).

(v) Borrowing obtained on the basis of Security of current assets

Borrowings from banks or financials Institutions are secured by way of pari passu floating charge over the eligible receivables. Further, the companies within group have filed quarterly/ monthly statement of securities cover with security Trustee and banks reconciling with books of accounts as required.

(vi) End use of borrowings

The Companies within group have utilised the borrowed funds for purposes for which it was availed.

(vii) Utilisation of borrowed funds and share premium

No funds have been received by the Companies within group from any person(s) or entity(is), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Companies within group shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend to or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(vii) Other

The Group does not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory period for borrowings.

Note 19 - Subordinated Liability (at FVTPL)

(Unsecured)	16,425.76	36,511.00
0.01% Unlisted unsecured redcemable optionally fully convertible debentures	18,446.85	-
Add:- Remeasurement of financial liabilities	34,872.61	

Terms / rights attached to 0.01% Unlisted unsecured redeemable optionally fully convertible debentures

a) shall be optionally fully convertible in nature

b) issued for maximum tenure of 10 years from the date of allotment

Note 70, Other Financial Liabilities

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Treditors for expenses nterest Payable nterest accrued but not due on borrowings interest accrued but not due on debt securities Advances received from customer Direct business outlets (DBO) balances Security Deposit Salary payable Capex payable Dividend payable Unclaimed dividend Payable to employees Book overdraft	1.23 422.65 17.05 - - 1,050.32 11,265.25 2.75 20.55 0.44 - - - 2.80 42.57 2,796.79 4.680.27	0.50 235.12 37.99 - 717.67 11,659.95 2.75 - 3.70 - 2.65 75.58 1,405.74 3,774.23



Note 21 - Deferred tax (assets)/liabilities (Net)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Deferred Tax Asset/(Liabilities) Net		
Deferred Tax Asset		650.01
Provision for Expected Credit Loss	695.93	133.01
Provision for employee benefits	162.93	168.27
Unamortised processing fee	187.11	1
Depreciation	341.44	328.19
Carry forward losses	-	290.54
Amortization adjustment on Lease deposits	350.93	9.54
Lease Liability	60.67	69.70
Deferred Tax Liabilities		-
Interest adjustments on Lease deposits	(15.86)	(9.45)
Deferred consideration on direct assignments	-	-
Unamortised borrowing cost	(291.45)	(325.14)
Deferred consideration on direct assignments	(375.74)	(130.48)
		(2.18)
Unrealised gain on MF	(8.54)	(8.54)
Lease modification	1,107.42	1,173.46
Deferred Tax Asset/(Liabilities) Net		11.06
Movement in Net deferred tax Asset during the year	1,107.42	1,184.52
Deferred Tax Asset/(Liabilities) Net		

Note-22 -Provisions

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
<u>Provision for employee benefits</u> Provision for gratuity (refer note 38) Provision for compensated absence (refer note 38) Provision for contingency Provision for performance bonus	409.85 227.99 379.59 764.00	265.36 219.25 208.29 846.54
Impairment loss allowance on Sanctioned but undisbursed & Guara	intee 7.50	7.50 1,546.95
Total	1,788.9	3

Note 23- Other Non-financial liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
	6.91	872.48
Provision	1.104.46	285.74
Statutory dues payable	341.14	2.40
Advance received from customer	1,452.51	1,160.62
Total		



Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Amount in Rupees Lakh unless otherwise stated

Note 24- Equity Share Capital	As at	As at
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Authorised Equity Share Capital	506.06	506.06
50,60,606 (As at 31.3.2024: 50,60,606) Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	506.06	506.06
Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid Up Equity Share Capital 50,60,606 (As at 31.3.2024: 50,60,606) Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each Total	506.06 506.06	506.06 506.06

of the Cauity charge

(a) Reconciliation of the Equity shares	As at March 31, 2024		As at March 31, 2023	
Patituars	No.	Amount	No.	Amount 506.06
At the beginning of the period	5,060,606	506.06	5,060,606	506.06
Add: Issued during the period	-	-		
Add: Issued on account of conversion of convertible	-	-	-	-
preference shares	_ 1	-	-	-
Less: Bought-back during the year	5,060,606	506.06	5,060,606	506.06
Outstanding at the end of the year				

s holding more than 5% equity shares in the Company: . 1. . 1. 4.

(b) Name of shareholders holding more than 5 % equi	As at Ma	rch 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	
Particulars	No.	% holding	No.	% holding
Equity shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid Sumit Kumar Narvar Poonam Narvar	2,404,800 2,254,500 4,659,300	47.52% 44.55% 92.07%	2,254,500	47.520% 44.550% 92.07%

(c) Promoter's Equity Shareholding

Disclosure of shareholding of Promoters:	As at 31st March, 2024		As at 513t March 2012		% Change during the year 2023-24
Promoter name	No. of shares	% of total shares	No. of shares	% of total shares	
	2.404.800	47.52%	2,404,800	47.52%	
Sumit Kumar Narvar	2,254.500	44.55%	2,254,500		1
Poonam Narvar	100,200	1,98%	100,200		• •
Keshav Porwal	250,500	4.95%	250,500		1
Trident Buildtech Private Limited	50,606	1.00%	50,606		
Deepak Vaswan	5.060,606	100.00%	5,060,606	100.00%	
Total	5,060,000]				

As on 31st March, 2024, holding company has only one class of equity shares having par value of INR 10 per share. Each Holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of holding company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to recieve remaining assets of the holding company after distribution of all the preferential amounts. The distribution will be in the proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

Note 25- Other Equity	As at	As a
Particulars	31st March 2024	31st March 2023
Statutory Reserve under Section 45-IC of the RBI Act, 1934 and under Section 29-C of NHBA Act, 1987	38.39	-
Securities premium Retained earnings Other comprehensive income	(4,142.54) (12.26) 23,445.58	(3,099.67 22.11 22,397.08
Capital Reserve Total	19,329.18	19,319,53

The description, nature and purpose of each reserve within equity are as follows:

i) Statutory Reserve under Section 45-IC of the RBI Act, 1934 and under Section 29-C of NHBA Act, 1987:

The Group created a reserve pursuant to section 45 IC the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and section 29 C of NHBA Act, 1987 by transferring amount not less than twenty per cent of its net profit every year as disclosed in the Statement of Profit and Loss and before any dividend is declared.

The amount received in excess of face value of the equity shares is recognised in Securities Premium Account. In case of equity-settled share based payment transactions, the difference between fair value on grant date and nominal value of share is accounted as securities premium account. The account is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2013.

Retained earnings represents surplus/accumulated earnings of the Group and are available for distribution to shareholders.

The Group Recognises change on account of remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability (asset) as part of other comprehensive income.


Note 26A- Interest Income	For the year	For the year
Particulars	2023-24	2022-23
On Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost		16 001 10
Interest on Loan	19,445.93	16,221.13
	12.24	73.93
Interest income on vendor financing		576.71
Interest income on Investment in Debentures	900.17	525.12
Interest on deposits with Banks		020.20
	555.44	-
	20,913.77	17,396.88
Other interest income Total		

Note 26B- Dividend Income Particulars	For the year 2023-24	
On Financial Assets Classified at Fair Value through OCI	-	~
On Financial Assets classified at Fair Value through profit and loss		-
Total		-

Note 26C- Net gain/ (loss) on fair value change	For the year	For the year
Particulars	2023-24	2022-23
	403.50	244.14
Mutual fund units	(10.05)	-
Fair Value gain/ (loss) of investments recognised at FVTPL	745.04	-
Fair Value gain/ (loss) of liabilities recognised at FVTPL	1.138.48	244.14
Total (A)		
Fair Value Changes:	403.50	235.46
-Realised	734.98	8.68
-Unrealised	1,138.48	244.14

Note 26D- Other Operating Income	For the year	For the year
Particulars	2023-24	2022-23
	853.34	647.55
Royalty Income		7,403.42
Profit on Sale of Investment	106.26	451.17
Sale of Product	10.43	0.33
Others	970.02	8,502.47
Total		

For the year 2023-24 85.74 263.56 19.89 0.66 58.09 58.63	<u>2022-23</u> 61.07 112.53
263.56 19.89 0.66 58.09	112.53
19.89 0.66 58.09	
0.66 58.09	
0.66 58.09	
58.09	
	42.35
5.54	77.47
7.28	25,46
14.50	14.54
6.70	6.29
	0.47
	-
	-
0.11	-
238.69	309.67
764.59	649.38
	5.19 0.11 238.69



Note-28 -Impairment losses on financial instruments	For the year ended	For the year ended
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
On Loans(On financial instruments measured at amortised cost)	301.60	119.37
On Loans(On financial instruments measured at amornised cost) Total	301.60	119.37

Note-29 -Cost of materials consumed	For the year and ad	For the year ended
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	
	84.76	130.38
Opening stock	176.07	265.17
Add: Purchases	260.83	395.55
	128.61	84.76
Less: closing stock Cost of materials consumed	132.21	310.80
Lost of materials consumed		

Note 30- Finance costs	For the year	For the year
Particulars	2023-24	2022-23
	10.012.81	7,234.02
Interest on borrowings (amortised cost)	208.96	851.39
Interest on debt securities	174.49	288.61
Interest on lease liability	64.32	278.17
	10,460.57	8,652.19
Interest on lease hability Other Finance Expense Total		

Note 31- Employee Benefit Expenses	For the year	For the year
Particulars	2023-24	2022-23
	14,252.61	13,920.01
Salaries, wages and bonus	761.44	698.20
Contribution to provident and other funds	1,506.85	7,074.39
Share based payments to employees	365.30	336.60
Staff welfare expenses	16,886.19	22,029.20
Total		

For the year	For the year
2023-24	2022-23
881.26	907.70
841.01	942.29
1,355.95	727.10
3,078.22	2,577.09
	2023-24 881.26 841.01 1,355.95



Note 33- Other expenses	For the year	For the year
Particulars	2023-24	2022-23
Rent	612.57	591.92
Rate, fee & taxes	118.56	95.86 321.90
Repairs & maintenance	423.16	321.90
Office expenses	387.64	113.29
Power, fuel and electricity charges	123.83	180.29
Communication expenses/ Postage	170.90	78.44
Printing & stationery	71.02 212.60	212.45
Insurance	106.23	123.78
Membership & subscription	1.051.40	1,053.47
Travelling & conveyance	183.72	1,425.81
Advertisement, marketing & business promotion exp	105.72	1,120.01
Auditors' Fees and Expenses	27.82	27.56
- As Audit Fees	27.82	1,72
- For Tax Audit	1,697.63	2,465.25
Legal & Professional Charges	5.18	4.07
Listing fee	ł	797.26
Directors remuneration and sitting fees	254.26 939.49	114.20
Expense for financial guarantee obligation	106.20	58.00
Corporate social responsibility expense {Refer Note 33(a)}	311.79	368.40
Bank Charges	58.37	133.14
Facilitation fees	562.67	422.86
Server usage charges	108.98	55.05
SMS usage charges	100.90	26.37
Loss on sale of property plant & equipments		10.08
Integration Charges		2.27
Consultancy Charges	372.66	
Expected credit loss for financial guarantee obligation	3.15	14.50
Loss on account of bad debts	8.31	7.77
Expected credit loss on trade receivable	128.79	138.16
Fees and subscription	470.03	228.96
Transaction loss	44.40	
Provision for doubtful advances	210.42	166.53
Provision for Contingencies	150.00	20.2
Credit verification charges	20.64	23.6
Loss on foreclosure and write-off of loan	0.71	0.3
MCA Filing Fees	1.07	0.0
Custody Fees	1.03	-
Fabrication and Installation Exps	17.56	
Web Site Expenses	37.03	147.8
Miscellaneous Expenses	9,127.95	9,885.9
Total		
Exceptional Items		103.3
Loss on winding up of subsidiary company		103.3



Note 33(a)-Details of CSR Expenditure Pursuant to the applicability of CSR (Corporate Social Responsibility) provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 the details are as below :

I ul.	suant to the applicability of CSK (corporate social Responsionary) provide	For the year	For the year
Par	ticulars	2023-24	2022-23
i ii	Amount required to be spent by the Group during the year Amount of expenditure incurred	- 106.20	58.00
iii	Shortfall at the end of the year.		-
iv	Total of previous year shortfall Reason for shortfall	Not applicable	Not applicable
vi	Nature of CSR activities	Development of drains & solar power enabled street lighting, Rural Development, Livelihood, Health, Education & Environment	The amount is spent in Rural Development, Livelihood, Health, Education & Environment
vii	Details of related party transactions	Enterprise over which control is exercised by the subsidiary of the Company	Enterprise over which control is exercised by the subsidiary of the Company

Note 34 - Income Tax

Note 34 - income tax		
(A) Amounts recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss	For the year	For the year
Particulars	2023-24	2022-23
	1,104.46	752.67
Current Tax	22.81	(407.08)
Deferred Tax Expense / (Income)	1,127.27	345.59
Total		

(B) Amounts recognised in Other Comprehensive Income	For the year	For the year
Particulars	2023-24	2022-23
Income Tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	(1.23)	-
Total	(1.23)	-
Total		

(C) D conciliation of effective tax

(C) Reconciliation of effective tax	For the year	For the year
Particulars	2023-24	2022-23
	(2,508.78)	(6,181.69)
Accounting profit/(loss) before income tax Tax expense at Statutory Income Tax Rate @ 25.168% (Previous Year 25.168%)	-	752.67
Adjustment of tax impact of the following: Expenses not deductible under the Income Tax Act	-	_
Income not taxable under the Income tax Act	ы. 2	-
Effect of Unabsorbed Depreciation set off Effect on Deferred Tax due to Fair Value Gain on Investments	22.81	(407.08)
Others	(2,485.97)	(5,836.10)
Income Tax expense reported in Statement of Profit or Loss	(2), (00, 10, 10)	



Capital India Corp Private Limited Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Amount in Rupees Lakh unless otherwise stated

Note 35- Other Comprehensive Income

Particulars	For the year 2023-24	For the year 2022-23
Tautuais		
Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss Equity instrument measured at fair value through OCI Less: Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss	(4.88)	-
Income tax relating to reality instrument measured at fair value through OCI	1.23	-
Income tax relating to equity instrument measured at turn vinte through our	(3.65)	-

Note 36- Earnings per share (EPS)

The following reflects the profit / (loss) and share data used in the basic and diluted EP	For the year	For the year
Particulars	2023-24	2022-23
a) Net (loss) / profit for calculation of basic EPS	(2,604.60)	(6,423.95)
Net (loss) / profit for calculation of diluted EPS	(2,604.60)	(6,423.95)
b) Weighted average number of equity shares during the year - Basic	5,060,606	5,060,606
Effect of dilution: Add : Weighted average number of convertible preference shares	-	-
Weighted average number of shares in calculating diluted EPS	5,060,606	5,060,606
D. J. D. Chaus. Daris (Da)	(51.47)	(126.94)
Earning Per Share - Basic (Rs.)	(51.47)	(126.94)
Earning Per Share - Diluted (Rs.) Face Value per share (Rs.)	10.00	10.00

Note 37-Transaction in foreign currency Particulars	For the year 2023-24	For the year 2022-23
Earning in Foreign Currency		866.05
Export of foreign currencies	33.52	11.77
Commission received - Forex	89.00	21.70
Commission received - Western union		4.50
Advising fees	4.02	-
Subscription charges	11	

Forward Cover Outstanding

The Group uses forward exchange contract to hedge against its foreign currency exposures related to underlying transaction and firm commitments.

The Group does not enter into any derivatives instruments for trading or speculative purpose.

The forward exchange contracts outstandings as at 31 March, 2024 are as under currency exchange USD/INR

a) Number of Sale Contracts: 2 (31st March 2023 : NIL)

b) Aggregate Amount: Rs. 383.77 Lakhs (31st March 2023: NIL)



Capital India Corp Private Limited

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 Amount in Rupees Lakh unless otherwise stated

38 Dividend distribution to equity shareholders of the Subsidiary Company

The Board of Directors of CIFL at its meeting held on 22nd May, 2024 have recommended dividend of Rs 0.10 per equity share (31st March 2023: Rs. 0.10 per share) amounting to Rs. 77.73 Lakhs (31st March 2023: Rs. 77.73 Lakhs) on ordinary equity shares.

39 In compliance with the Ind AS 27 'Separate Financial Statement', the required information is below:

		Percentage (%) o	f ownership Interest
Name	Place of Business	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Subsidiaries Capital India Finance Limited Credenc Web Technologies Private Limited Yellow Whale Technologies Private Limited Capital India Wealth Management Private Limited CIFL Holdings Private Limited	India India India India India India	73.04% 77.11% 78.00% 100.00% 100.00%	73.04% 66.70% 78.00% 100.00% 100.00%

40 Disclosure Pursuant to Ind AS 116 "Leases"

The following is the movement in lease liabilities during the year ended March	For the year ended	For the year ended
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Opening balance	2,867.43	3,594.93
Additions during the year	225.37	275.98
Deletions during the year	(659.86)	(176.42)
Adjustment on Account of Lease Modification	174.49	288.61
Finance cost accrued during the year	(1,037.15)	(1,115.67)
Payment of lease liabilities	1,570.28	2,867.43

1 1 1 4 1 01 2024 and Manual 21 2022

Maturity analysis of Lease Liabilities (Undiscounted basis)

maturity analysis of flease bagment (As at	As at
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
	724.05	1,096.56
Not later than 1 year	1.071.50	2,196.97
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years		-
Later than 5 years	1,795.55	3,293.53
Total	1,753.83	

Amount recognised in statement of Profit & Loss account during the year	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Particulars	499.61	410.13
Rent expense recognised for short term and low value leases Depreciation on RoU assets	841.01	-
Interest expenses on lease liabilities	174.49	19.94

Note:

1 The Group does not have variable lease payments (31st March, 2023 - Nil)

2 The Group has not subleased right of use asset during the year (31st March, 2023 - Nil)

3 The Group does not have any significant restrictions or covenants imposed by leases (31st March, 2023 - Nil)

4 The Group does not have any committed undiscounted leases that has not yet commenced as at 31st March, 2024 (31st March, 2023 - Nil)



etails Of Related Parties	Description of relati	ionshin			
ame of Company/Entity	Step Down Subsidiary				
pital India Home Loans Ltd	Subsidiary Company	//			
pital India Finance Limited	Subsidiary Company				
edenc Web Technologies Pvt Ltd	Wholly Owned Subsid	diarv			
pital India Wealth Management Pvt Ltd.	Wholly Owned Subsi-				
FL Hoidings Pvt Ltd.	Step Down Subsidiar				
apital India Asset Management Pvt Lld	Step Down Subsidiar				
apipay Fintech Pvt Ltd	Step Down Subsidiar				
YE Investech Pvt Ltd (Formerly Kuants Wealth Pvt Ltd)	Subsidiary Company				
ellow Whale Technologies Pvt Ltd	Step Down Subsidiary Company w.e.f. June 01, 2022 Enterprise over which control is exercised by the subsidiary of the Company				
YE Insurance Broking Pvt Ltd	Enterprise over whit	h control is exercise	d by the subsidiar	y of the Company	
tulya Foundation	Enterprise Under wh	tich KMP has signifie	ant influence		
itaram Niwas Pvt Ltd	Enterprise Under wh	hich KMP bas signifi	ant influence		
rident Buildtech Pvt Ltd	Enterprise onder W	icit toni ince e Anore			
ey Management Personnel	Description of rela				
unit Kumar Narvar	Chairman & Managir				
eshav Porwal	Non Executive Direc				
leepak Vasivan	Non Executive Direc	tor			
	A and outstanding balances t	hereof			
Details of related party transactions during the year ended 31st March, 20	Enterprise un	der which KMP ha	slenificant	Кеу	Total
	Trident Buildtech	Capital India	Rapipay	management	
Particulars	Pvt Ltd	Home Loans Ltd	Fintech Pvt Ltd	personnel	
Balances outstanding in the beginning of the Reporting Period	-		-		
Amount Pavable	36,544.50	-	•		36,544.50
Amount Receivable	-	-		-	•
Amount Receivable					
Transaction during the year	1,520.00		_	-	1,520.00
Loan Received	1,520.00			-	
Loan Given	-	35.40	_		35.40
Royalty Income	-	53.40	_		-
Dividend Income	-			-	-
Unlisted Loan Convertible into Equity Shares	-	-		-	-
Investment in Equity Shares		1	0.92		0.92
Trandemark Transfer Income	-	32,40	0.92		33.33
Amount Received	-	32,40			-
Amount Paid					3.2
Interest Paid on Debenture and Unsecured Loans	3.29	3.00		_	3,0
	-	3.00		_	
TDS Receivable	-				106.9
Interest on Debenture and Loan Given (Net of TDS)		· · ·			
	106.98				
Interest on Debenture and Loan Given (Net of TDS) Interest on Loan Received (Net of TDS)				L	004404
Interest on Debenture and Loan Given (Net of TDS)	38,168,19	-	-	-	38,168.1

.



pital India Corp Private Limited Stes To The Standalone Financial St	atements For The Year	Ended 31st March, 202	4		
nount in Rupees Lakh unless otherwis	e stated				
ote 42: Related Party Transaction					
etails Of Related Parties			······································	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Description of relation				
apital India Home Loans Ltd	Step Down Subsidiary C	ompany			
pital India Finance Limited	Subsidiary Company				
redenc Web Technologies Pvt Ltd	Subsidiary Company				
apital India Wealth Management Pvt	Wholly Owned Subsidia	irv			
td.	whony owned substale				
(FL Holdings Pvt Ltd.	Wholly Owned Subsidia	iry			
apital India Asset Management Pvt	Step Down Subsidiary (ownany			
td	Step Down Subsidialy (Jumpany			
apipay Fintech Pvt Ltd	Step Down Subsidiary (Company			
uants Wealth Pvt Ltd	Step Down Subsidiary (w.e.f. April 18, 2022)			
ellow Whale Technologies Pvt Ltd	Subsidiary Company				
YE Insurance Broking Pvt Ltd	Sten Down Subsidiary (Company w.e.f. June 01, 2	022		
	Enterprise over which	control is exercised by th	e subsidiary of the Compar	ıy	
tulya Foundation	Enterprise Under which	h KMP has significant infl	luence		
taram Niwas Pvt Ltd	Enterprise Under which	h KMP has significant infl	luence		
rident Buildtech Pvt Ltd	TEnterprise onder which	n KHI nas significant mi			
ley Management Personnel	Description of relation	onship			
umit Kumar Narvar	Chairman & Managing	Director			
eshay Porwal	Non Executive Director	r			
Deepak Vaswan	Non Executive Director	r			
			()	waaf	
Details of related party transactions	s during the year ended	1 31st March, 2023 and	outstanding balances un	Key	Total
	Enterprise un	der which KMP has sign	micant minuence	1.~y j	Total
Particulars	Trident Buildtech	Capital India Home	Rapipay Fintech Pvt	management	
	Pvt Ltd	Loans ltd 🕴	Ltd	personnel	
	1				
Balances outstanding in the	-	-	-		
peginning of the Reporting Period					
					41,417
Amount Payable	41,417.30	-	-	-	41,417
Amount Receivable	-	-	-	-	
Transaction during the year					811
Leave Densities d	811.88	-	-	-	0.11
Loan Keceiveu					
	-	-	-	-	41
Loan Given	-	41.89		-	
Loan Given Royalty Income		- 41.89 5.50	-	-	
Loan Given Royalty Income Credit note against royalty income	-		- - -	-	
Loan Given Royalty Income Credit note against royalty income Dividend Income	-	5.50	-	-	
Loan Given Royalty Income Credit note against royalty income Dividend Income Investment in Shares	-	5.50	-	-	
Loan Given Royalty Income Credit note against royalty income Dividend Income Investment in Shares Investment in Compulsorily	-	5.50		-	
Loan Given Royalty Income Credit note against royalty income Dividend Income Investment in Shares Investment in Compulsorily Convertible Debentures	-	5.50	1 406.53	-	5
Loan Given Royalty Income Credit note against royalty income Dividend Income Investment in Shares Investment in Compulsorily Convertible Debentures Sale of investments	-	5.50	- - - 1,406.53	-	5 1,406
Loan Given Royalty Income Credit note against royalty income Dividend Income Investment in Shares Investment in Compulsorily Convertible Debentures Sale of investments Amount Received		5.50	1,406.53	-	5 1,406 36
Loan Given Royalty Income Credit note against royalty income Dividend Income Investment in Shares Investment in Compulsorily Convertible Debentures Sale of investments Amount Received Amount Paid		5.50 - - - 36.39		-	5 1,406 30 1,144
Loan Given Royalty Income Credit note against royalty income Dividend Income Investment in Shares Investment in Compulsorily Convertible Debentures Sale of investments Amount Received Amount Paid	- - - - 1,144.97 4.44	5.50 - - - 36.39	1,406.53	-	5 1,406 36 1,144
Loan Given Royalty Income Credit note against royalty income Dividend Income Investment in Shares Investment in Compulsorily Convertible Debentures Sale of investments Amount Received Amount Paid Interest Paid on Debenture and Unsecured Loans	4.44	5.50 - - - 36.39 - -	- - - 1,406.53	-	5 1,406 30 1,144
Loan Given Royalty Income Credit note against royalty income Dividend Income Investment in Shares Investment in Compulsorily Convertible Debentures Sale of investments Amount Received Amount Paid Interest Paid on Debenture and Unsecured Loans	4.44	5.50 - - - 36.39 - -	1,406.53	-	5 1,406 30 1,144
Loan Given Royalty Income Credit note against royalty income Dividend Income Investment in Shares Investment in Compulsorily Convertible Debentures Sale of investments Amount Received Amount Received Amount Paid Interest Paid on Debenture and Unsecured Loans Interest on Debenture and Loan Give	4.44	5.50 - - - 36.39 - -		-	1,406 30 1,144 4 17
Loan Given Royalty Income Credit note against royalty income Dividend Income Investment in Shares Investment in Compulsorily Convertible Debentures Sale of investments Amount Received Amount Paid Interest Paid on Debenture and Unsecured Loans Interest on Debenture and Loan Give (Net of TDS)	4.44	5.50 - - - 36.39 - - -	1,406.53	-	5 1,406 30 1,144 4 13 4,535
Loan Given Royalty Income Credit note against royalty income Dividend Income Investment in Shares Investment in Compulsorily Convertible Debentures Sale of investments Amount Received Amount Paid Interest Paid on Debenture and Unsecured Loans Interest on Debenture and Loan Give (Net of TDS) Debenture Redeemed	4.44 2n 12.62 4,535.00	5.50 - - - - 36.39 - - - - -	- - - 1,406.53 - - - - - - -	-	1,406 30 1,144 4 1 4,533
Loan Given Royalty Income Credit note against royalty income Dividend Income Investment in Shares Investment in Compulsorily Convertible Debentures Sale of investments Amount Received Amount Received Interest Paid on Debenture and Unsecured Loans Interest on Debenture and Loan Give (Net of TDS) Debenture Redeemed Interest on Loan Received (Net of	4.44 en 12.62	5.50 - - - - 36.39 - - - - -	1,406.53	-	1,406 30 1,144 4 1 4,533
Loan Given Royalty Income Credit note against royalty income Dividend Income Investment in Shares Investment in Compulsorily Convertible Debentures Sale of investments Amount Received Amount Paid Interest Paid on Debenture and Unsecured Loans Interest on Debenture and Loan Give (Net of TDS) Debenture Redeemed Interest on Loan Received (Net of TDS)	4.44 2n 12.62 4,535.00 12.35	5.50 - - - - 36.39 - - - - -	1,406.53	-	1,406 30 1,144 4 1 4,533
Loan Given Royalty Income Credit note against royalty income Dividend Income Investment in Shares Investment in Compulsorily Convertible Debentures Sale of investments Amount Received Amount Paid Interest Paid on Debenture and Unsecured Loans Interest on Debenture and Loan Give (Net of TDS) Debenture Redeemed Interest on Loan Received (Net of TDS) Balances outstanding at the end o	4.44 2n 12.62 4,535.00 12.35	5.50 - - - - 36.39 - - - - -		-	1,406 30 1,144 1. 4,531 1
Loan Given Royalty Income Credit note against royalty income Dividend Income Investment in Shares Investment in Compulsorily Convertible Debentures Sale of investments Amount Received Amount Paid Interest Paid on Debenture and Unsecured Loans Interest on Debenture and Loan Give (Net of TDS) Debenture Redeemed Interest on Loan Received (Net of TDS) Balances outstanding at the end o the Reporting Period	4.44 2m 12.62 4,535.00 12.35 <u>f</u>	5.50 - - - 36.39 - - - - -		-	1,406 30 1,144 1. 4,531 1
Investment in Compulsorily Convertible Debentures Sale of investments Amount Received Amount Paid Interest Paid on Debenture and Unsecured Loans Interest on Debenture and Loan Give (Net of TDS) Debenture Redeemed Interest on Loan Received (Net of TDS) Balances outstanding at the end o	4.44 2n 12.62 4,535.00 12.35	5.50 - - - 36.39 - - - - -	-	-	41 5 1,406 36 1,144 4 4,535 12 36,54



43 Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 12 'Income Taxes'

(i) Tax Expenses recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	
	737.79	752.67
Current tax: In respect of current year	366.67	-
In respect of prior years	2000	
Deferred Tax	22.81	(407.08)
Deferred tax relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences		
Total Income Tax recognised in profit or loss	1,104.46	752.67
Current tax	22.81	[407.08]
Deferred tax	1,127.27	345.59
Total		

(ii) Income Tax recognised in Other comprehensive income

(,,,)		For the year ended	For the year ended
	n	March 31, 2024	
	Particulars		
	Deferred tax related to items recognised in Other comprehensive income during the year:	13.78	(14.44)
	Remeasurement of defined employee benefits	13.78	(14,44)
	Total Income tax recognised in Other comprehensive income		

Reconciliation of enterine tax rate : The reconciliation of estimated income tax expense at tax rate to income tax expense reported in profit or loss is as follows :	For the year ended	For the year ende
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 202
Particulars	(2,508.78)	(6,181.6
Prolit before Tax	25.17%	25.17
Enacted income tax rate (%)	(631.41)	(1,555.8
Income tax expense calculated at applicable income tax rate		
Tax effect of adjustments to reconcile expected income tax expense to reported income tax expense:	465.18	1,188.
Expenses that are not deductible for tax purposes	(418.93)	(340.
Deductions available under income tax	918,60	2,651.
Other Temporary differences	333.44	1,943.
Income Tax expense recognised in profit and loss	22.81	-407
Deferred Tax recognised in profit and loss	356.25	1,536.
Tax recognised in profit and loss	(14.20%)	(24.86
Actual effective income tax rate (%)	Cohung househild area Bt	

Actual effective income tax rate (%) The Group has recognised Deferred Tax Assets arising from deductible temporary differences to the extent there is an evidence of future taxable profit.

(iv) Movement in temporary differences

	For the year ended	For the year ended
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2024
Credit / (Charge) in the Statement of Profit and Loss during the year	148.58	72.56
Loans and Advances	35.36	67.08
		146.36
Employee Benefits	50,90	(0.15)
Depreciation		(33.34)
Advances to staff	325.95	(55.04)
ROU and Lease Liability	(11.06)	(78,93)
MAT Adjustment	33.69	
Borrowings	2.18	(2.18)
Investments	(245.26)	(85.33)
On Fair value of DA pool	(297.86)	297.84
Carry forward losses	-	(8.51)
Lease Modification	42.48	375.40
Total (a)		
Credit / (Charge) in the other comprehensive income during the year	13.78	[14.22]
Provisions - employee benefits expenses (b)	56.26	361.18
Total (a)+(b)	1	

44 Impairment of Goodwill

The Group tests good will for impairment annually on March 31. During the year ended March 31, 2024, the testing did not result in any impairment in the carrying amount of good will

45 Contingent Lizbilities and Commitments

	Asat	
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Contingent liabilities Claims against the Group not acknowledged as debt Contingent liability against the Expected credit loss pertaining to subsidiary company - Others - guarantee on behalf of step down subsidiary i.e. CiHL by subsidiary Capital India Finanace Limited	5,082.26 28,373.58 33,455.84	5,969.75 22,484.57 28,454.32
Total [4] Commitments Estimated amount of contracts[net of advances] remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for Undrawn committed sanctions to borrowers	3.63 2,285.24 2,268.87	2,789.5 2,793.4
Total (b)	35,744.71	31,247.7
Total (c=a+b)		

Acat



	ounts and fair value of the financial instruments of the Company: As at 31st March, 2024			As at 31st March, 2023			
Particulars	Cost/Amortised Cost	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Cost/Amortised Cost	БУТРІ.	FVTOCI	
Inancial Assets				24,205.95			
ash and Cash Equivalents	23,771.11		•	7,937.96	-		
ank balance other than cash and cash equivalents	10,262.04	·		1,819.79			
eccivable	2,066.94			123.621.13			
2011S	123,937.70	·		5,274.91	-		
nvestments	1,832,34			2,454.83	-		
)ther Financial assets	4,318.52			165,314,56	1		
Fotal	166,188.65						
inancial Labilities				1.527.97			
avable	1,610,55			8,053.58			
Debt Securities	93,752.97			85,789,15	-		
Borrowing (other than debt securities)	93,752.97	34,872.61		36,511,00			
Subordinated liabilities	20,322,66	31,072.01		17.915.88	-		
Other financial liabilities	115.686.18	34,872.61		149,797.58	-		

rair vauxuon termiques: The Company maintains policies and procedures to value Financial Assets & Financial Liabilities using the best and most relevant data available. The Fair Values of the Financial Assets and Liabilities are included at the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a Hability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The Group has disclosed financial instruments such as cash and cash equivalents, other financial assets and other current financial liability at carrying value because their carrying amounts are a reasonable approximation of the fair values due to their short term nature.

Fair value of Investment in Quoted Equity Shares is based on quoted market price at the reporting date and for unquoted, it is determined as per IND AS 113.

Note 46(b)- Fair Value hierarchy All financial assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured in the standalone financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows: -

Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets. Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that Level 3 - Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The following table presents the fair value measurement hierarchy of financial assets and financial liabilities, which have been measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value as at 31st March 2024 and 31st March 2023:

Assets / Liabilities weasured at fair value	Fair value measurement at end of the reporting year Using				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
As at 31st March 2024 Assets at fair value Investments Liabilities at fair value Subordinate Liabilities		-	-	1,832.34 34,872.61	1,832.34 34,872.61
As at 31st March 2023 Assets at fair value hwestments Llabilities at fair value Subordinate Llabilities		-	-	5,274.91 36,511.00	5,274.91 36,511.00

During the Year ended 31st March, 2024 and 31st March, 2023, there was no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 A one percent point charge in the unobservable inputs used in fair valuation of level 3 assets and ilabilities does not have a significant impact in its value. The fair values of the quoted equity instruments were determined on the basis of the closing price on the last day of the financial year. In respect of unlisted equity instruments measured at FVTOCI, fair value is determined based on the estimation of valuation by the management. The fair value of unquoted investments in preference shares are estimated by discounting future cash flows using rates currently available for debt on similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities. The estimation is based on level 3 inputs like net assets value etc.

Impact in statement of profit and loss:	Year Ended	Year Ended
Particulars	31.03.2024	31.03.2023
	5,274.91	5,274,91
Opening balance of investments valued using level 3 inputs	1,684.72	
Add/fless): Purchase of Investment		-
Add/(less): Sale of Investment		-
Add/(less): Redemption of Investment	(10,05)	
Add/fless): Fair value changes for the year recognised in OCI	{5,117.23}	
Add/(less): Adjustment on account of consolidation	1,832.34	5,274.91
Closing balance of investments valued using level 3 inputs		



Note 47: Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Holding Company's activities are exposed to market risk (interest risk) and liquidity risk from its operations.

Market risk is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair values or future cash flows that may results from change in the price of a financial instrument. The value of a financial instrument may change as result of change in the interest rates and other market changes may affect market risk sensitive instruments. Market risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments, security deposit, payables and loans and borrowings. Market prices comprise of interest rate risk.

Currency Risk

The Holding Company does not have any transaction in foreign currency and hence is not exposed to currency risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Holding Company is not exposed to the risk of changes in market interest rates as the company's borrowings comprise of loans with fixed rate of interest.

Equity Price Risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair value of equities decreases as the result of changes in the level of equity indices and individual stocks. The Holding Company manages the equity price risk through diversification and by placing limits on individual and total equity instruments. Reports on the equity portfolio are submitted to the Holding Company's senior management on a regular basis. The Holding Company's Board of Directors reviews and approves all equity investment decisions.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Holding Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Holding Company's approach is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due. The Holding Company relies excess operating cash flows to meet its needs for funds. The Holding Company monitors rolling forecasts of its liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs.

The table below provides details regarding the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted payments pertaining to holding company.

Particulars	Carrying Amounts	Less than 1 Year	1-3 Years	More than 3 Years
As at 31st March 2024 Borrowings Other Financial Liabilities	37,742.06 418.86	2,335.95 418.86	1	35,406.11
As at 31st March 2023 Borrowings Other Financial Liabilities	37,860.45 164.62	1,315.95 164.62	-	36,544.50

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Holding Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Holding Company's trade, cash and cash equivalents and investments. The maximum exposure to credit risk in case of all the financial instruments covered below is restricted to their respective carrying amount.

Trade Receivables

The Holding Company does not have an exposure to credit risk from customers since the Company does not have any trade receivables.

Cash & Cash Equivalents and Other Bank Balances

The Group held cash and cash equivalents of Rs. 23,771.11 lakhs as at 31st March 2024 (Rs. 24205.95 lakhs as at 31st March 2023) and bank deposits (including other bank balances) of Rs. 10,262.04 lakhs as at 31st March 2024 (Rs. 7,937.96 lakhs as at 31st March 2023). These are held with credit worthy banks and financial institutions and the credit worthiness of such banks and financial institutions is evaluated by the management on an ongoing basis and is considered to be good.

Other Financial Assets

Credit risk from other financial instruments has not increased significantly since initial recognition, accordingly the expected probability of default is low.



Exposure to the Credit Risks

The gross carrying amount of financial assets, net of any impairment recognised represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum credit exposure as at 31.03.2024 and as at 31.03.2023 is as follows:

	As at 31.03.2024	As at 31.03.2023
Particulars	23,771.11	24,205.95
Cash and Cash Equivalents	10,262,04	7,937.96
Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents	2,066.94	1,819.79
Receivable	123,937.70	123,621.13
Investments	1,832.34	5,274.91
Loans	4,318.52	2,454.83
Other Financial Assets	166,188.65	165,314.56
Total		

Note 48- Capital Management

The Group operates as an investment Company and consequently is registered as a Non-Banking Financial Company – Core Investment Company -Non deposit taking- systemically important (NBFC-CIC-NDSI) with Reserve Bank of India (RBI). The Company's policy is to maintain an adequate capital base so as to market confidence and to sustain future development. Capital includes issued capital and all other equity reserves attributable to equity holders. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maintain an optimal structure so as to maximize the shareholder's value. In order to strengthen the capital base, the company may use appropriate means to enhance or reduce capital, as the case may be.

The Group is not subject to any external imposed capital requirement. The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. Net Debt is calculated as borrowings less cash and cash equivalents.

capital plus net debt. Net Debt is calculated as bol towings less cush and sale of a		31-Mar-23
	31-Mar-24	
Particulars	34,872,61	36,511.00
Sub-ordinated liabilities	93.752.97	85,789.15
Borrowings	(23,771.11)	(24,205.95)
Less: Cash & Cash equivalent	104.854.47	98,094.20
Net Debt	506.06	506.06
Equity Share Capital	19.329.18	19,319.53
Other Equity	19,835.24	19,825.59
Total Capital	124,689.70	117,919.79
Capital and Net Debt	84,09%	83.19%
Gearing Ratio		



/mitounite in the p				
			A 38 A 19181	

Note 49: Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities	2A	As at 31st March 2024			As at 31st March 2023		
Particulars	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total	
ASSETS							
1. <u>FinancialAssets</u> (a) Cash and Cash Equivalents (b) Bank balance other than (a) above	23,771,11 6,563.18	3,698.87	23,771.11 10,262.04	24,205.95 5,697.02	2,240.94	24,205.95 7,937.96 1,785.49	
 (c) Receivables (i) Trade Receivables (ii) Other Receivables (d) Loans (e) Investments (f) Other Financial assets 	2,051,42 15,52 27,823,38 1,809,51	- 96,114.32 1,832,34 2,509.01	2,051.42 15.52 123,937.70 1,832.34 4,318.52	1,785.49 34.30 31,329.17 4,427.13 1,098.27	92,291.96 847.78 1,356.56	34.3 123,621.1 5,274.9 2,454.8	
 Non Financial Assets (a) Inventories (b) Current Tax Assets (net) (c) Deferred tax Assets (net) (d) Property, Plant and Edulpment (e) Capital work in progress (f) Intangible Assets under development (p) Other Intangible Assets (h) Goodwill (f) Right of use assets Other non-financial assets 	109.68 607.05 77.43 98.39 0.00 12.29 1,824.72	16.35 1,029.99 1,855.86 30.17 1,001.18 4,393.75 1,807.59 1,332.00	109.68 623.40 1,107.42 1,954.25 30.17 1,001.18 4,406.04 1,807.59 1,332.00 2,921.47	82.18 629.86 133.37 153.43 - 7.67 - 0.00 1,304.18	616.31 1,051.15 2,198.38 15.00 3,513.39 1,558.45 1,807.59 2,551.98 846.58	82.1 1,245.1 1,184.5 2,351.8 15.0 3,513.3 1,566.1 1,807.5 2,551.9 2,150.7	
LIABILITIES 1. Financiai Liabilities (a) Payable (b) Debt Securities (c) Borrowing (other than debt securities) (d) Lease Liabilities (d) Subordinated Habilities (e) Other financial liabilities	1,610.55 4,781.55 605.00 20,322.6	3 88,971.44 3 965.25 34,872.61		886.44	52,527.17 1,980.99 36,511.00 164,62	1,527.5 8,053.1 85,709.2 2,867 36,511.1 17,915.1	
2. <u>Non Financial Liabilities</u> (a) Provisions (b) Other non-financial liabilities	1,283.9 1,452.5		1,788.93 1,452.51		501.34	1,546. 1,160.	



Capital India Corp Private Limited

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 Amount in Rupees Lakh unless otherwise stated

Note 50- Other Notes

i. Based on the information available with the Company, there are dues as at March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2024 payable to enterprises covered under "Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006". Interest is paid/payable by the Company in terms of Section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act. 2006.

ii. The physical verification of Property, Plant and Equipments & Intangible Assets were carried out at reasonable intervals and no material discrepancies were found on such verification. No personal expenses of employees or directors have been charged to revenue account, except those payable under contractual obligations or in accordance with generally accepted business.

iii. As per the internal assessment of the company, there is no non financial asset requiring allowance for impairment in compliance of IND AS 36 on "Impairment of Assets" other than already provided / disclosed.

iv. Provision for Current Income Tax has been made since there being no taxable income. Deffered Tax is recognised in respect of timing difference relating to book and tax depreciation in accordance with IND AS, on 'Accounting for Taxes on income'

v. Figures for the previous year have been reclassified/ recasted/ regrouped, wherever considered necessary

vi For working out the figures of goodwill on consolidation, the balance sheet of subsidiaries for the year ended 31-03-2022 have been considered as this is the first consolidated balance sheet of the group.

vii Regarding one associate company Rapipay Fintech Pvt. Ltd. which is a step down subsidiary of the company, no consolidation has been done on the grounds that the subsidiary company has already consolidated the figures.

As per our report of even date For AVK & Associates **Chartered Accountants** FRN 02638N

CA Ashwani Kr. Relan (Partner) M. No. 088309 Place: New Delhi Date: 29/09/2024

S0 ¢ Ş -×. Gred Acco

For and on Behalf of Board of Directors OTP P 1910 r_{0} 100 m Ŕ

epak Vaswan Director

DIN: 07814811

Sumit Kumar Narvar Chairman and Managing Director DIN: 02045194