

CAPITAL INDIA CORP PRIVATE LIMITED 2ND ANNUAL REPORT 2022 - 23

BOARD'S REPORT

To,

The Members,

Capital India Corp Private Limited ("Company")

Your Directors are pleased to present the 2nd (Second) Annual Report of the Company together with the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended on March 31, 2023 ("**FY 2022-23**" or "**period under review**").

1. FINANCIAL RESULTS

The Company's financial performance for the period under review is given hereunder:

(Amount in INR)

Particulars	for the Financial Year 2022-23	for the Financial Year 2021-22
Total Income	75,89,39,479	
Total Expenditure	4,22,18,944	4,92,47,805
Profit/(Loss) before tax	71,67,20,535	(4,92,47,805)
Tax Expense (including Deferred Tax)	7,50,15,343	618
Profit/(Loss) after tax	64,17,05,192	(4,92,48,423)
Balance carried to Balance Sheet	64,17,05,192	(4,92,48,423)

2. AMOUNT TRANSFERRED TO RESERVES

As on March 31, 2023, the Company has not transferred any amount to the reserves.

3. STATE OF COMPANY'S AFFAIRS AND FUTURE OUTLOOK

The Company is carrying on the business of investment and holding investment in group companies. The Company is registered under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, having its registered office in the NCT of Delhi.

During the period under review, the Company's total income stood at INR 75,89,39,479 (Indian Rupees Seventy Five Crore Eighty Nine Lakhs Thirty Nine Thousand Four Hundred Seventy Nine only) and the Company has earned a Profit before tax of INR 71,67,20,535 (Indian Rupees Seventy One Crore Sixty Seven Lakhs Twenty Thousand Five Hundred Thirty Five only).

4. DIVIDEND

With a view to bring down its borrowings, your Directors do not recommend any dividend for the period under review.

5. SHARE CAPITAL

During the period under review, there was no change in the capital structure of the Company. As on March 31, 2023, the Capital structure stands as follows:

Particulars	Details
Authorised Share Capital	INR 5,06,06,060 (Indian Rupees Five Crores Six Lakhs Six Thousand Sixty only) divided into 50,60,606 (Fifty Lakhs Sixty Thousand Six Hundred Six) Equity Shares having face value of INR 10 (Indian Rupees Ten only) each

Paid-up Share Capital	INR 5,06,06,060 (Indian Rupees Five Crores Six Lakhs Six Thousand Sixty only) divided into 50,60,606 (Fifty Lakhs Sixty Thousand Six Hundred Six) Equity Shares
	having face value of INR 10 (Indian Rupees Ten only) each

6. DEBENTURES

During the period under review, the Company has not issued/allotted any new debentures.

The Company had redeemed 4,535 (Four Thousand Five Hundred and Thirty Five) Optionally Convertible Debentures ("**OCDs**") having face value of INR 1,00,000 (Indian Rupees One Lakhs only) issued to Trident Buildtech Private Limited during the FY 2022-23 aggregating to INR 45,35,00,000 (Indian Rupees Forty Five Crores Thirty Five Lakhs). As on March 31, 2023, the following OCDs are outstanding:

S. No.	Name of Debenture Holder	No. of OCDs	Face Value (INR)	Amount (INR)
1	Trident Buildtech Private Limited	36,511	1,00,000	3,65,11,00,000

7. DETAILS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY, JOINT VENTURE OR ASSOCIATE COMPANY(IES)

As on March 31, 2023, below are the subsidiaries/step-down subsidiaries of the Company:

S. No.	Name of the Company	Nature of Relation
1.	Capital India Finance Limited ("CIFL")	Subsidiary
2.	Credenc Web Technologies Private Limited	Subsidiary
3.	Yellow Whale Technologies Private Limited	Subsidiary
4.	Capital India Wealth Management Private Limited	Wholly-Owned Subsidiary
5.	CIFL Holdings Private Limited	Wholly-Owned Subsidiary
6.	Capital India Home Loans Limited	Step-Down Subsidiary through CIFL
7.	Capital India Asset Management Private Limited	Step-Down Subsidiary through CIFL
8.	Rapipay Fintech Private Limited ("RFPL") *	Step-Down Subsidiary through CIFL
9.	Kuants Wealth Private Limited	Step-Down subsidiary though RFPL#
10.	NYE Insurance Broking Private Limited	Step-Down subsidiary though RFPL\$

- * RFPL is also an Associate of the Company.
- * Kuants Wealth Private Limited, ceased to become the Wholly-owned Subsidiary and became the Step-Down subsidiary of the Company through RFPL with effect from April 18, 2022
- \$ w.e.f. the date of incorporation viz. June 01, 2022

The Company does not have any Joint Venture or other Associate (except as mentioned above) pursuant to the provisions of Section 2(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

8. <u>DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL</u>

The composition of the Board is governed by the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the rules made thereunder. As on March 31, 2023, below is the composition of Board of Directors of the Company:

S. No.	Name of Director	Designation
1.	Mr. Sumit Kumar Narvar	Chairman and Managing Director
2.	Mr. Keshav Porwal	Non-Executive Director
3.	Mr. Deepak Vaswan	Non-Executive Director

On the basis of declaration received from the Directors and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the Directors are disqualified from being appointed as or holding office of Director as stipulated in Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Company was not required to appoint any Key Managerial Personnel under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 during the period under review.

Particulars of employees receiving remuneration more than the limit prescribed

The provisions and disclosures required under Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(2) & (3) of the Companies (Appointment & Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 are not applicable to the Company.

9. MEETINGS

i) BOARD MEETING

During the period under review, 9 (nine) Board Meetings were held and the intervening gap between the meetings were within the period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

S. No.	Date of Meeting	Total no. of Directors on the date of meeting	No. of Directors present during the meeting
1.	June 06, 2022	3	3
2.	September 16, 2022	3	2
3.	September 22, 2022	3	2
4.	November 09, 2022	3	2
5.	November 17, 2022	3	3
6.	December 15, 2022	3	2
7.	January 05, 2023	3	2
8.	February 24, 2023	3	2
9.	March 20, 2023	3	2

The attendance of the Directors in the Board Meetings, during the period under review, is as follows:

S. No.	Name of Director	No. of Board Meetings Attended
1.	Mr. Sumit Kumar Narvar	9/9
2.	Mr. Keshav Porwal	2/9
3.	Mr. Deepak Vaswan	9/9

ii) GENERAL MEETING

During the period under review, the Annual General Meeting of the shareholders of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2023, was held on September 30, 2022.

10. STATUTORY AUDITORS

The Board of Directors of the Company in its meeting held on June 06, 2022, recommended the appointment of M/s. AVK & Associates, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 02638N) as the Statutory Auditors of the Company for a period of 5 (Five) consecutive years, to hold the office from the conclusion of 01st Annual General Meeting of the Company up to the conclusion of 06th Annual General Meeting. The aforesaid appointment was approved by shareholders at the 01st Annual General Meeting held on September 30, 2022.

The Auditor's Report submitted by M/s. AVK & Associates, Chartered Accountants, the Statutory Auditors of the Company, for the period under review, does not contain any qualification, reservation, adverse remark or disclaimer.

11. CHANGE IN NATURE OF BUSINESS

During the period under review, there has been no change in the nature of business of the Company.

12. PUBLIC DEPOSITS

The Company did not accept any public deposits during the period under review. Therefore, the disclosures required under the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed thereunder are not applicable.

13. PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS UNDER SECTION 186 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

The particulars of loans, guarantees and investments as per Section 186 of the Act, made by the Company, have been disclosed in the financial statements.

14. COST RECORDS

The provisions of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, are not applicable to the Company for the period under review.

15. SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

The provisions of the Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, are not applicable to the Company for the period under review.

16. INTERNAL AUDIT & INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

The provisions of Section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, are not applicable to the Company for the period under review.

Further, your Company has an adequate internal controls system, which is commensurate with the size and nature of its business. The primary objective of the internal control system is to ensure that the operations are being run effectively and efficiently to prevent any revenue leakage, that all its assets are safeguarded and protected.

17. MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENT IF ANY AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY OCCURRED BETWEEN THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR TO WHICH THESE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS RELATE AND THE DATE OF THE REPORT

There were no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company which occurred between the end of financial year to which these financial statements related and the date of this report.

18. PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH THE RELATED PARTIES

None of the transactions with related party(ies) comes within the ambit of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, the particulars of the transactions in Form AOC - 2 of the rules prescribed under the Companies (Account) Rules, 2014 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable.

19. <u>CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO</u>

- The activities of the Company are not energy intensive as the Company is not engaged in any manufacturing activity.
- b. No technology has been developed and / or imported by way of foreign collaboration.
- c. During the year, the Company had "NIL" foreign exchange earnings and outgo.

20. RISK MANAGEMENT

In today's economic environment, Risk Management is a very important part of business. The main aim of risk management is to identify, monitor and take precautionary measures in respect of the events that may pose risks for the business. The Company has in place a mechanism to identify, assess, monitor and mitigate various risks to key business objectives. Major risks i.e., competition, legal changes, change in Government policies, availability of finance, manpower as identified by the Company are systematically addressed through mitigating actions on a continuing basis.

21. DECLARATION BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

The provisions of Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder, relating to appointment of Independent Directors are not applicable to the Company.

22. AUDIT COMMITTEE

The provisions of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rules made thereunder, relating to constitution of Audit Committee, are not applicable to the Company.

23. NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rules made thereunder, relating to constitution of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee, are not applicable to the Company.

24. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY COMMITTEE

During the period under review, the provisions of Section 135 of Companies Act, 2013 read with rules made thereunder, relating to constitution of Corporate Social Responsibility Committee, are not applicable to the Company.

25. VIGIL MECHANISM / WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY

The provisions of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 regarding vigil mechanism, are not applicable to the Company.

26. <u>DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT & MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS OR TRIBUNAL</u>

There has been no order passed by any authority which impact the going concern status and Company's operations in future.

27. SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE

During the period under review, there were no women employees in the Company. Hence, no such information on the sexual harassment is being reported.

28. <u>DETAILS IN RESPECT OF FRAUDS, IF ANY, REPORTED BY AUDITORS' UNDER SECTION 143 (12) OF</u> THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

There was no fraud reported by the Auditors' of the Company under Section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the Board of Directors during the period under review.

29. <u>DIRECTORS RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT</u>

The Board of Directors acknowledges the responsibility for ensuring compliance with the provisions of Section 134(3)(c) read with Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, in preparation of the Financial Statements for the financial year ended on March 31, 2023, and state that:

- a. in the preparation of annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- the Directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit and loss of the Company for that period;
- the Directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d. the Directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- e. the Directors, had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively; and
- f. the Directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

Your Company has in place adequate internal financial controls with reference to the Financial Statements. During the year, such controls were tested and no reportable material weakness(es) in the designs or operations were observed.

30. GENERAL DISCLOSURE

Your Directors states that no disclosure or reporting is required in respect of the following items, during the period under review:

- a) The Company has not bought back any of its securities;
- b) The Company has not issued any bonus shares;
- c) The Company has not issued any sweat equity shares;
- d) The Company has not issued equity shares with differential rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise;
- e) The provisions of Section 125 of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to the Company;
- f) There was no revision in the financial statements of the Company;
- g) There was no application made or any proceeding pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016, and
- h) During the financial year 2022-23, there was no instance of one-time settlement with Banks or Financial Institutions. Therefore, as per rule 8(5)(xii) of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, reasons of difference in the valuation at the time of one-time settlement and valuation done while taking loan from the Banks or Financial Institutions are not reported.

31. STATEMENT ON COMPLIANCES OF APPLICABLE SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

Your Company has devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable Secretarial Standards and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

32. COMPLIANCE WITH THE REGULATIONS ISSUED BY THE RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

During the period under review, in accordance with the Master Direction - Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 issued by Reserve Bank of India ("**RBI**"), the Company falls under the definition of Core Investment Company and requires registration with the RBI to carry on its business activity.

The Company has made necessary application for grant of registration with RBI and the same is under consideration with RBI.

33. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Your Directors place on record their sincere thanks to bankers, business associates and consultants for their continued support extended to your Companies during the year under review.

By order and on behalf of the Board Capital India Corp Private Limited

Sumit Kumar Narvar Chairman & Managing Director DIN: 02045194

Date : August 24, 2023 Place : New Delhi Keshav Porwal Non-Executive Director DIN: 06706341

AVK & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants KD-117, Pitampura, Delhi-110088 Ph: 011-47021101, Email: avkcas@gmail.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Capital India Corp Private Limited,

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements,

Opinion

We have audited the accompanyingInd ASFinancial Statements of Capital India Corp Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss(including other comprehensive income), Statement of changes in equity andthe Statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (including Ind AS) and other explanatory information(herein after referred to as "Ind AS financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaidInd AS Financial Statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in Indiaincluding the Ind AS, of the state of affairs of the company as at 31st March, 2023 and the Profit (including other comprehensive income) and changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of financial statements in accordance with Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report and Annexures to Board's Report but does not include the Ind AS financial statements and our 'Independent auditor's reportthereon.

Our opinion on the Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do notexpress any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the otherinformation and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistentwith the Ind AS financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact, there is nothing to report in this context.

Responsibilities of Managementfor the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of theseInd ASfinancial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performancein accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs willalways detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the Ind AS financial statements is included in "Annexure A" of this auditor's report.

Emphasis on Matter

Without qualifying our report we draw your kind attention:

On the Note no. 33 to the appended financial statements on the fact that the Company falls under the definition of a Core Investment Company in accordance with the extant Master Directions issued by RBI and the application for grant of registration as Core Investment Company has been RBI Central Office, Mumbai within the permissible timelines and the said application is under consideration with RBI.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. Further, as required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of changes in equity and Statement of Cash Flow dealtwith by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.

AVK & Associates

- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind ASFinancial Statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules made thereunder.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the company as on 31st March, 2023taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure C". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has not paid or provided remuneration to its directors, during the year; and
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pendinglitigations which would impact its financial position.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. Therewere no amounts required tobetransferred,tothe Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any



other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

- (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and beliefno funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner what so ever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that there presentations under sub-clause(i)and(ii)ofRule11(e),as provided under and(b)above, contain any material misstatement.

v. The company has not declared or paid dividend during the year.

For AVK & Associates Chartered Accountants

FRN: 02638N

(CA Ashwani Kumar Relan)

Partner M.No:088309

UDIN: 23088309BGSXUA5689

Place: New Delhi

Dated:24-08-2023

AVK & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants KD-117,Pitampura,Delhi-110088 Ph: 011-47023101,Email: avkcas@gmail.com

ANNEXURE 'A' TO INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Annexure 'A' to Independent Auditors' Report of Capital India Corp Private Limited for the period ended 31st March 2023

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies including Ind AS used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Ind AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.



. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with Management of company regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide Management of company with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

For AVK & Associates

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 02638N

(CA Ashwani Kumar Relan)

M.No:088309

Place: New Delhi Partner Dated:24-08-2023

UDIN:23088309BGSXUA5689

AVK & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

KD-117,Pitampura,Delhi-110088 Pb: 011-27023101,Email: avkcas@gmail.com

ANNEXURE 'B' TO INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Annexure 'B' referred to in our Independent Auditors' Report to the members of Capital India Corp Private Limited on the Ind AS financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2023:-

To the best of our information and according to the explanations provided to us by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, we state that:

- i. (a) TheCompany does not have any Property, Plantand Equipmenthence reporting under clause 3(i) (a), (b), (d) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) The company donot own any immovable property hence reporting under clause 3(i)(c) and (e) is not applicable in its case.
- ii. (a) The Company does no thave any inventory and hence reporting under clause3(ii)(a)of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of₹5 crores,in aggregate at any point of time during the period,from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- iii. (a) According to the information and explanationsgiven to us and on the basis of our examination of the records, the company has made investments and granted advancein the nature of Unsecured loans to Subsidiary company:

With regards to Investments made:-

Particulars	Name of	Aggregate	Aggregate	Remarks
	Lender	amount of	amount of	
		investment	Investment as on	
		during the year	balance sheet date	
		(Rs.)	(Rs.)	
Subsidiary Company	Capital India Wealth Management Private Ltd	2,00,000	5,00,000	Investment madein 20000 equity shares of Rs 10/- each
Subsidiary Company	CIFL Holdings Private Ltd	2,00,000	5,00,000	Investment madein 20000



				equity shares of Rs 10/- each
Subsidiary Company	Yellow Whale Technologies Private Ltd	7695000	32289000	Investment made in 3228900 Compulsory Convertible debentures of Rs 10/- each

With regards to Loans and advances granted

Particulars	Name of Lender	Aggregate	Aggregate amount	Remarks
	Lender	amount given during the year	outstanding as on balance sheet date	
Subsidiary Company	Credenc Web Technologies	200,00,000	200,00,000	Interest bearing
	Pvt Ltd			@9%

(c) Based on the audit procedures carried on by us and as per information and explanation obtained, the company has made investments and provided Guarantees which being carried over in its books after its conversion from LLP to Company, and based on the information and explanations obtained such transactions executed at the time of erstwhile LLP cannot be commented upon by us as an Auditor of the company. According to our audit procedures and information and explanation obtained we state that the terms and conditions of Investment made and Guarantees provided, had they been made at the time after conversion cannot be said to be prejudicial to the Interest of the Company. Details of Investments being carried over is as follows:

Serial No	Particulars	Amount invested (Rs)	
1.	Investments in subsidiaries associates and other parties	402,89,38,257/- Amount outstanding on the balance sheet date	

- iv. Based on our audit procedures and information and explanation obtained regarding the transactions executed during the year under consideration we state that the company has complied with the section 185 and section 186 of the Companies Act.
- v. Based on our audit procedures and according to information and explanation



obtained we state the company has not accepted deposits within the meaning of directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of section 73 to 76 or any relevant provisions of the companies act and rules made thereunder.

vi. According to information and explanations obtained we report that the maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under sub-section(1)of section148of the CompaniesAct,2013.Hence,reporting under clause(vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

vii. In respect of statutory dues:

- a) In our opinion, the Company has been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, as applicable, including Incometax, and other material statutory dues with the authorities.
- b) There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Statutory dues including Income Tax and other material statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2023 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- c) There are no statutory dues referred to in sub-clause(a)above which have not been deposited as on March 31, 2023 on account of disputes.
- viii. Based on the audit procedure and information and explanation obtained we state that there were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- ix. (a)Based on our audit procedures and information and explanation obtained we state that the company has not borrowed any money from any bank or Institution therefore clause 3 (ix) is not applicable.
 - (b) Based on our audit procedures and information and explanation obtained we state that the company prior to its conversion pledged its investment to guarantee a Loan taken by a related party amounting to Rs. 1,04,50,0000/, the said loan has been repaid in full and pledge has been withdrawn.
- x. a) The Company has not raised money(s) by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments)during the year and hence reporting under clause3(x)(a)ofthe Order is not applicable.

b)Based on our audit procedures and according to information and explanation obtained we state that during the period the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year. Accordingly, reporting underclause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

xi. Based on our audit procedures and according to information and



explanation obtained, In our opinion:-

- (a) No fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
- (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.
- (c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the company during the year.
- xii. In our opinion the Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xiii. In our opinion, the Company as required under the provisions of Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 has disclosed all the applicable transactions with the related parties separately in its financial statements.
- xiv. In our opinion and information and explanation obtained, the company does not fall under the ambit of internal audit system as it is not required to have an internal audit system as per provisions of the Companies Act 2013. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xiv) of the order is not applicable to the company.
- xv. In our opinion during the year the company has not entered into any noncash transactions with its Directors or persons connected with its directors and henceprovisionsofsection192ofthe Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. (a) Based on our audit procedures and information and explanation obtained, in our opinion, the Company is required to be registered under section 45-IA of the ReserveBankofIndiaAct,1934 and application has been made in this regard which is pending for consideration before the RBI.
 - (b)Based on our audit procedures and information and explanation obtained, the company has conducted Non-Banking Financial activities while having applied for registration as Core Investment Company with Reserve Bank of India..
 - (c) Based on our audit procedures and information and explanation obtained In our opinion the company is a core investment company (CIC) as defined in regulation made by Reserve Bank of India and according to information and explanation given it has made an application for grant of such registration to RBI which is pending.
 - (d) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanation given to us there is no core investment company within the



Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016).

xvii. The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xvii) of the Order is not applicable for the year.

xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the period.

xix. In our opinion and according to explanation and information given to us there is no material uncertainty exist as on the date of the audit report that the company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.

xx. The company is not required to spend towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) in accordance with Section 135 of the said Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable for the year.

Axi. Based on our audit procedures and according to information and explanation obtained, in our opinion the company is not required to prepare consolidate d financial statements therefore the inclusion of comments by respective auditors as required by clause 3(xxi) is not applicable.

For AVK & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN: 02638N

(CA Ashwani Kumar Relan)

Partner M.No:088309

Place: New Delhi Dated: 24-08-2023

UDIN: 23088309BGSXUA5689

AVK & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants KD-117,Pitampura,Delhi-110088

Ph: 011-d7023101,Emril: avkcas@gmail.com

ANNEXURE 'C' TO INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Capital India Corp Private Limited("the Company") as of 31 March,2023 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March,2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Chartered Accountants FRN: 02638N

(CA Ashwani Kumar Relan)

For AVK & Associates

Partner M.No:088309

Place: New Delhi Dated: 24-08-2023

UDIN: 23088309BGSXUA5689

Cin: U65990DL2022PTC395053			
Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2023			(Amount in INR)
Particulars	Notes	As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31st March, 2022
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, Plant and Equipments and Intangible Assets			
-Property, Plant and Equipments		-	_
-Intangible Assets	5	3,39,185	3,56,100
Financial assets			
-Investment	6	4,02,89,38,257	4,24,61,28,257
-Other financial assets	7	3,17,71,702	-
Deferred tax assets (net)		-	
Total Non-current assets		4,06,10,49,144	4,24,64,84,357
Current assets			
Financial assets			
-Loan and advances	8	2,00,00,000	-
-Cash and cash equivalents	9	3,19,228	83,72,096
Other current assets	10	40,975	11,940
Total Current assets		2,03,60,203	83,84,030
Total assets		4,08,14,09,348	4,25,48,68,394
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity Equity share capital Other equity Total equity	11 12	5,06,06,060 22,53,24,984 27,59,31,04 4	5,06,06,06((41,63,80,20) (36,57,74,14)
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities		1	
-Borrowing	13	3,65,44,50,000	4,10,46,00,00
-Deffered Tax Liabilities	14	15,343	-
Total Non-current liabilities	İ	3,65,44,65,343	4,10,46,00,00
Current liabilities Financial liabilities	15	13,15,95,000	43,70,00,00
-Borrowing -Trade Payable a, Total outstanding due of micro & small enterprise		13,12,000	15,7 6,6 6,5
b. Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro & small enterprise	16		4,18
-Other financial liabilities	17	1,64,12,242	7,40,51,24
-Provisions	18	10,62,397	-
Other current liabilities	19	19,43,322	49,87,11
Total Current liabilities		15,10,12,961	51,60,42,54
Total equity and liabilities		4,08,14,09,348	4,25,48,68,39
Summary of significant accounting policies	3	(11)	

Summary of significant accounting policies
See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Ced Accoun

As per our report of even date attached

For AVK & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 02638N

(Ashwani Kr. Relan) Partner M. No. 088309

Place : New Delhi Date: 24-08-2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Capital India Corp Private Limited

SUMIT KUMAR MARVAR Chairman and Managing Director DIN: 02045194

Place : New Delhi Date: 24-08-2023 DEEPAK VASWAN Director DIN: 07814811

Place : New Delhi Date: 24-08-2023



Capital India Corp Private Limited			
CIN: U65990DL2022PTC395053			
Statement of Profit and Loss for the Year Ended on 31st March, 2023 Particulars	Notes	For the Year Ended 31st March, 2023	(Amount in INR) For the Year Ended 31st March, 2022
Income			
Revenue from Operations	20	75,61,65,900	=
Other income	21	27,73,579	-
Total income		75,89,39,479	-
Expenses			
Finance Cost	22	3,86,04,693	4,88,55,393
Depreciation/ Amortisation	5	16,915	-
Other expenses	23	35,97,336	3,92,412
Total expenses		4,22,18,944	4,92,47,805
Profit/ (Loss) before tax		71,67,20,535	(4,92,47,805)
Tax expense / (credit)		7,50,00,000	-
Deferred tax		15,343	618
Total Tax expense		7,50,15,343	618
Net Profit/ (Loss) before tax (A)		64,17,05,192	(4,92,48,423)
Other Comprehensive Income			
Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	**
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		-	
Total Other Comprehensive Income (B)		-	-
Total Comprehensive Income (A + B)		64,17,05,192	(4,92,48,423)
Earnings per equity share nominal value of INR 10 each (Previous	24	1	
Year : INR 10 each)			
Basic (in INR)		126.80	(197.34)
Diluted (in INR)		126.80	(197.34)

Summary of significant accounting policies

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached For AVK & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Regn. No. 02638N

(Ashwani Kr. Relan)

Partner

M. No. 088309

Place: New Delhi Date: 24-08-2023 For and on behalf of the Board of directors of Capital India Corp Private Limited

SUMIT KUMAR NARVAR Chairman and Managing Director

DIN: 02045194

DEEPAK VASWAN Director

DIN: 07814811

Place : New Delhi Date: 24-08-2023

Place: New Delhi Date: 24-08-2023

Capital India Corp Private Limited		
C(N; U65990DL2022PTC395053		
Statement of Cash Flow for the Year Ended on 31st March, 2023		(Amount in INR)
Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023	For the Year ended 31st March, 2022
A) CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net profit before tax	64,17,05,192	(4,92,47,805
Depreciation/ Amortisation	16,915	-
Expenses related to conversion of LLP into private company	-	(5,88,526
Adjustment for:		
Depreciation	-	-
Operating profit before working capital changes	64,17,22,106	(4,98,36,331
Adjustment for:		
Incrase/(Decrease) in trade payables, other Non-financial flab.	-5,96,09,237	7,89,78,793
(Increase)/Decrease in other financial assets, other non financial assets	17,34,84,263	(49,694
Cash used in operations	75,55,97,132	2,90,92,768
Income taxed paid (net of refund received)	-	(618
Net cash generated from operating activities (A)	75,55,97,132	2,90,92,150
B) CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		ļ
Investment in other Companies	-80,95,000	-
Net Cash used in investing activities (B)	(80,95,000)	-
C) CASH FLOW FROM FINANCE ACTIVITIES		
Repayment of Secured/ Unsecured loans	(75,89,05,000)	(35,02,000
Borrowings	33,50,000	(2,01,32,968
Net cash generated from financing activities (C)	(75,55,55,000)	(2,36,34,968
D) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	-80,52,868	54,57,182
E) Cash and cash equivalents as at the beginning of the year	83,72,096	29,14,914
F) Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the year	3,19,228	83,72,09
Cash and cash equivalents comprises:		
	For the Year ended 31st	For the Year ended
Particulars	March, 2023	31st March, 2022
(a) Cash on hand	23,430	25,70
(b) Balances with bank	2,95,798	83,46,39
(u) palatices with bank	3,19,228	}
Summary of significant accounting policies See accompanying notes to the financial statements	***************************************	
1,0000	on behalf of the Board of Directors of P	1.
For AVK & Associates Q ASSOCIATES Capital	India Corp Private Limited	

For AVK & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 02638N

(Ashwani Kr. Relan)

Cov Account

Partner

M. No. 088309 Place: New Delhi Date: 24-08-2023 SUMIT KUMAR-NARVAR Chairman and Managing Director DIN: 02045194

Place : New Deihi Date: 24-08-2023 DEEPAK VASWAN Director DIN: 07814811

Place : New Delhi Date: 24-08-2023

1 Corporate Information

Capital India Corp Private Limited Having its registered office at 2nd Floor, DLF Centre, Sansad Marg, New Delhi-110001, was incorporated on 14th March 2022 as a private limited Company under the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') upon conversion of LLP namely Capital India Corp LLP.

The main objective of theis to carry on business of an Investment Company and to buy, underwrite, sub-underwrite, to invest in with or without interest or security and to engage of financing and to provide venture capital, seed capital, loan capital or to give guarantees on behalf of the company as permitted under the applicable laws.

2 Basis of preparation

2.1 Statement of compilance

The financial statements comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016.

2.2 Basis of measurement

The Financial Statements have been prepared on the historical cost convention and on accrual basis, modified to include Fair valuation of certain financial instruments, to the extent required or permitted in Ind AS as set out in relavant accounting policies.

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

Indian rupee is the functional and presentation currency.

2.4 Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions.

These estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period.

Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Application of accounting policies that require critical accounting estimates involving complex and subjective judgments and the use of assumptions in these financial statements are:

- Useful lives of Property, plant and equipment
- Valuation of financial instruments
- Provisions and contingencies
- Income tax and deferred tax

3 Significant accounting policies

3.1 Revenue Recognition

3.1.1 Revenue from operations

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured and there exists reasonable certainty of its recovery.

3.1.2 Other revenue

Interest Income is recognised using effective Interest method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. When calculating the effective interest rate, the company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument but does not consider the expected credit losses.



3.2 Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

The cost comprises the purchase price, borrowing cost if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Subsequent expenditures relating to property, plant and equipment is capitalized only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with these will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

All other expenses on existing property, plant and equipments and intangible assets, including day-to-day repair and maintenance expenditure and cost of replacing parts, are charged to the statement of profit and loss for the period during which such expenses are incurred.

Property, Plant and Equipment not ready for the intended use on the date of the Balance Sheet are disclosed as "Capital work-in-progress".

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of property, plant and equipments and intangible assets are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset at the time of disposal and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment is calculated on written down value method basis using the ratio arrived as per the useful life prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

In respect of Property, Plant and Equipment purchased during the year, depreciation is provided on a pro-rata basis from the date on which such asset is ready to use.

The residual value, useful live and method of depreciation of Property, Plant and Equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

3.3 Intangible assets

An intangible asset is recognised, only where it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will accrue to the enterprise and the cost can be measured reliably.

Intangible assets are stated at cost, less accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any.

Intangible assets not ready for the intended use on the date of the Balance Sheet are disclosed as intangible assets under

Separately purchased intangible assets are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite. Finite-life intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the period of their expected useful lives, intangible assets are amortized over a period of six years on straight line basis as per the useful life prescribed under Schedule || to the Companies Act, 2013. Intangible assets acquired / purchased during the year are amortised on a pro-rata basis from the date on which such assets are ready to use.

Intangible assets with an indefinite useful life are not amortised. Such intangible assets are tested for impairment.

The residual value, useful live and method of amortization of intangible assets are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.



Capital India Corp Private Limited CIN: U65990DL2022PTC395053

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDEO 31ST MARCH, 2023

3.4 Financial Instruments

3.4.1 Initial recognition

The company recognizes financial assets and financial liabilities when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the

All financial assets and liabilities are recognized at fair value on initial recognition.

Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not at fair value through profit or loss are added to or deducted from the fair value of financial assets or financial liabilities on initial recognition.

Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Regular way purchase and sale of financial assets are accounted for at trade date.

3.4.2 Subsequent measurement

Non-derivative financial instruments

Financial assets carried at amortized cost

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortized cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

II Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

The Company has made an irrevocable election for its investments which are classified as equity instruments to present the subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income based on its business model. For such equity instruments, the subsequent changes in fair value are recognized in other comprehensive income.

iii Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are subsequently measured at fair valued through profit or loss. Fair value changes are recognised as other income in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

iv Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

v Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are carried at cost in the separate financial statements.

vi Equity instruments

An equity instrument is a contract that evidences residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issuance of equity instruments are recognised as a deduction from equity instrument net of any tax effects.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

3.4.3 Derecognition

The company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition under Ind AS 109.A financial liability is derecognized when obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

3.4.4 Off-setting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is presented in the balance sheet when the company currently has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amount and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

3.5 Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefit by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and

The company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy. The fair value hierarchy is based on inputs to valuation techniques that are used to measure fair value that are either observable or unobservable and consists of the following three levels:

Level 1 – inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 — inputs are other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived prices)

Level 3 – Inputs are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). Fair values are determined in whole or in part using a valuation model based on assumption that are neither supported by prices from observable current market transactions in the same instrument nor are they based on available market data.

3.6 Income tax

Income tax expense comprises current tax and deferred tax.

3.6.1 Current Tax

Current tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax for current and prior periods is recognized at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the tax authorities, using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset, where company has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.



3.6.2 Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except to the extent that the deferred tax liability arises from initial recognition of goodwill; or initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which is not a business combination and at the time of transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax losses and carry forward of unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which those temporary differences, losses and tax credit can be utilized, except when deferred tax asset on deductible temporary differences arise from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on the tax rules and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, where company has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

3.7 Impairment

3.7.1 Financial assets

The company recognizes loss allowances using the expected credit loss (ECL) model for the financial assets which are not fair valued through profit or loss.

Loss allowance for trade receivables with no significant financing component is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL.

For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12-month ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk from initial recognition in which case those are measured at lifetime ECL.

The impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognised during the period is recognised as income / expense in the statement of profit and loss.

3.7.2 Non-financial assets

Property, plant and equipments and intangible assets

The company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists the company estimates the asset's recoverable amount.

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an assets net selling price and its value in use. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets.

Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. The impairment loss is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

In determining net selling price, recent market transactions are taken into account, if available. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.



3.8 Lease

Company as lessee

The Company's lease asset classes primarily consist of leases for Office building. The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognizes a right-of-use (ROU) asset and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of 12 months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low-value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

The ROU assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

ROU assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset.

The lease flability is initially measured at amortized cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates in the country of domicile of these leases.

Lease liability and ROU assets have been separately presented in the Balance Sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

3.9 Borrowing costs

Borrowing cost includes interest and other costs that company has incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective asset.

All other borrowing costs are expensed in the year they occur.

investment income earned on temporary investment of specific borrowing pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.

3.10 Employee Benefits

Short term employee benefits for salary and wages including accumulated leave that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which employees render the related service are recognized as an expense in the

The company measures the expected cost of absences as the additional amount that it expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the reporting date. As per Company's policy, no leave is expected to be carried forward beyond 12 months from the reporting date.

Retirement benefit in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme. The company has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund. The company recognizes contribution payable to the provident fund scheme as an expenditure, when an employee renders the related service.

The company operates one defined benefit plan for its employees, viz., gratuity plan. The costs of providing benefits under the plan are determined on the basis of actuarial valuation at each year-end. Actuarial valuation is carried out using the projected unit credit method made at the end of each reporting date. Re-measurement of the net defined benefit liability (asset) comprise of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability (asset) and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability / (asset)). Remeasurement are recognised in other comprehensive income and will not be reclassified to profit or loss in a subsequent period.



3.11 Provisions

A provision is recognized when the company has a present obligation as a result of past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

Provisions are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

3.12 Contingent Liability

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

3.13 Contingent Asset

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only be occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the company. The company does not recognize a contingent asset but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

3.14 Foreign Currency

a Initial recognition

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the functional currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the functional currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

b Conversion

Foreign currency monetary items are retranslated using the exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date. Non-monetary items, which are measured in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency, are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

c Exchange difference

All exchange differences are recognized as income or as expenses in the year in which they arise.

3.15 Cash and cash equivalent

Cash and cash equivalents for the purposes of cash flow statement comprise cash at bank (including demand deposits) and in hand and short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and bank overdrafts. Bank overdraft is shown within cash and cash equivalents.

3.16 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

3.17 Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost of materials is determined on weighted average basis. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price less estimated cost necessary to make the sale.



3.18 Segment Reporting

An operating segment is component of the company that engages in the business activity from which the company earns revenues and incurs expenses, for which discrete financial information is available and whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker, in deciding about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance. The company's chief operating decision maker is the Managing Director.

Assets and liabilities that are directly attributable or allocable to segments are disclosed under each reportable segment. All other assets and liabilities are disclosed as un-allocable.

Revenue and expenses directly attributable to segments are reported under each reportable segment. All other expenses which are not attributable or allocable to segments have been disclosed as un-allocable expenses.

The company prepares its segment information in conformity with the accounting policies adopted for preparing and presenting the financial statements of the company as a whole.

3.19 Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using indirect method whereby profit for the period is adjusted for the effects of the transactions of noncash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts and payments and items of income or expenses associated with investing and financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

3.20 Events after reporting date

Where events occurring after the Balance Sheet date provide evidence of conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period, the impact of such events is adjusted within the financial statements. Otherwise, events after the Balance Sheet date of material size or nature are only disclosed.

3.21 Recent accounting pronouncements issued but not yet effective

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 23, 2022, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2022, applicable from April 1st, 2022, as below:

Ind AS 16 - Proceeds before intended use

The amendments mainly prohibit an entity from deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment amounts received from selling items produced while the company is preparing the asset for its intended use. Instead, an entity will recognise such sales proceeds and related cost in profit or loss. The Company does not expect the amendments to have any impact in its recognition of its property, plant and equipment in its financial statements.

Ind AS 109 – Annual Improvements to Ind AS (2021)

The amendment clarifles which fees an entity includes when it applies the '10 percent' test of Ind AS 109 in assessing whether to derecognise a financial liability. The Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.



Capital India Corp Private Limited CIN: U65990DL2022PTC395053

Note 4 : Statement of Change In Equity

A. Equity Share Capital

(Amount in INR)

Balance as at O1st April, 2022	Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prìor period errors	Restated Balance as at 01st April, 2022	Changes in Equity Share Capital during the current year	Balance as at 31st March, 2023
5,06,06,060	-	5,06,06,060	-	5,06,06,060
				(Amount in INR)
Balance as at 14th March, 2022	Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	Restated Balance as at 14th March, 2022	Changes in Equity Share Capital during the current year	Balance as at 31st March, 2022
	-		5,06,06,060	5,06,06,060

B. Other Equity

(Amount in INR)

		(Fillount in stray
	Other Equity	
Particulars	Reserve and Surplus	Total
	Retained Earnings	
Balance as at 14th March, 2022	(36,65,43,259)	(36,65,43,259)
Total comprehensive income for the remaining year 2021-22	(4,92,48,423)	(4,92,48,423)
Expenses related to conversion of LLP to private limited company	(5,88,526)	(5,88,526)
Balance as at 31st March, 2022	(41,63,80,208)	(41,63,80,208)
Balance as at 1st April, 2022	(41,63,80,208)	(41,63,80,208)
Total comprehensive income for the year ended on 31st March, 2023	64,17,05,192	64,17,05,192
Balance as at 31st March, 2023	22,53,24,984	22,53,24,984

As per our report of even date attached
For AVK & Associates

For AVK & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 02638N

(Ashwani Kr. Relan)

Partner M. No. 088309

Place: New Delhi Date: 24-08-2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Capital India Corp Private Limited

SUMIT KUMAR NARVAR Chairman and Managing

Director DIN: 02045194 Director DIN: 07814811

Place : New Delhi Date: 24-08-2023 Place : New Delhi Date: 24-08-2023

DEEPAK VASWAN



CIN: U65990DL2022PTC395053

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

Note 5 : Other Intangible Assets

As at 31st March, 2023

(Amount in INR)

Particulars	Intellectual Property Rights	Total	
As at 01st April, 2022			
As at 01st April, 2022	3,56,100	3,56,100	
Additions	-	-	
Disposals	-		
Adjustments	<u> </u>		
Gross Block As at 31st March, 2023	3,56,100	3,56,100	
Accumulated Depreciation			
As at 01st April, 2022		-	
Charge for the year	16,915	16,915	
Disposals	-	-	
Adjustments	-	-	
Accumulated Depreciation As at 31st March, 2023	16,915	16,915	
Net Carrying Amount as at 31st March, 2023	3,39,185	3,39,185	

As at 31st March, 2022

Particulars	Intellectual Property Rights	Total
As at 01st April, 2021		
As at 01st April, 2021	3,56,100	3,56,100
Additions	-	••
Disposals	-	-
Adjustments	-	
Gross Block As at 31st March, 2022	3,56,100	3,56,100
Accumulated Depreciation		
As at 01st April, 2021	-	
Charge for the year	-	ч
Disposals	-	_
Adjustments	-	
Accumulated Depreciation As at 31st March, 2022	-	
Net Carrying Amount as at 31st March, 2022	3,56,100	3,56,100



	65990DL2022PTC395053		(Amount in INR
otes	forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
6 1	Non-current financial assets- Investment		
- 1	Fully paid equity shares (unquoted)		
"" ·	-Capital India Wealth Management Private Limited	5,00,000	3,00,00
	(50000 Equity shares having a face value of Rs 10 each)		
	-CIFL Holdings Private Limited	5,00,000	3,00,00
ļ	(50000 Equity shares having a face value of Rs 10 each)		
	-Credenc Web Technologies Private Limited	20,13,00,000	20,13,00,00
ı	(5754000 Equity shares having a face value of Rs 10 each)		, , ,
	-Rapipay Fintech Private Limited	8,47,78,000	8,47,78,00
		_,, _,	,,.
	(8475000 Equity shares having a face value of Rs.10 each)	_	3,03,00,00
- 1	-Kuants Wealth Private Limited		0,00,00,00
- 1	(3030000 Equity shares having a face value of Rs 10 each)	1,56,000	_
1	-Yellow Whale Technologies Private Limited		
- 1	(15600 Equity shares having a face value of Rs 10 each)	3,22,89,000	,
	-Yellow Whale Technologies Private Limited	3,22,03,000	
	(3228900 Compulsory Convertible Debentures having a face value of Rs 10 each)	31,95,23,000	31,69,78,00
] .	- 11 - 11 - 12 - 13	31,33,23,000	31,03,70,00
(p)	Fully paid equity shares (quoted)	3,70,94,15,257	3,70,94,15,25
	-Capital India Finance Limited	3,70,34,13,237	3,10,24,12,23
	(56775720 Equity shares having a face value of Rs 10 each)		19,49,85,00
	-Devyani International Ltd	1	13,43,63,00
	(4500000 Equity shares having a face value of Re 1 each)		
	(All the share of Devyani International Ltd. were pledged to Axis Finance Limited Refer note 29)	2 70 04 45 257	2 00 44 00 75
		3,70,94,15,257	3,90,44,00,25
(c)	Investment in LLP		2,47,50,00
	-Yellow Whale Technologies LLP		
1		1 02 00 20 257	2,47,50,00
		4,02,89,38,257	4,24,61,28,25
	Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof	5,14,04,73,689	7,88,27,51,21
	Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	31,95,23,000	34,17,28,00
7	Other financial assets		
	-Fixed Deposits	3,17,71,702	+
		3,17,71,702	
8	Loan and advances	l	
	-Intercorporate Loans	2,00,00,000	-
		2,00,00,000	
9	Cash and cash equivalents		
- 1	Balances with banks		
- 1	-in current accounts	2,95,798	83,46,39
- 1	-Cash on hand	23,430	25,70
		3,19,228	83,72,0
10	Other current assets	0.5.5.5	44.0
١	-Balance with GST Authorities - ITC Input	36,360	11,9
	-Advance from Customers	3,960	-
	-Interest receivable on Compulsorily Convertible Debentures	655	-
		40,975	11,9



Note 11: Equity Share Capital

Authorised capital

(Amount in INR)

Particulars Particulars	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
50,60,606 (Previous Year 50,60,606) equity shares having face value of INR 10 each	5,06,06,060	5,06,06,060
Total	5,06,06,060	5,06,06,060

Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital

Particulars Particulars	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
50,60,606 (Previous Year 50,60,606) equity shares having face value of INR 10 each	5,06,06,060	5,06,06,060
	5,06,06,060	5,06,06,060

Terms/Rights attached to Equity Shares:

As on 31st March, 2023, the company has only one class of equity shares having par value of INR 10 per share. Each Holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share.

in the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to recieve remaining assets of the company after distribution of all the preferential amounts. The distribution will be in the proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

Reconciliation of the number of shares

D. M. L.	31st March, 2023		31st March, 2022	
Particulars	No. of Share	Amount	No. of Share	Amount
No. of Shares outstanding at the begining of the year	50,60,606	5,06,06,060	-	-
Add: Equity Share raised during the Year	-	-	50,60,606	5,06,06,060
No. of Shares Outstanding at the end of the year.	50,60,606	5,06,06,060	50,60,606	5,06,06,060

Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

Particulars	31st March	h, 2023	31st March, 2022	
	No. of Share	%holding	No. of Share	%holding
Equity Shares				
Sumit Kumar Narvar	24,04,800	47.52	24,04,800	47.52
Poonam Narvar	22,54,500	44.55	22,54,500	44.55
Total	46,59,300	92.07	46,59,300	92.07

Detail of Promoter's Holding

Shares held by Pror	Change during the year				
Particulars Particulars	No. of Shares	%holding	No. of Shares	%holding	
Promoter's Name			***		
Sumit Kumar Narvar	24,04,800	47.52	-	-	
Poonam Narvar	22,54,500	44.55	-	-	
Keshav Porwal	1,00,200	1.98			
Trident Buildtech Private Limited	2,50,500	4.95			
Deepak Vaswan	50,606	1.00	<u>.</u>	-	
Total	50,60,606	100.00	-	-	

Shares held by Pro	Change during the year			
Particulars	No. of Shares	%holding	No. of Shares	%holding
Promoter's Name				
Sumit Kumar Narvar	24,04,800	47.52	24,04,800	100.00
Poonam Narvar	22,54,500	44,55	22,54,500	100.00
Keshav Porwal	1,00,200	1.98	1,00,200	100.00
Trident Buildtech Private Limited	2,50,500	4.95	2,50,500	100.00
Deepak Vaswan	50,606	1.00	50,606	100.00
Total	50,60,606	100.00	50,60,606	



Capital India Corp Private Limited CIN: U65990DL2022PTC395053 Note 12 : Other Equity

(Amount in INR) Other Equity

	Other equity		
Particulars Particulars	Reserve and Surplus	Total	
	Retained Earnings		
Balance as at 14th March, 2022	(36,65,43,259)	(36,65,43,259)	
Total comprehensive income for the remaining year 2021-22	(4,92,48,423)	(4,92,48,423)	
Expenses related to conversion of LLP to private limited	(5,88,526)	(5,88,526)	
company Balance as at 31st March, 2022	(41,63,80,208)	(41,63,80,208)	
Balance as at 1st April, 2022	(41,63,80,208)	(41,63,80,208)	
Total comprehensive income for the year ended on 31st March, 2023	64,17,05,192	64,17,05,192	
Balance as at 31st March, 2023	22,53,24,984	22,53,24,984	



	al India Corp Private Limited 165990DL2022PTC395053		
votes	forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023		(Amount in INR)
		31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
1.3	Non Current financial liabilities		
l	Borrowing		
	-Optionally Convertible Debenture	3,65,11,00,000	4,10,46,00,000
	(0.01% Unlisted unsecured redeemable optionally fully convertible debentures)		
	-Trident Buildtech Pvt. Ltd.	33,50,000	-
ļ	(Borrowed @ Interest 12%, Repayable in 5 Years)	2.55.44.50.000	4 10 45 00 000
		3,65,44,50,000	4,10,46,00,000
	Deffered Tax Liabilities		
14		15,343	-
ļ	-Due to Timing Difference	20,0-12	
l		15,343	*
	Current financial liabilities		
15	Borrowing (Unsecured) - Intercorporate Loans		
	-Analee Buildcon Pvt, Ltd	13,15,95,000	15,00,00,000
	(Borrowed @ Interest 12.5%, Repayable on Demand)	1	•
	-Rangoli Resorts Pvt. Ltd.	-	25,00,00,000
	-Trident Buildtech Pvt. Ltd.	-	3,70,00,000
		13,15,95,000	43,70,00,000
16	Trade payables		
	-Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-
	-Total outstanding dues other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		4,181
		*	4,181
17	Current financial liabilities - Others		
	-Interest Payable	1,64,12,242	7,40,51,244
		1,64,12,242	7,40,51,244
18	Provisions	40.00.007	
	-Income Tax Provision	10,62,397	-
		10,62,397	-
19	Other current liabilities	18,93,822	48,83,515
	-Statutory Dues Payable	49,500	50,000
	-Audit Fee Payable	1 49,300	53,602
	-Others	19,43,322	49,87,117



Capital India Corp Private Limited CIN: U65990DL2022PTC395053		
lotes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023		(Amount in INR)
	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
20 Revenue from Operations	74.04.00.778	
Profit on Sale of Investment	74,04,88,328	
Dividend Income	56,77,572 1,00,00,000	
Royalty Income	75,61,65,900	
	75,61,63,500	
21 Other income		
Other non operating income	12,07,864	
Interest on FD	15,65,715	
Interest Received	27,73,579	
22 Financial Cost		
Interest Expenses	3,86,04,693	4,88,55,393
interest expenses	3,86,04,693	4,88,55,393
23 Other expenses		
Advertisement	<u> </u>	4,80
Bank Charges	6,66,855	1
Interest on GST	23,319	1
interest on TDS	3,642	1
Late filing fees on TDS	300	
CDSL Charges	5,685	1
NSDL Charges	1,505	1
Filing Fees	30,731	
Govt Fee		1,13
Security Transaction Tax	8,25,126	ł.
Commission Expenses	10,08,204	
Demat account charges		1,88,45
Legal & Professional Charges	4,53,380	
Consultancy Charges	2,27,250	1
Other Expenses	2,96,340	
Audit Fee	55,000	
	35,97,336	3,32,741
24 Earnings per equity share	64,17,05,192	(4,92,48,42
Net profit after tax as per statement of profit and loss	64,17,05,192	1
Amount available for equity shareholders	04,17,03,132	(1,52,10,12
Love of a rolling hands in antiquisting hadis / diluted EDS	50,60,606	2,49,56
Weighted average number of equity shares in calculating basic / diluted EPS	126,80	1
Earnings per Share, basic and diluted (INR) Face value per equity share (INR)	10	



Part	State Continued Foundation Continued	## Principles of related 32m March 2023 State Date State S											
Characteristic of the Ministry Content and Content a			CIN: U65990DI.2022PTC395053 Notes to financial statements for the Financial year	r ended 31st March, 2023	~								
Separation of main particular control of main		Standard Comment	Notes 15: Delated Darty Transaction										
State Down Suisidery Company	See Description of State Board State Programs Part 14 P	State from State of Communication of C	Details Of Related Parties										
State Down Mischigary Company	Standary Company Standary Co	State Show Musked by Company		Description of relations	híp								
March Part	Note that you can be supported by the state of the stat	Michael Control Statistics Michael Contro			mpany								
Windy overal states	Windle Owners Statistics	Windy Owners districtly Windy Content of the Co		Subsidiary Company									
Name Section State Section	State Demois Statistically Company	Note of State State Company Note of State Co		Subsidiary Company Wholky Owned Subsidiar	>								
Story Down Statebild of Chemistry Company w. et. April 18, 2022 Story Down Statebild of Chemistry Chemistry Company w. et. April 18, 2022 Story Down Statebild of Chemistry Company w. et. April 18, 2022 Story Down Statebild of Chemistry Company w. et. April 18, 2022 Story Down Statebild of Chemistry Company w. et. April 19, 2022 Story Down Statebild of Chemistry Company w. et. April 19, 2022 Story Down Statebild of Chemistry Company w. et. April 19, 2022 Story Down Statebild of Chemistry Company w. et. April 19, 2022 Story Down Statebild of Chemistry Company w. et. April 19, 2022 Story Down Statebild of Chemistry Down Statebild of Chemistry Company w. et. April 19, 2022 Story Down Statebild of Chemistry Company w. et. April 19, 2022 Story Down Statebild of Chemistry Company w. et. April 19, 2022 Story Down Statebild of Chemistry Company w. et. April 19, 2022 Story Down Statebild of Chemistry Company w. et. April 19, 2022 Story Down Statebild of Chemistry Company w. et. April 19, 2022 Story Down Statebild of Chemistry Company w. et. April 19, 2022 Story Down Statebild of Chemistry Company w. et. April 19, 2022 Story Down Statebild of Chemistry Company w. et. April 19, 2022 Story Down Statebild of Chemistry Company w. et. April 19, 2022 Story Down Statebild of Chemistry Chemistry Company w. et. April 19, 2022 Story Down Statebild of Chemistry Ch	Step Down Statistian Commany	Story Down Statistical Company (Stories Medical Programmy (Story Down Statistical Programmy (Story Down Statistical Programmy (Story Down Statistical Programmy (Story Medical Programmy (Story Medical Programmy (Story Medical Programmy (Story Down Statistical Programmy (Story		Wholly Owned Subsidiar	. >								
State Control Contro	Was by Down Subsidity Company V at I April 18, 2023	Stock bows Stake State Stock State Sta		Step Down Subsidiary Co	umpany								
State Devel State Development Develo	Stycholo Company we A Pail 18, 2022 State Down Subsidiary Company we A Pail 18, 2022 State Down Subsidiary Company we A Pail 18, 2022 State Down Subsidiary Company we A Lane 01, 2022 State Down Subsidiary Company we A Lane 01, 2022 State Down Subsidiary Company we A Lane 01, 2022 State Down Subsidiary Company we A Lane 01, 2022 State Down Subsidiary Company we A Lane 01, 2022 State Down Subsidiary Company we A Lane 01, 2022 State Down Subsidiary Company we A Lane 01, 2022 State Down Subsidiary Company we A Lane 01, 2022 State Down Subsidiary Company we A Lane 01, 2022 State Down Subsidiary Company we A Lane 01, 2022 State Down Subsidiary Company we A Lane 01, 2022 State Down Subsidiary Company we A Lane 01, 2022 State Down Subsidiary Company we A Lane 01, 2022 State Down Subsidiary Company we A Lane 01, 2022 State Down Subsidiary Company we A Lane 01, 2022 State Down Subsidiary Company We A Lane 01, 2022 State Down Subsidiary Company We A Lane 01, 2022 State Down Subsidiary Company	State Down's State Blank Company week, Part 18, 2022 State Blank Company week, Date Cit, 2022 State Blank Company week, Part 18, 2022 State Blank Company week, Date Cit, 2022 State Blank Company Compa		Step Down Subsidiary Co	ompany								
Substance Commany	Stop Down Subsidiary Company w. of April 18, 2022 Stop Bown Subsidiary Company w. of April 18, 2022 Stop Bown Subsidiary Company w. of April 18, 2022 Stop Bown Subsidiary Company w. of April 18, 2022 Stop Bown Subsidiary Company w. of April 18, 2022 and automatic behavior the company with company w. of April 18, 2022 and automatic behavior theorem Stop Bown Subsidiary Company W. of April 18, 2023 and automatic behavior theorem Stop Bown Subsidiary Company Subsidiary Company Subsidiary Company W. of April 19, 2023 and automatic behavior theorem Stop Bown Subsidiary Company Subsidiary Company Subsidiary Company Subsidiary Company Subsidiary Company Subsidiary Company Subsidiary Subsidiary Company Subsidiary Subsidiary Subsidiary Company Subsidiary Company Subsidiary S	State Door Statisting (Note Principles and Authority was Authority (Authority was Authority Concern) was Authority (Authority Authority Auth		Wholly Owned Subsidiar	ry (ceased w.e.f. April	18, 2022)							
Exercise content with correct is associated by the subsidiary of the Company	Street Fig. 1972 Street Fig. 200 Street Buildress Street Build	Siest Desire Control to exercise by the subsidiary of the Company Enterprise over which control is exercised by the subsidiary of the Company		Step Down Subsidiary Co	ompany w.e.f April 18	, 2022							
Extraction to the winds to the sequence of t	Extrapses of the Winch Could be septement of the part of the Winch Could be septement of the part of the Winch Could be septement of the part of the Winch Could be septement of the part of the winch Could be septement of the part of	Extractive continues and continues to the continue of particles and continues to the continues of particles and continues to the continues of the continues o		Step Down Subsidiary Co	ompany w.e.f. June 0.	1, 2022							
Projection of charges and a contransing balances thereof Integer Suitable Director	Extra proper country for the part of the	Description of the big board of the control of the big board of the big board of the control of the big board of the big board of the big board of the control of the big board of the control of the big board of the big boa		Enterprise over which co	Ontrol is exercised by KMP has significant in	the subsidiary of the r fluence	Amedica						
Chairman & Name spiral Content Conte	Charman & Wanging Directors	Chairman & Name are particular of chai		Enterprise Under William	Not lide againment in	Include							
rprise under which KNP has significant influence Capital India	rprise under which KMP has significant influence Capital India Capital india Veliow Whale Rapipay Fintech Pvr CIFL Holding Pvr Ltd Finance Ltd Management Pvr Ltd Ltd 113,00,000	rprise under which KNP has significant influence Capital India Vellow Whale Rapipay Fintech Pvt CIFL Holding Pvt Ltd		Description of relations Chairman & Managing D	thip Director								
rprise under which KNMP has significant Influence Capital India Capital India Yellow Whale Rapipay Fintech Pvr CIFL Holding Pvr Ltd	rprise under which KMP has significant Influence Capital India Capital india Vellow Whale Frapipay Fintech Pvr CIFL Holding Pvr Ltd Finance Ltd Management Pvt Ltd Ltd Ltd 13,00,000 3,22,89,000 14,05,22,600 14,05,22,600 2,00,000 3,22,89,655	rprise under which KMP has significant Influence Capital India Vallow Whale Rapipay Fintech Pm CIFL Holding Pvt Ltd		Non Executive Director Non Executive Director									
rprise under which KWP has significant influence Capital India Capital India Technologies Pot Ltd	re Capital India Capital India Vellow Whale Rapipay Fintech Prv CIFL Holding Put Ltd Management Pvt Ltd Ltd Ltd Ltd Ltd Ltd Ltd Ltd Ltd Lt	regise under which KWP has significant influence Capital India Capital india Technologies Pot Itd	Negber Verwall										Amount in INR
Trident Builded Port Learning	Personnel Findent Buildtech Per Credent Web Findent Buildtech Buil	Tricent Suitletch Prof. Crocker Wide Capital Incide to the latest and latest and latest and latest states and late	Details of related party transactions during the y	ear ended 31st March, 2	IOZ3 and outstanding	naiances mereor Enterpri	ise under which KMF	has significant Influ	ence		×	ey management	Total
Trident Buildness Prof. Credent Wide Capital Incide Finance ited Management Prof. Technologies Prof. Loan Ited Finance ited Management Prof. Technologies Prof. Technologies Prof. Loan Ited Management Prof. Technologies Prof. Loan Ited Management Prof. Technologies Prof. Technologies Prof. Loan Ited Technologies Prof. Loan Ited Technologies Prof. Technologies Prof. Loan Ited Management Prof. Technologies Prof. Techn	Trickett Buildace Prof. Credency Wide Capital India Prof. Credency Wide Capital India Prof. Capital India Capital India Prof. Capital India Prof. Capital India Capital India Capital India Prof. Capital India Capital India Capital India Prof. Capital India Capital In	Trigient Buildietch Pra Croeker, Wab Copial India Home Cropial I										personnel	
State and of the A.14,17,30,238 State and loss received (lost of TDS) State and loss received (los	State and of the 4,14,17,30,238 State and of the 1,144,57,343 State and the curred Loan 1,144,77,372 State and the curred Loan 1,144,67,570 State and the curred Loan 1,144,77,372 State and the curred Loan 1,144,77,372 State and the curred Loan 1,144,67,570 State and the curred Loan 1,144,77,572 State and the curred Loan 1,144,77,772 State and the curred Loan 1,144,77,772 State and the curred Loa	Page	Particulars	Trident Buildtech Pvt Ltd		Capital India Home Loan Itd	Capital India Finance Ltd	Capital India Wealth Management Pvt		Rapipay Fintech Pvt Ltd	CIFL Holding Pvt Ltd		
Salary S	Same	State and of the state Sta						Ltd	,		,	,	4,14,17,30,238
ceakwed/[Paid] 8,11,87,928	real/ved/[Paid] \$,11,87,928 2,00,000 41,89,000 97,594,000 13,00,000 2,00,000 st royalty income 1144,457,343 1,46,466 36,37,572 2,00,000 2,00,000 tts 1144,457,343 1,46,466 36,39,000 1,41,71,572 2,00,000 stream und loan Paid (Net of TDS) 12,52,00 1,46,466 36,39,000 1,41,71,572 2,00,000 stream and Loan Paid (Net of TDS) 12,35,191 1,46,466 36,39,000 1,41,71,572 2,00,000 stream and Loan Paid (Net of TDS) 12,35,191 1,46,466 36,39,000 1,41,71,572 2,00,000 stream and Loan Paid (Net of TDS) 12,35,191 1,46,466 36,39,000 1,41,71,572 2,00,000 stream and Loan Paid (Net of TDS) 12,35,191 1,46,466 1,41,71,572 2,00,000 stream and Loan Paid (Net of TDS) 12,35,191 1,41,71,572 2,00,000 1,41,71,572 stream and Loan Paid (Net of TDS) 12,35,450 1,46,466 1,41,71,572 1,41,71,572 1,41,71,572 stream and Loan Paid (Net of TDS) 12	resilved/(Paid) \$,11,87,928 1,40,00,000 41,830,000 97,94,000 13,00,000 st royalty income 11,444,97,343 1,46,465 36,33,00,000 1,41,71,572 2,00,000 3,22,89,000 nture and Lose curred Loans 4,43,57,00 1,46,465 36,344,50,000 1,41,71,572 2,00,000 2,00,000 nture and Lose curred Loans 4,535,00,000 1,46,465 36,344,50,000 2,00,000 3,22,39,555 nture and Lose curred Loans 4,535,00,000 2,00,000 1,41,71,572 2,00,000 2,00,000 nture and Lose curred Loans 4,535,00,000 3,55,445,000 2,00,000 3,52,289,585 nture and Loan Paid (Net of TDS) 3,55,445,000 2,00,000 3,52,289,585 1,40,653,600 nture and Loan Paid (Net of TDS) 3,55,445,000 2,00,000 3,52,289,585 1,40,653,600 ntick have been identified by the Management. 3,55,444,50,000 2,00,000 3,52,289,585 1,40,653,600	Balances outstanding at the end of the Reporting Period	4,14,17,50,238	•	•						•	
8,11,87,228 B,11,87,228 L,14,87,324 L,45,456 B,14,45,500 L,41,71,572 Betweed (Net of TDS) B,15,51,000 B,14,15,158 B,15,51,000 B,14,17,572 B,14,17,1572 B,15,17,17,17,17,17 B,14,17,17,17 B,14,17,17,17 B,14,17,17,17 B,14,17,17 B,14,17,17 B,14,17,17 B,14,17,17 B,17,17 B,17 B,17,17 B,17 B	S11,87,928 S11,87,928 S10,000 S1,00,000 S1,00,000 S1,00,000 S1,00,000 S2,00,000 S2,0	### State	Loan /Advance received/(Paid)								1	1	8.11.87.928
Inst royalty income hares hares compulsority Conevrtble compulsority Conevrtble hares compulsority Conevrtble 11,44,45/3-34 Compulsority	Inst royalky income bares compulsionity Conevritible interest con	Inst tryalty income be a size of the control of th	Loan Received	8,11,87,928	ı		1	•	•	•			
Instroyalty income be hares bares bares bares bares bares compulsority Conevrtible bares compulsority Conevrtible bares compulsority Conevrtible bares compulsority Conevrtible 11,44,57;343 compulsority Conevrtible 11,44,57;343 compulsority Conevrtible 11,44,57;343 12,52,088 14,44,57;343 12,52,088 14,44,57;343 12,52,088 14,44,57;343 12,52,088 14,44,57;343 12,52,088 14,44,57;343 12,52,088 14,44,57;343 12,52,088 14,44,57;343 12,52,088 14,44,57;343 12,52,088 12,52,088 13,53,50,000 14,171,572 14,06,52,600 14	Inst royalty income Inst roya	Inst royalty income Instancy lactor of the second computed to the s	Loan Given	,	2,00,00,000	•	1	•	•	ı	1	1	2,00,00,000
inst royalty income a computation b computation inst royalty income a computation inst royalty income b computation inst royalty income a computation inst royalty income a computation inst royalty income a computation inst royalty income inst roya	inst royalty income a signature and Unsecured Loans betweed 11,44,57,343 12,55,000 13,00,000 14,00,71,572 2,00,000 14,06,52,600 14,06,52,600 14,06,52,600 14,071,572 2,00,000 14,06,52,600 14,071,572 2,00,000 14,06,52,600 14,071,572 2,00,000 14,06,52,600 14,071,572 2,00,000 14,06,52,600 14,06,52,600 14,06,52,600 14,06,52,600 14,06,52,600 14,06,52,600 14,06,52,600 14,00,000 15,00,000 16,000 16,000 16,000 17,000 17,000 17,000 18,000 18,000 19,000	inst royalty income Lacebed (Net of TDS) L	Royalty Income	•	,	41,89,000	97,94,000	,	•	1	1	****	18 50 000
Subsority Conevrtible 11,44,57,343 11,44,57,343 12,52,000 14,41,71,572 14,06,52,600 14,41,71,572 14,06,52,600 14,41,71,572 14,06,52,600 14,41,71,572 14,06,52,600 14,41,71,572 14,06,52,600 14,41,71,572 14,06,52,600 14,41,71,572 14,06,52,600 14,41,71,572 14,06,52,600 14,41,71,572 14,06,52,600 14,71,572 14,06,52,600 14,41,71,572 14,06,52,600 14,41,71,572 14,06,52,600 14,41,71,572 14,06,52,600 14,41,71,572 14,06,52,600 14,41,71,572 14,06,52,600 14,41,71,572 14,06,52,600 14,41,71,572 14,06,52,600 14,00,000 14,41,71,572 14,06,52,600 14,00,000 14,41,71,572 14,06,52,600 14,00,000 14,41,71,572 14,06,52,600 14,00,000 14,000 1	Subsority Conevrtible 11,44,57,343 11,44,57,343 12,52,00,000 11,41,71,572 12,00,000 12,52,50,000 12,54,50,000 12,54,50,000 13,52,89,000 14,67,6465 14,67,71,572 14,07,71,572 14,06,52,600 14,41,71,572 14,071,572 14,071,572 14,071,572 14,06,52,600 14,41,71,572 14,06,52,600 14,41,71,572 14,06,52,600 14,41,71,572 14,06,52,600 14,66,466 14,41,71,572 14,00,000 14,61,71,572 14,06,52,600 14,61,71,572 14,06,52,600 14,61,71,572 14,06,52,600 14,00,000 14,61,71,572 14,06,52,600 14,00,000 14,61,71,572 14,06,52,600 14,0	Subsority Conevitable 11,44,57,343 Tata display 12,50,000 12,50,000 13,22,89,000 14,171,572 14,06,52,600 14,171,572 14,06,52,600 14,171,572 14,06,52,600 14,171,572 14,06,52,600 14,171,572 14,06,52,600 14,171,572 14,06,52,600 14,171,572 14,06,52,600 14,171,572 14,06,52,600 14,171,572 14,06,52,600 14,171,572 14,06,52,600 14,171,572 14,06,52,600 14,171,572 14,06,52,600 14,00,000 14,171,572 14,06,52,600 14,171,572 14,06,52,600 14,00,000 14,171,572 14,06,52,600 14,00,000 14,171,572 14,06,52,600 14,00,000 14,171,572 14,06,52,600 14,00,000 14,171,572 14,06,52,600 14,00,000 14,171,572 14,06,52,600 14,00,000 14,171,572 14,06,52,600 14,00,000 14,171,572 14,06,52,600 14,00,000 14,171,572 14,06,52,600 14,00,000 14,171,572 14,06,52,600 14,00,000 14,171,572 14,00,000 14,171,572 14,00,000 14,171,572 14,00,000 14,171,572 14,00,000 14,171,572 14,171,572 14,00,000 14,171,572 14,00,000 14,171,572 14,171,71,572 14,171,71,572 14,171,71,572 14,171,71,572 14,171,71,572 14,171,71,572 14,171,71,572 14,171,71,572 14,171,71,572 14,171,71,572 14,171,71,572 14,171,71,572 14,171,71,572 14,171,71,572 14,171,71,71,71,71,71,71,71 14,171,71,71,71,71 14,171,71,71,71 14,171,71,71,71 14,171,71,71 14,171,71,71 14,171,71,71 14,171,71,71 14,171,71,71 14,171,71,71 14,171,71,71 14,171,71,71 14,171,71,71 14,171,71,71 14,171,71 14,171,71,71 14,171,71 14,171,71 14,171,71 14,171,71 14,171,71 14,171,71 14,171,71 14,	Credit note against royalty income	•	1	2,50,000	13,00,000	1		, .	1 1		56,77,572
Subsority Conevitible 11,44,57,343 Late and Lone Paid (Net of TDS) 12,55,000 14,46,465 Late and Lone Paid (Net of TDS) 12,55,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000	Subsority Conevitible 11,44,57,343 11,44,57,343 12,52,000 14,41,71,572 14,41,71,572 14,46,52,600 14,41,71,572 14,41,71,572 14,46,52,600 14,41,71,572 14,46,52,600 14,41,71,572 14,46,52,600 14,41,71,572 14,46,52,600 14,41,71,572 14,46,52,6000 14,41,71,572 14,46,52,6000 14,41,71,572 14,46,52,6000 14,41,71,572 14,46,52,6000 14,41,71,572 14,46,52,6000 14,41,71,572 14,46,52,6000 14,41,71,572 14,46,52,6000 14,41,71,572 14,46,52,6000 14,41,71,572 14,46,52,6000 14,41,71,572 14,46,52,6000 14,41,71,572 14,46,52,6000 14,41,71,572 14,46,52,6000 14,41,71,572 14,46,52,6000 14,41,71,572 14,46,52,6000 14,41,71,572 14,46,52,6000 14,41,71,572 14,46,52,6000 14,41,71,572 14,46,52,6000 14,41,71,572 14,46,52,6000 14,41,71,572 14,46,52,6000 14,41,71,572 14,41,71,572 14,46,52,6000 14,41,71,572 14,41,71,71,572 14,41,71,71,572 14,41,71,71,71 14,41,71,71,71 14,41,71,71 14,41,71,71 14,41,71,71 14,41,71,71 14,41,71,71 14,41,71,71 14,41,71,71 14,41,71,71 14,41,71,71 14,41,71,71 14,4	Subsority Conevitible 11.44,57,343 11.44,57,343 11.44,57,343 11.44,57,343 11.44,57,343 11.44,57,343 11.44,57,343 11.45,466 11.41,71,572 11.41,71,71,772 11.41,71,772 11.41,71,71,772 11.41,71,71,772 11.41,71,71,772 11.41,71,772 11.41,71,71,772 11.41,71,71,772 11.41,71,71,772 11.41,71,71,772 11.41,71,71,772 11.41,71,71,772 11.41,71,71,772 11.41,71,71,772 11.41,71,71,772 11.41,71,71,772 11.41,71,71,772 11.41,71,71,772 11.41,71,71,772 11.41,71,71,772 11.41,71,71,772 11.41,71,71,772 11.41,71,71,772 11.41,71,71,772 11.41,71,71,71,71,71 11.41,71,71,71,71 11.41,71,71,71 11.41,71,71,71 11.41,71,71,71 11.41,71,71,71 11.41,71,71,71 11.41,71,71,71 11.41,71,71,71 11.41,71,71,71 11.41,71,71,71 11.41,71,71,71 11.41,71,71,71 11.41,71,71,71 11.41,71,71 11.41,71,71 11.41,7	Dividend Income	•			2/C,1/,dC	2.00.000			2,00,000	1	4,00,000
Denture and Unsectured Loans 4,43,500 1,44,71,572 2,00,000 1,44,71,572 1,44,71,572 1,44,71,572 1,44,71,572 1,44,71,572 1,44,71,572 1,44,71,572 1,44,71,71,572 1,44,71,71,572 1,44,71,71,572 1,44,71,71,572 1,44,71,71,572 1,44,71,71,572 1,44,71,71,572 1,44,71,71,572 1,44,71,71,572 1,44,71,71,572 1,44,71,71,572 1,44,71,71,572 1,44,71,71,71,71,71,71,71,71,71,71,71,71,71,	Target and Unsectured Loans 4,43,573 1,46,466 36,39,000 1,41,71,572 2,00,000 1,41,71,71,572 2,00,000 1,41,71,71,572 2,00,000 1,41,71,71,572 2,00,000 1,41,71,71,572 1,41,71,71,572 1,41,71,71,572 1,41,71,71,71,71,71,71,71,71,71,71,71,71,71	and Unsecured Loans 443,500 1,44,57 343 1,46,466 36,39,000 1,41,71,572 2,00,000 2,00,000 2,00,000 2,00,000 2,00,000 2,00,000 2,00,00,000 3,65,44,50,000 2,00,00,000 3,65,44,50,000 2,00,000 2,00,00,000 2,00,00,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,00	Investment in Shares Investment in Compulsorily Conevitible		1			•	4 22 89 000	,	•	•	3,22,89,000
and Unsertured Loans 11,44,577,343 1,46,466 36,39,000 1,41,71,572 2,00,000 2,00 2,00 2,00 2,00 2,00 2,	Denture and Unsectured Loans 4,43,5000 1,44,71,572 2,000,000 2,000,000 1,41,71,572 2,000,000 2,000,000 1,41,71,572 2,000,000 1,41,71,71,572 2,000,000 1,41,71,71,572 2,000,000 1,41,71,71,572 2,000,000 1,41,71,71,572 2,000,000 1,41,71,71,572 2,000,000 1,41,71,71,572 2,000,000 1,41,71,71,572 2,000,000 1,41,71,71,71,71,71,71,71,71,71,71,71,71,71	Deature and Unsecured Loans 4,43,572 1,46,466 36,39,000 1,41,71,572 2,00,000 2,00,000 2,00,000 2,00,000 2,00,000 2,00,000 2,00,000 2,00,000 2,00,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,00	Debentures	,	ì					000 000 000	,	,	14 06.52.600
ebenture and Unsecured Loans 4,43,926 1,144,97343 1,14	abenture and Linsecured Loans	ebenture and Unsecured loans 44,9736 1,444,9736 1,444,9736 1,444,9736 1,444,9736 1,444,9736 1,444,9736 1,444,9736 1,444,9736 1,444,9736 1,444,9736 1,445,9	Sale of investments	•	- 40	, 000 96 36	272 17 17 1	1 1		74,00,24,000		1	1,79,57,038
beharture and Lose Curred Locars 4,43,926 - - 655 -	on Debenture and Lose Curred Loans 4,43,926 - - 655 - sbenture and Loan Paid (Net of TDS) 12,62,088 1,46,466 -	benefitive and Lose (Net of TDS) 4,43,926 - - 655 deemed and Lose (Net of TDS) 12,62,088 1,46,466 - </td <td>Amount Received</td> <td>11,44,97,343</td> <td>1,46,400</td> <td>non/seroc</td> <td></td> <td>2,00,000</td> <td>,</td> <td>1</td> <td>2,00,000</td> <td>ı</td> <td>11,48,97,343</td>	Amount Received	11,44,97,343	1,46,400	non/seroc		2,00,000	,	1	2,00,000	ı	11,48,97,343
and Loan Paid (Net of TDS) 12.62,088 1,46,466 - 655 - 655 - 643,35,00,000 445,35,00,000 2,00,00,000 - 3,22,89,655 - 3,22,89,655 - 3,22,89,655 - 6,20,00,000 - 2,00,00,000 - 3,65,44,50,000 - 2,00,00,000 - 3,65,44,50,000 - 2,00,00,000 - 3,65,44,50,000 - 2,00,00,000 - 3,65,44,50,000 - 2,00,00,000 - 3,65,44,50,000 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00	and Loan Paid (Net of TDS) 12,62,088 1,46,466 - 655 - 655 - 64,535,00,000 - 12,35,131 - 13,55,44,50,000 - 2,00,00,000 - 3,65,44,50,000 - 3,65,44,50,000 - 3,65,44,50,000 - 3,65,44,50,000 - 3,65,44,50,000 - 3,00,00,000 - 3,65,44,50,000 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00 - 3,00,00 - 3,00,00 - 3,00,00 - 3,00,00 - 3,00,00	and Loan Paid (Net of TDS) 12.62,088 1,46,466 - 655 ved (Net of TDS) 12.35,191 - 3,65,44,50,000 3,65,44,50,000 - 2,00,00,000 - 3,65,44,50,000 - 2,00,00,000 - 3,65,44,50,000 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00 - 3,00,00 - 3,00,00 - 3,00,00,00 - 3,00,00 - 3,00,00 - 3,00,00 - 3,00,00 - 3,00,00 - 3,00,00 - 3,00,00 - 3,00,00 - 3,00,00 - 3,00,00 - 3,00,00 - 3,00,00 - 3,	Interest Paid on Debenture and Unsecured Loans		1	,	_	,	•	1	•		4,45,520
ved (Net of TDS) 45,35,00,000 3,55,44,50,000 -2,00,00,000 3,65,44,50,000 -2,00,00,000	ved (Net of TDS) 12,35,00,000 12,35,191	ved (Net of TDS) 45,35,00,000 3,55,44,50,000 -2,00,00,000 3,65,44,50,000 -2,00,00,000 An analyse hear identified by the Management.	Interest on Debenture and Loan Paid (Net of TDS)		1,46,466	,	,	1	655	,	1	,	14,09,209
ved (Net of TDS) 12.35,131 1 1.35,131 2 1.30,00,000 2 1.30,000 2 1	ved (Net of TDS) 12.35,131 3.65,44.50.000 -2.00,00,000 3.65,44.50,000 -2.00,00,000	ved (Net of TDS) 12.35,191 3.55,44.50,000 -2.00,00,000 3,55,44,50,000 -2.00,00,000 and the bear identified by the Management. -3.22,89,655		75 35 00 000	•	,	•		•	•	,	,	45,35,00,000
3,65,44,50,000 -2,00,00,6003,22,89,635 3,22,89,635 3,52,89,635 3,52,89,635	3,65,44,50,000 -2,00,000 3,65,44,50,000 -2,00,000	3,65,44,50,000 -2,00,00,000 -3,22,89,655 -3,22,89,655 -3,24,50,000 -2,00,000 -2,00,000 -2,000 -2,000 -2,000 -2,000 -2,000 -2,000 -2,000 -2,000 -2,000 -2,000 -2,000 -2,000 -2,000 -2,000 -2,000 -2,000	Depending Regerned Interest on Loan Received (Net of TDS)	12,35,191	1	•	,	•	•	1			12,35,191
3,65.44,50,000 -2,00,00,000	3,65,44,50,000	3,65.44_50,000 -2,00,00,000		3.65.44.50.000	-2.00.00.000	-		1	-3,22,89,655	,	-		3,60,21,60,345
		se have been identified by the Management.	Amount Pavable	3,65,44,50,000								*	3,65,44,50,000
	Allightir necessaric	Automit Accession Fernancial Annual A	A months of the land									-	5,22,89,655



Capital India Corp Private Limited CIN: U65990DI.2022PTC395053 Notes to financial statements for the Financial year ended 31st March, 2023

(Amount in INR)

Details of related party transactions during the year ended 31st March, 2022 and outstanding balances thereof	tstanding balances thereof		
Address and the second and the secon	Enterprise under which KMP has	Key management	Totai
	significant Influence	personnel	:
Particulars	Trident Buildtech Pvt Ltd		
Loan /Advance received/(Paid)			
Loan Received	3,70,00,000	,	3,70,00,000
Issue of Optionally Covertible Debenture	4,10,46,00,000		4,10,46,00,000
Interest on Loan (Net of TDS)	1,30,238		1,30,238
	4,14,17,30,238	-	4,14,17,30,238
Reimbursements/Capital Repayments			
Sumit Kumar Narvar	ŀ	10,02,000	10,02,000
Keshav Porwal	1	000'86'6	000'86'6
Deepak Vaswan	1	5,88,526	5,88,526
Balances outstanding at the end of the Reporting Period	***************************************		
Amount Payable	4,14,17,30,238		4,14,17,30,238
Amount Receivable	_	-	
Note: Related parties have been identified by the Management.	A STATE OF THE STA		
Throws the transfer of the second sec			



CIN: U65990DLZ022PTC395053

Notes to financial statements for the Financial year ended 31st March, 2023

This section gives an overview of the significance of financial instruments for the Company and provides additional information on the balance sheet. Details of significant accounting policies, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in note 2.

. . The accounting classification of each category of financial instruments, and their carrying amounts, are set out below:

As at March 31, 2023					(Amount in INR)
Was at March ar' Yora	Financial Assets	Fair value through profit or	Fair value through other comprehensive income	Amortised cost	Total carrying value
		toss	comprenensive income	2,00,00,000	2,00,00,000
Loan and advances		-	-	3,17,71,702	3,17,71,702
Other financial assets		.	-	3,17,71,702	3,19,228
Cash and cash equivalents				5,20,90,930	5,20,90,930
Total				5,20,30,330	3,20,20,335
- warn		Fair value through profit or	Fair value through other	Amortised cost	Total carrying
	Financial Liabilities	loss	comprehensive income		yalue
Non-current borrowings		-	-	3,65,44,50,000	3,65,44,50,000
Current borrowings		-	-	13,15,95,000	13,15,95,000
Provisions		-	-	10,62,397	10,62,397
Other financial liabilities			-	1,64,12,242	1,64,12,242
Total			-	3,80,35,19,639	3,80,35,19,639
As at March 31, 2022					
		Fair value through profit or	Fair value through other	Amortised cost	Total carrying
	Financial Assets	loss	comprehensive income		value
Cash and cash equivalents		-	······································	83,72,096	83,72,096
Total			<u> </u>	83,72,095	83,72,096
		Fair value through profit or	Fair value through other	Amortised cost	Total carrying
	Financial Liabilities	loss	comprehensive income		value
Non-current borrowings			-	4,10,46,00,000	4,10,46,00,000
Current borrowings				43,70,00,000	43,70,00,000
Trade payables			-	4,181	4,181
Other financial liabilities		<u>-</u>	·	7,40,51,244	7,40,51,244
Total			-	4,61,56,55,425	4,61,56,55,425
IV(a)					

Note: Investments in equity of subsideries, associates and joint ventures which are carried at cost are not covered under Ind A5 107 and hence not been included above.

The management assessed that fair value of financial assets such as cash and cash equivalent, other bank balances, trade receivables, loans, other financial assets etc. and all the financial liabilities

The Company determines fair values of financial assets or liabilities by discounting the contractual cash inflows / outflows using prevailing interest rates of financial instruments with similar terms. The initial measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities is at fair value.

The following methods and assumptions of each reporting date were used to estimate the fair values: There were no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 during the year.

C. Financial risk management objective and policies

C. Financial risk management objective and policies
The Company's businesses are subject to several risks and uncertainties including financial risks.
The Company's businesses are subject to several risks and uncertainties including financial risks.
The Company's risk management framework. The Company's risk management policies act as an effective tool in The Company's risk management policies cover areas such as liquidity risk, foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, counterparty credit risk and capital management. Risks are identified with active involvement of senior management personnel at all levels. Each significant risk has a designated 'owner' within the Company at an appropriate senior level. The potential financial impact of the risk and its likelihood of a negative outcome are regularly updated.

market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include, deposits and FVTOCI investments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters while optimising the return.

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is not exposed to the risk of changes in market interest rates as the company's borrowings comprise of loans with fixed rate of interest.

The Company requires funds both for short-term operational needs as well as for long-term investment programmes. Company is core investment company and for meeting their short term and long term funds requirements, the company have adequate corporate mix funding plans

As at March 31, 2023				(Amount in INR
AS at March 31, 2023 Payments due by year	Carrying Amounts	<1 year	1-3 years	> 3 Year
	3,65,44,50,000			3,65,44,50,000
Non-current borrowings	13.15.95.000	13,15,95,000	-	-
Current borrowings Other financial liabilities	1,64,12,242	1,64,12,242	-	-
Provisions	10,62,397	10,62,397		
Other Current liabilities	19,43,322	19,43,322	-	-
Total	3,80,54,62,961	15,10,12,961	-	3,65,44,50,000
As at March 31, 2022				
Daumants due by year	Carrying Amounts	<1 year	1-3 years	> 3 Year
	Carrying Amounts 4,10,45,00,000	<1 year	1-3 years	> 3 Year 4,10,46,00,000
Yon-current barrowings				
Non-current barrowings Current barrowings	4,10,46,00,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Payments due by year Non-current borrowings Current borrowings Trade payables	4,10,46,00,000 43,70,00,000	43,70,00,000	-	
Non-current barrowings Current barrowings	4,10,46,00,000 43,70,00,000 4,181	43,70,00,000 4,181	-	



(d) Counterparty and concentration of credit risk
Credit risk refers to the risk that counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. Since Company is core investment company and company has not dealing
with any contractual obligation with counterparties for supplies of goods and service except royaly income from group companies, therefore the Company has not affected with credit risk of financial loss from defaults.

None of the Company's cash and cash equivalents, including time deposits with banks, investments are past due or impaired. Regarding trade receivables, loans and other financial assets (both current and non-current) carried in books, there were no indications that defaults in payment obligations will occur.

					(Amount in INR)
	Particulars	Carrying Amounts	<1 year	1-3 years	> 3 Year
As at 31st March 2023 Non-current investments Loan and advances Other current assets		4,02,89,38,257 2,00,00,000 40,975	2,00,00,000 40,975	- - •	4,02,89,38,257 -
As at 31st March 2022 Non-current investments Other current assets		4,24,61,28,257 11,940	11,940	-	4,24,61,28,257

(e) Currency risk

The Company is not exposed to any currency risk as it operates in domestic market.

(f) Capital Management

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. The Company's primary objective when managing capital is to ensure that it maintains an efficient capital structure and safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to support its business and provide maximum returns for shareholders. For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital and all other equity reserves. Debt includes long term and short term borrowings including

current maturities,	As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31st March, 2022
Particular		
Borrowings	3,80,24,57,242	4,61,56,51,244
	3,20,90,930	83,72,096
Cash & Cash Equivalent	3,77,03,66,312	4,62,40,23,340
Net Debt		5,06,06,060
Equity Share Capital	5,06,06,060	
Other Equity	22,53,24,984	-41,63,80,208
l · · ·	27,59,31,044	-36,57,74,148
Total Capital	13.56	
Gearing Ratio	13.50	

Gearing Ratio could not be calculated as at 31st March, 2022 due to negative Net Worth.



CIN: U65990DL2022PTC395053

Notes to financial statements for the Financial year ended 31st March, 2023

27	Ratio Analysis Ratio Type	Numerator	Denominator	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022	Variance (in %)	Reason for Variance Refer Point 1
(a)	Current Ratio,	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	0,13	0.02	729,85	below Refer Point 3
(b)	Debt-Equity Ratio,	Total Debt/Borrowings	Shareholder fund	13.72	-	-	below
(c)	Debt Service Coverage Ratio,	Earning for debt services = (Net profit after tax) + (Non cash operating expenses) + (Interest) + (Other non cash adjustments)	Debt services*	6.18	-0.00	2,078,57	Refer Point 2 below
(d)	Return on Equity Ratio,	Net profit after tax	Average Shareholder equity	-	-	-	NA
(e)	Net capital turnover ratio,	Revenue from Operations	Working capital	-	-	-	NA Poten Palana
(f)	Net profit ratio,	Net profit after tax	Revenue from Operations	0,85	-	-	Refer Point 3 below Refer Point 3
(g)	Return on Capital employed,	Profit before interest & tax	Capital Employed#	0.17	-	ē	below

^{*} Debt Services = Interest on Borrowings + Principal Repayment

Point 1: Decrease in Current Ratio is primarily attributable to decrease in current assets and decrease in liabilities during the year.

Point 2: Increase in Debt service coverage ratio can not be strictly compared as the last year DSC ratio was in negative,

Point 3 : Changes in these ratios can not be explained due to most of them being negative or zero in the previous year.

28 Segment Reporting

Company is operating in single segment i.e. investment activities therefore no disclosures have been made for segment reporting as per ind AS 108

29	Contingent Liabilities (Amount in INR		
	Corporate Guarantee to Axis Finance Limited	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
	Corporate Guarantee has been provided by the Company to Axis Finance	•	1,04,50,00,000
	Umited against the term loan obtained by Sitaram Niwas Private Limited.		

30	Capital Commitment -Others	(Amount in INR)	
30	Commitments	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
	The Company is engaged in the business of investments in Equity of its	-	-
	Groups Companys. There is no Capital Commitment at the end of financial		
	period.		

31 Disclosure as per Section 22 of "The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006"

There are no Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises, to whom the Company owes dues which are outstanding for more than 45 days as at March 31, 2023. This information as required to be disclosed under The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company.

The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier

- Principal amount
- Interest thereon

The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of Section 16, of the Micro Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006 along with the amounts of the

payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.

The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under Micro Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006,

The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year; and

The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under Section 23 of the Micro Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006.



[#] Capital Employed = Shareholder's Funds + Borrowings

Additional regulatory information

(i) No proceeding have been initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property under Prohibition of Benami Property Transaction Act, 1988, read with rules made

(ii) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender. (iii) In respect of investments, the Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Restriction on

- number of Lavers) Rules, 2017.

 (iv) The Company has not given any advance or loan or invested funds from share premium or any other sources with the understanding that intermediary would directly or indirectly fend or
- Invest in other person or entity identified as ultimate beneficiaries or provide any guarantee or security on behalf of ultimate beneficiaries. The Company has not received any fund from any person or entity with the understanding that the Company would directly or indirectly lend or invest in other person or entity identified as ultimate beneficiary or provide any guarantee or security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiary.
- (v) The Company does not have any transaction with companies Stuck Off under Section 248 of Companies Act, 2013 or under section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.

(vi) The Company has not proposed any dividend during the year in view of its future plans for expansion.

(vii) The company is not covered under section 135 of Companies Act, 2013 hence no provision for Corporate Social Resposibility is made.

(viii) The company has not borrowed any funds from Banks or Financial Institutions during the year.

(ix) The Company do not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies (ROC) beyond the statutory period.

(x) The Company had not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person, that are repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment.

(xi) No scheme of arrangements as applicable has been approved by the Competent authority in terms of Section 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013.

(xii) The Company does not have any Property, plant and equipments, immovable property, Capital work-in-progress, intangible assets under development and investment property.

(xiii) (a) The Management of the company represents that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(xiii) (b) The Management of the company further represents, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received. by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entitles identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiarles.

(xiv) The Company has made investments and granted loans or advances in the nature of loans during the year.
(xv) During the year company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits within the meaning of section 73 to 76 of Companies Act, 2013.

(xvi) There are no whistle blower complaints received by the company during the year.

(xvii) Previous year figures have been regrouped/reclassified wherever necessary.

[xviii] There has been no transactions not recorded in books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in tax assessments under the income Tax Act, 1961.

(xix) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency.

9.

 9 $A_{
m COO}$ 40

Capital India Corp LLP has been converted from LLP to private limited company i.e. Capital India Corp Private Limited ("Company") and upon such conversion, the Company falls within the definition of core investment company as defined in the Master Directions issued in this regard by the Reserve Bank of India ("RBI"). The Company has filed the requisite application with RBI for registration as Core investment Company within the permissible timelines and the application is under consideration with RBI. Since the registration is not granted therefore necessary disclosure and the financial statements have not been drawn as required by Reserve Bank of India guidelines.

As per our report of even date attached

For AVK & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 02638N

(Ashwani Kr. Relan) Partner

M. No. 08B309 Place : New Delhi Date: 24-08-2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Capital Initia Corp Private Limited

BE KUMAR MARVAR Chairman and Managing Director

DIN: 02045194 Place : New Delhi

Date: 24-08-2023

DEEPAK VASWAN Director

COIP PA

\$

ô

India.

(j)

DIN: 07814811

Place: New Delhi Date: 24-08-2023